The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIX.—NO. 234. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1900—TWELVE PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

URGES CHANGE IN MEMORIAL DAY.

Commander-in-Chief Shaw Arrives and Outlines His Policy for the G. A. R. Encampment.

LIKES LINE OF MARCH.

Will Recommend Indorsement of Pension Court of Appeals Bill in His Annual Report.

WOULD BAR NEW SOLDIERS.

Says Organization's Rule Will Hardly Be Changed to Admit Veterans of Spanish and Philippine Wars.

MERCHANTS TO DECORATE STORES

General Albert D. Shaw, Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, arrived in the city yesterday afternoon and occupied his quarters at the Palmer House. The Commander came to Chicago quietly, without notifying the local officials in charge of the encampment of his coming, and they were unaware of his presence in the city until notified of the fact by the representatives of the press.

With the coming of the Commander the agitation for the change of Memorial day is revived. He said it was his intention to recommend in his annual report that the day of this annual observance be changed to Sunday in order that it may become a day of decoration, not desecration.

"I thought the local managers would be busy with their work in preparing for the encampment, and concluded not to interrupt them by announcing my coming," was Commander Shaw's explanation.

The Commander comes prepared to take up the preliminary work of the encampment immediately, and will be much occupied with the details which precede the national gathering for the next few days. He will leave the latter part of the week for the East to meet the special train bearing the national headquarters staff, which will arrive in Chicago next Monday.

General Shaw expressed the utmost satisfaction with the preparations which have been made for the encampment, and stated that he thought the outlook was favorable for the greatest gathering of old soldiers in the history of the G. A. R. He was enthusiastic in his estimate of the probable attendance at the encampment, and said that he would not be surprised if there were 1,000,000 strangers in Chicago next week.

Will Recommend Pension Bill.

Concerning the questions which would come up for the consideration of the encampment, he stated that probably the most important would be the problem of better pension legislation.

"I shall recommend in my annual report," said the Commander, "that the bill for the establishment of the Pension Court of Appeals, which was introduced during the final week of the last session of Congress, be indorsed by the encampment. The Committee on Pensions, which will have this subject under consideration, will meet next Monday morning at 10 o'clock, but of course I am ignorant as to what action the committee will take.

"The bill in question provides for a court of five Judges, to be appointed for life, which court shall pass upon all pension cases and have final jurisdiction thereof. In my opinion such a court would do away with all the evils which have been a source of annoyance to the old soldiers for so long. The trouble has been that there was no permanent rule for the interpretation of the pension laws, and as Commissioners changed the interpretation of the laws changed. In opposition to Commissioner Evans there has been altogether too much politics. What we want is to take the pension question entirely out of politics and to secure to the old soldiers plain and simple justice, and it seems to me that the Pension Court of Appeals would accomplish that object."

Would Change Memorial Day.

Commander Shaw said he would recommend the date for the holding of Memorial day be changed from the 30th of May to the last Sunday in May.

"The object of this change," he explained, "would be to preserve the day from degenerating into a merely secular holiday. In ten years' time, if it is not made, Memorial day will become merely a day for jollification and a good time. This is not my conception of its purpose. The sentiment which the day is meant to keep alive cannot be preserved by a visit to the cemetery in the morning with a bunch of flowers for the soldier's grave, and a visit to the ball game or a horse race in the afternoon."

The question of admission of others besides the veterans of the civil war to membership in the Grand Army of the Republic will come before the present encampment, the Commander said. The veterans of the Spanish-American war and the Sons of Veterans have both agitated the question of their admission to the G. A. R., and Colonel Armstrong of Indianapolis will make a special report on the subject to the present encampment.

Sentiment Is Against Change.

"My impression is that the great weight of sentiment and feeling among the members of the Grand Army is against any change in the membership requirements," said General Shaw. "The members of the organization feel that it is better to let the Grand Army remain as it is and close the ranks when the veterans of the civil war pass away. The younger men have done their duty, they are patriotic, and in the recent war with Spain they made for themselves a glorious record. But their traditions are not the same as those of the soldiers of the civil war, and the two elements would not mix."

When asked how many of the veterans he thought would be in line in the grand parade General Shaw said there might be as many as 40,000. This is about the number which took part in the parade last year at the encampment at Philadelphia.

General Shaw is especially well satisfied with the line of march selected. It is only

(Continued on third page.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

CHINA.

Graphic account of entrance of allied forces into Pekin on Aug. 14; Minister Conger cabled whereabouts of imperial family unknown; desperate efforts to exterminate legationers night before entrance of allied army into Pekin; his dispatch placed blame of hostilities on Chinese government; Admiral Bruce sent dispatch saying allies entered sacred city Aug. 17.

Telegraph from Tien Tsin cut; position of allies uncertain; large body Chinese troops took the field; Shanghai cable reported Dowager Empress fled with 50,000,000 taels and now surrounded by Japanese cavalry; Chinese mob devastating region around Amoy.

Cable sent to General Chaffee for definite report of operations, conditions, and requirements; reply will determine United States' policy in China; United States rejected Li Hung Chang's latest appeal for cessation of hostilities.

Report of death of Captain Reilly, Fifth Artillery, U. S. A., before Pekin discredited by War department.

Letter of Chinese General captured which showed plan to murder all foreigners.

Washington ignorant of need of reinforcements at Pekin.

Illinois State Council Catholic Knights met at Sterling, Ill.

Major Marchand, hero of Fashoda, ordered to China.

FOREIGN.

Pardon may yet be procured for Mrs. Maybrick; her counsel and friends indefatigable.

Lady Randolph Churchill and bridegroom returned from automobile honeymoon tour.

Exhibitors in Paris, angry over inferior rewards, raised a row and fought guards.

Friendly relations between Spain and the United States restored by signed treaty.

Bank clerk arrested in London identified with big $300,000 Parr bank robbery.

Labouchere's letter of sympathy for the Boers captured at Pretoria.

Count Waldersee will breakfast with King of Italy this morning.

Negro who killed wife at her request hanged in London.

Duke of York to visit Canada.

POLITICS.

Louis C. Bomerich will be nominated for Governor by Democratic State convention at Milwaukee today.

Mark Hanna opened Republican campaign in New Jersey at Asbury Park Auditorium.

Missouri Democratic campaign opened at Sedalia by Vice Presidential nominee.

Bryan delivered speech at Wahoo, Neb.; tried hard to convert Republicans.

Itinerary for Judge Yates announced by Republican State committee.

West lost for Bryan since 1896, said Senator Shoup.

Kalamazoo merchant will wager $50,000 on McKinley.

LOCAL.

English papers say "Zion lace works" at Beeston, England, are not owned by "Deacon" Stevenson. He is merely a tenant.

Mrs. Lillian Eby died as the result of fright when she beheld a doll with closed eyes substituted as a joke for her baby.

Robert Niessen, 13 years old, idol of Lee street, robber from infancy, arrested at Moline, Ill., for burglary.

Referendum vote of largest carpenters' union pronounced against withdrawal from Building Trades council.

Drainage canal shown by Sanitary Trustees to government officials; Senator Cullom favors sea channel.

W. J. Bryan said to have changed plans and accepted invitations to speak here at Labor day picnic.

Removal of Sergeants O'Neill, Brundage, and Carey recommended by Police Trial board.

Edward Gault, largest man in City Hall, to be presented with gorgeous shirt waist today.

Federal census figures made Thirty-fourth Ward second in population of city divisions.

Appointment of receiver for Lexington Hotel asked by first mortgage bondholders.

Lighthouse to be built at South Chicago for use of the Weather bureau.

Appropriations of the city departments cut $3,000,000 by Controller.

Frederick Smith held up in front of Potter Palmer's residence.

E. P. Herrick inquest will be held today.

DOMESTIC.

Hobo convention at Britt, Ia., may name Dewey for President; odd proceedings of tramps, gathered from all parts of the union.

Chautauqua Assembly building at Clarinda, Ia., almost wrecked by storm; women in audience injured.

Farmers' congress opened at Colorado Springs; largest since its organization.

Census bureau announced population of Minneapolis as 202,718; St. Paul 163,632.

Cuban teachers shown the sights of Gotham by New York Board of Education.

Three passengers killed and more missing in freight wreck at Kensico, N. Y.

Fireman killed and five injured by incendiary fire at Peoria, Ill.

Big Eastern newspapers started fight against paper trust.

Colorado and Wyoming forests damaged $10,000,000 by fire.

Body of Miss Fisher discovered near Benton Harbor.

Dying crops of many States saved by rains.

Negro women met in convention at Detroit.

GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

Commander Shaw of the G. A. R. arrived; he will recommend indorsement of pension court of appeals bill in his annual report, also that the date of Memorial day be changed.

G. A. R. women will have committees at trains to meet women visitors to the encampment.

Prominent merchants will make special efforts to decorate tastefully their stores.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Architects and contractors predicted building industry will have unprecedented revival this fall.

Northwestern and America National bank holders settled bank union.

Big export sales of wheat accelerated local buying.

Railroads may pool on government business.

SPORTING.

American league scores: Chicago, 3; Minneapolis, 1. Indianapolis, 4; Cleveland, 2. Buffalo, 3; Detroit, 2. Milwaukee, 11; Kansas City, 4. National league scores: Philadelphia, 5; New York, 4. St. Louis, 8; Cincinnati, 7.

Readville harness races marked by unusually heavy betting. Dare Devil and Connor won.

M. D. Whitman successfully defended the national tennis championship against W. A. Larned.

A Canadian offered Fitzsimmons $100,000 to "throw" his fight with Sharkey.

Miss Stover of Chicago won at the Niagara tennis tournament.

Henrietta and Attila won Lake Geneva yacht races.

DIES OF FRIGHT FOR HER BABY.

Mrs. Lillian Eby, Shocked by the Substitution of a Doll, Swoons and Does Not Survive.

JOKE OF SISTER-IN-LAW.

Result of Prank Is That the Mother Thinks Her Child Is Dead and the Harm Is Done.

WEATHER BLAMED BY ERROR

Mrs. Lillian Eby, 802 Sixty-ninth street, was named in the lists the other day of those who had died as victims of the heat. That was an error. It was not the heat that killed her; it was a joke, innocent in intent, but shifting sharply to a tragedy in its results.

A large doll, recumbent, with its mechanical eyes closed, and its waxen cheeks the counterfeit of death, was handed to Mrs. Eby in place of her own baby. When she caught sight of its closed eyes she fell in a swoon, and the next day she died as a direct result of the fright.

In this way three families have been thrown into mourning as the outcome of what had been intended for a little fun at the young wife's expense.

Mrs. Eby was but 22 years old, and it was her first child. She and her husband, John A. Eby, have been living for three years in Englewood, near the residence of Mr. Eby's mother, which is 7149 Union avenue. Three months ago a daughter was born to them, and they were preparing to visit Mrs. Eby's old home in Nappanee, Ind., when the incident occurred that proved fatal to the mother. She had been making many plans for taking the child to see its grandparents.

Takes the Baby on a Visit.

Mr. Eby's sister, Mrs. Ralph Perry, lives at Thirty-ninth street and Indiana avenue, and Mrs. Eby took the baby there one afternoon early last week for a visit. She was accompanied by her mother-in-law and her sister, Mrs. Martin Eby. Mrs. Perry lives on the second floor, and her mother-in-law on the floor below.

The women were together, hovering over the baby in the parlor. Suddenly, in a spirit of fun, and being anxious to show the baby to her relative below, Mrs. Perry took up the child from the lap of its mother and went down-stairs. There she found a little girl playing with a large doll, but when the child saw the real baby she lost interest and put the plaything aside.

"I guess we'll trade your dolly for a real little baby," said the child's mother, a caller.

Substitute the Doll.

Then it was suggested, "just to see what Mrs. Eby would say," that they take the doll back to her in place of the baby. A handkerchief was thrown over its face and Mrs. Perry carried it back up-stairs. Mrs. Eby had grown impatient at being separated from her baby so long and ran across the room to take it in her arms. The first view she caught as she drew back the cloth was of the doll's closed eyes. She sank to the floor with a moan.

"My, how you frightened me!" she said, realizing that it was a joke. But she was seized with convulsions which lasted half an hour. She said afterwards, when she recovered consciousness, that the impression that her baby was dead came and went like a flash of lightning. In an instant almost she knew it was a doll and not her baby. Yet the terror had taken effect and the harm was wrought. The shock had gone deeper than was thought at first even by Dr. Thomas J. Jackson, whom the family called in.

Taken to Her Home.

Dr. Jackson assured the family that after a night's rest Mrs. Eby would probably be all right. He advised taking her home and an ambulance was called. During the night Mrs. Eby had frequent convulsions and her husband and mother sat up with her constantly. They called in another physician, Dr. Norton, but he was not alarmed about the case. He had promised to call the next day at noon and the family was anxiously waiting for him when Mrs. Eby was seized with a more violent convulsion and died. In the various attacks she had complained that she was being pursued through the various places with which she was familiar by a doll with closed eyes.

Mrs. Perry Distracted.

Mrs. Perry was distracted when she found the result of the joke had been so serious. Her sister-in-law, she thought, had always been strong and well and it did not occur to her that the pleasantry of handing her a large doll in place of her baby would have more serious result than to cause her to laugh a little with the rest of the family. Mrs. Perry was not blamed by the husband of the dead woman, but she has continued to upbraid herself until at one time it was feared she might lose her reason.

The case has attracted attention from the physicians, who say it is an extremely singular one. Dr. Norton pronounced death due to neuralgia of the heart. Mrs. Eby had had fainting spells at times before this and it is believed there was some trouble with her heart.

Mrs. Eby was born in Nappanee, where her parents still live. Her maiden name was Eby and she was a second cousin to her husband. Her sister married her husband's brother, Martin Eby, and they live at 7149 Union avenue.

DR. HARRY RAE TRIES SUICIDE.

Hammond Man Swallows Morphine in Cottage Grove Avenue Police Station.

Harry E. Rea, a dentist, whose office is said to be at 7 State street, Hammond, Ind., went into the Cottage Grove Avenue Station at 10:30 o'clock last night and asked for a drink of water. He was given a glass of water and into it he poured two grains of morphine.

Before the police could check him he swallowed it. He was put into the ambulance and taken at once to Mercy Hospital, where the physicians were working at an early hour this morning in an effort to save his life. It is thought he will recover.

Rea told the police that domestic trouble was responsible for the attempt upon his life. At Mercy Hospital he gave his address as 2441 Wabash avenue and said his sister, Mrs. P. J. Arnold, lived at 1212 Michigan avenue, and that his mother lived in Milwaukee.

TRAMPS TO NAME DEWEY.

HOBO CONVENTION MAY PUT UP A PRESIDENTIAL TICKET.

"Hungry Ike" Jones and "Box Car" Hall Prominently Mentioned as His Running Mate—Citizens of Britt, Ia., Weary of Their Guests Before the Majority of Them Arrive—Pitiful Attempts of the Delegates to Get Spirituous Liquors.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Britt, Ia., Aug. 21.—Unless Admiral George Dewey hastens to take out an injunction he is liable to be nominated for the Presidency of the United States by the national convention of the Tourists' union to be held here tomorrow. The Admiral's running mate has not yet been decided, but "Hungry Ike" Jones, from somewhere west of the Mississippi, and "Box Car" Hall, from nowhere in particular, are prominently mentioned.

A Nominating committee of miscellaneous tourists from all parts of the United States has been in session under the water tank down by the railroad all the afternoon earnestly discussing the matter. At present the Nominating committee is making a house-to-house canvass at back doors soliciting food and will take the matter up at a meeting behind Tom Way's woodshed tonight.

Have Cans with 'Em.

The Town of Britt has been in a ferment all day over the convention which is to convene tomorrow morning. From Fillenwarth's barn out to the racetrack the excitement is intense, and the chickens are roosting high. Tramps, real tramps, tramps with tin cans tied to their waists and wearing weird whiskers, have been arriving all day. The citizens of Britt have all along regarded the affair as a huge joke and have taken great delight in sending out picturesque descriptions of a tramps' convention at which no real tramps were expected.

In the first place the tramps were not expected to be able to find the town of Britt, Ia., and in the second place the harvest time is almost here, and tramps dislike the gladsome harvest time as rigorously as a certain individual is said to abhor holy water.

Free "German Suds" Enticing.

But the descriptions of the good times the tramps were going to have in Britt obtained circulation among the genuine tramps. The prospect of mussled dogs, free "slumgullion" and "German suds" acted like a magnet, and this morning the tramps began dropping into Britt.

They came in awful, portentous gravity, too, and take the situation most seriously. They insist that it is their proper duty to nominate a Presidential ticket and to insist on their rights, although they are not exactly clear on just what rights they have, except a right of way.

"Say, I'm fer Dooey," said the first man to roll in town this morning. "Dooey got panhandled out at K. C. We're wuth 'm to a finish. Do I get any 'suds' er any 'do'okie'? W'at er we 'ere fer? Fer the free grub. That's wat."

Sad Attempts to Get Liquor.

The tramps spread all over town and especially congregated in the drug store and told piteous tales of their sufferings from drought. Frantic appeals came from the citizens to Tom Potter, who originated the convention, to please take his friends away. Britt is a prohibition town and the efforts of the tourists to get alcoholic stimulants were heartrending. Patriotic citizens of Britt who thought that inasmuch as the town had invited the tramps here they were bound to be good to them accordingly gave them money, and the tramps made mad races for the drug store to spend their sustenance in riotous living. The druggists refused to sell whisky without a prescription and so the tramps invaded the doctors' offices and had fits and convulsions in order. But the druggists and doctors were deaf to their appeals for stimulants.

Citizens called Mr. Potter on the telephone and yelled at him from windows across the street. "Take away your bums," was the frantic appeal of Britt, and finally Mr. Potter sallied forth with a baseball bat and drove his guests out to the fair grounds, where tonight they were served with soup and slumgullion.

Some of the Coming Notables.

While the tramps were moving around town the despairing citizens were ready to declare there were 200 of them in town, but after the round-up at the fair grounds only twenty-seven noses could be counted, but low wreaths of smoke from neighboring corn fields told of quiet little family parties that were remaining aloof from the association with the common mob in the fair grounds.

Chief Pipe Noe of Sycamore, Ill., will be here tomorrow with the delegation from Illinois. Ysabella Fredonia, a woman tramp from Kansas, is said to be on the way, and Old Sport Campana of Chicago will also be among those present.

The town people have fixed up a hundred different sorts of entertainments for tomorrow, and a crowd of 3,000 people is expected.

The tramps seem to manifest no interest in anything except in the feeding arrangement, although they discuss politics with great gravity, and are all for Dewey for President, because, as Editor Bailey scornfully says: "Tom Potter put them up to it. They'd be for Mary Ellen Lease if he said so. He furnishes 'em with slumgullion and he scares 'em with a ball bat."

Under the leadership of Head Pipe Charles F. Noe and Chief Route Picker Billy Smith, over three score of "hobos" marched in West Madison street yesterday afternoon to the Union Station and boarded a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train en route to Britt, Ia., where they are going to attend the fourth annual convention of tramps today.

In this trip a precedent is established. The "Weary Willies" paid their fares. They did this because they did not wish to miss any of the good things to be dispensed at the gathering.

Among the trades that will be represented at the convention are shoemakers, railroaders, cigarmakers, designers, molders, printers, and tailors. Society tramps and actors also will be in evidence. The tramps who left yesterday are members of Tourist Union 63, the President of which is Onion Coton of Danville. Similar organizations to the number of 153 will be represented there.

Among the tramp celebrities who accompanied the Head Pipe yesterday were: Auto Stick, Captain Walker, Ragged Archie Winnipeg (on his way West), Box Car Bill Smith, Marshal Chased Miller, Handout Bush, and Hayseed Haskins. Their shibboleth is: "Away with work." All the men have been "hiking" it and covering miles of territory for years.

The gathering was called to order and given instructions as to how to act in Britt in Johnson Bros.' saloon, 165 Fifth avenue. George Hungry Richards of New York addressed the men who never work. He said there had been much anti-tourist legislation recently, and that these unjust laws must be wiped out or "Freedom will shriek."

"TAKE THIS AND YOU'LL GROW STILL LARGER."

IS HELD UP IN THE DRIVE.

F. SMITH ROBBED BEFORE POTTER PALMER'S HOUSE.

Thieves Choke Their Victim and Take from Him $30 and a Watch—Guests of the Holland Hotel and Hyde Park Police Capture a Burglar After Chasing Him for Several Blocks—Flat of C. B. Walker Broken Into and Ransacked.

Frederick Smith of 161 Chestnut street was held up and robbed by three men in front of Potter Palmer's residence, 100 Lake Shore drive, at 10:20 o'clock last night.

Smith was sauntering along the broad pavement enjoying the invigorating lake breeze when suddenly three men, who were walking behind him, closed in on him. One of the number threw his arm around Smith's neck, a second leveled a revolver at his face, and the third went through his pockets, taking $30 and a gold watch and chain.

After the robbers had completed their work they released Smith and ran. Smith was too badly frightened to note the direction.

The affair occupied but a few seconds and was witnessed by no one, although the street at the point where the robbery occurred is well lighted and carriages were passing.

Smith reported the robbery at the East Chicago Avenue Police Station. He could give no description of his assailants, except to say that they were white men.

Burglar Chase in Hyde Park.

Hyde Park residents and guests of the Hotel Holland, at Lake avenue and Fifty-third street, participated in a long burglar chase during the evening. In spite of a comedy of errors at every turn, in which the frightened but determined residents mistook each other for the thief, the real culprit was finally captured with the aid of the police. He gave his name as C. H. Bingham, and said that he had lived in lodging-houses in the First Ward for a year.

Charles Clark, who boards at 5410 Washington avenue, discovered Bingham's operations in the neighborhood. Shortly before 9 o'clock Mr. Clark was startled from sleep by a noise from the direction of the rear stairway of the building in which he resides. He opened a side window, and on looking out saw a man stooping before the keyhole and preparing to fit a skeleton key. Beside him on the veranda were a pair of heavy shoes.

Without stopping for his shoes Bingham ran, but before he had gone many steps Mr. Clark overtook him and threw him to the pavement. A struggle then followed on the brink of the area way leading to the basement, each attempting to hurl the other over.

Mr. Clark called for assistance, and receiving none was compelled to let his captive escape. Bingham ran north in Washington avenue and east in Fifty-third street to the alley in the rear of the Hotel Holland, and sought concealment in the basement storerooms, from where he was routed by the engineer of the hotel. Harold Chaffee, Fred Wilson, and James Bell, guests of the hotel, joined in the chase, and were reinforced in a few minutes by a detail of patrolmen from the Hyde Park Station. Near Fiftieth street and Washington avenue Bingham was discovered, almost fainting from exhaustion.

C. B. Walker's Flat Robbed.

Burglars entered the apartments of C. B. Walker in the Waukesha Building, Grace avenue and Sixty-fourth street, on Sunday night, and carried away a large amount of furs and valuable hangings. Mr. Walker is in Cincinnati and his wife is in Florida.

Two burglars gave Policeman B. Cronin of the Cottage Grove Avenue Police Station an exciting chase early in the morning. Four shots were fired by Cronin. The trail shows one of the men was struck. They escaped after dropping their booty, goods taken from L. S. Shluglat's tailor shop at 400 East Thirty-ninth street.

UNHURT BY FIFTY-FOOT FALL.

Break of Scaffold Support Drops Martin Crook to the Ground, but Fails to Hurt Him.

While working on a scaffold at 9710 Avenue L, South Chicago, yesterday, Martin Crook, 6043 Elizabeth avenue, a painter, was precipitated fifty feet to the ground by the breaking of one of the rope supports, but was apparently uninjured except for a slight abrasion over his eye.

Martin with his brother Peter was at work when a rope gave way and the scaffold tipped. Peter clung to the scaffold, while Martin fell. When he struck the ground he lay still for a few moments, and spectators feared he was dead. He revived, however, declared himself unhurt, and boarded a street car for home.

MANY PEOPLE SEE A LITTLE GIRL'S LIFE CRUSHED OUT BY CAR.

Blanche Corbiel, 4 Years Old, Mangled —Mother Becomes Hysterical—Car Flipper Is Killed—Flagman Ryan Loses His Life.

While crossing the Chicago General railway company's tracks at West Twenty-second street and Evers avenue yesterday morning, Blanche Corbeil, 4 years old, was run over and instantly killed by a westbound car. The accident was witnessed by many people. Several women fainted, and the child's mother, who soon appeared on the scene, became hysterical. The motorman and conductor succeeded in getting the girl's body from beneath the car. A physician was summoned, but he said the child had died almost instantly.

According to witnesses of the accident, the motorman is not to blame. They say that as the car approached the crossing the motorman rang his bell several times, and the child ran in front of the car while it was running rapidly. The girl lived with her parents at 1046 Springfield avenue.

Another "Flipper" Dead.

The sport of car "flipping" claimed another victim yesterday afternoon, when Louis Haten, 18 years old, of 40 Webster avenue, was crushed under a Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train. The boy was stealing a ride on a freight train, and near Clybourn place he fell under the wheels and was instantly killed.

Flagman Is Killed.

James Ryan, 1234 West Thirteenth street, 28 years old, flagman on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad at the crossing at Lincoln street, was run over by a west-bound passenger train yesterday and instantly killed.

BULLETIN OF **The Daily Tribune.**

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 22, 1900.

Weather predictions for the next 24 hours:

Partly cloudy and continued cool, with northeast winds Wednesday, possibly showers Thursday.

Sun rises at 5:25; sets at 6:51.

Moon rises at 2:49 a. m.

IMPORTANT NEWS AND FEATURES

Pages.

1 **Commander Shaw in Chicago.**
Dies of Fright Over Her Child.
Tramps to Nominate Dewey.
Lake Shore Drive Holdup.
Allies Hold Sacred City.

2 **Thinks Captain Reilly Is Safe.**
Conger Holds China to Blame.
Fighting at Paris Fair.

3 **Committee Inspects Drainage Canal.**
"Ho-Buck" Is Under Arrest.
Recommend Dismissal of Sergeants.
Herrick Inquest Begins Today.
Pleads for Merchant Marine.
Carpenters Against Withdrawal.

4 **Cuban Teachers Visit New York.**
Bryan to Lose States in West.

5 **Senator Hanna Sounds a Warning.**
Bryan to Attend Labor Day Picnic.
Yates Talks on Republicanism.

7 **Second Place for Thirty-fourth Ward**

8 **Big Betting at Readville.**
Sharp Trick by Comiskey.
Henrietta Wins at Lake Geneva.
Riverside Golfers Win.

12 **Building Industry to Revive.**
Big Cut in City Appropriations.
Rains Help the Dying Crops.

Pages.
6 Editorial.
7 Fonteney.
7 Society.
9 Commercial.

Pages.
9 Courts.
12 Railroads.
12 Insurance.
12 Lake Marine.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
ANTWERP	Kensington	
BOULOGNE		Cap Frio.
CHERBOURG		Aller.
HONGKONG	Emp. of India	
LIVERPOOL	Numidian	
LIZARD	St. Paul	
NEW YORK	Minnehaha	
NEW YORK	Spaarndam	Servia.
NEW YORK	Sardinian	K. M. Theresa.
NEW YORK		Cymric.
PLYMOUTH	Graf Waldersee.	
QUEENST'WN	Ultonia	
SOUTHAMP'N		Aller.
SYDNEY	Miowera	
S. FRANCISCO		Sherman.
S. FRANCISCO		Gaelic.
YOKOHAMA		Monmouthshire.

ALLIES HOLD IMPERIAL CITY AFTER BATTLE.

American Troops the First to Plant Their Flag on the Wall of the Tartar City.

RESCUED JUST IN TIME

Chinese Making Furious Attack on Legations When Soldiers Arrive After Night Assault.

EMPRESS CANNOT BE FOUND.

Search of the Imperial Palaces Fails to Reveal Presence of Any Members of the Royal Family.

STILL FIGHTING IN THE STREETS.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, Aug. 22, 3 a. m.—The flags of the allied powers now float over the imperial palace in Pekin, after a hard fight lasting some thirty-six hours. The foreign troops, aided by 4,000 armed native Christians, carried the sacred city last Friday. As in the case of the taking of the Tartar city, the walls had to be breached with dynamite.

The first details of the capture of the Tartar city and the rescue of the legations, received here during the night, show that the American troops were the first to raise their flag on the walls. The first man up was Musician Titus of Company E, Fourteenth United States Infantry. He scaled the walls by means of a rope, and the others followed.

Allies Almost Too Late.

The detailed story of the capture of the Tartar City and the rescue of the legations bears date at Pekin, Aug. 14, via Chefoo, Aug. 21, and is as follows:

"The American and Russian flags were planted on the east wall of Pekin at 11 o'clock this morning. The Indian troops entered the British Legation at 1 and the Americans at 3. There was a joyful reception from the wall.

"The emaciated tenants could have lasted but little longer. They had only three days' rations. The Chinese had been attacking furiously for two days. Four thousand shells fell in the legation during the siege. Sixty-five were killed and 160 wounded.

"The Japanese began the battle before daylight, and they are still fighting about the north wall, where a part of the Chinese are defending the imperial city. The Japanese casualties have not yet been ascertained. The Russians had five killed and twelve wounded. The Americans and British had a few wounded.

Troops Nearly Exhausted.

"The plan was to make a general attack tomorrow, and the troops were arriving at camp, five miles east, all night. They were completely exhausted and slept in the corn fields in the rain.

"The Generals, however, alarmed at the sounds of a heavy attack on the legations, pushed forward independently, the British, Americans, and French on the left of the river and the Russians and Japanese on the right.

"Beginning at 2 o'clock this morning, the Japanese diverted the brunt of the resistance to the northern city, their artillery engaging the Chinese heavily there.

Enter Through the Canal.

"The Americans and British met with but little resistance until they entered the city, where there was street fighting. Reilly's battery attempted to reach the inner wall. The troops finally entered the foreign settlement through the canal.

"The Chinese had continually violated the armistice.

"The food supplies sent to the legations by the Empress Dowager were sufficient for one day."

Street Fighting Continues.

Street fighting in Pekin continues, and though General Tung-Fuh-Siang is reported to have left Pekin with 15,000 men and returned to the Province of Kansu, there seems to be large numbers of Boxers and imperial soldiers left in the capital, making further reinforcements absolutely necessary before the city can be pacified.

Search for the Empress.

As soon as the sacred city was in possession of the allied troops search was begun for the Dowager Empress, the Emperor, and Prince Tuan, but no trace of the trio could be found. This convinces the foreigners that the much-wanted rulers had departed for Shansi Province some days before the capture of the Tartar city, but they are still without definite information as to their present whereabouts, though a rumor is current at Shanghai that the Empress and her court are hemmed by the Japanese cavalry—just where is not stated. The Empress is also alleged to have carried away with her the imperial treasure, amounting to 50,000,000 taels.

Casualties During the Siege.

Apparently authentic reports give the total casualties to the legations during the siege as 67 killed and 130 wounded. Yuan-Shi-Kai the notorious Governor of the Province of Shantung, who was responsible for the reports of the massacre at the legations, is dead. There is a strong suspicion that he committed suicide when he learned that the allies had captured the capital.

Chinese Menace Tien Tsin.

A new cable between Taku and Chefoo is announced to be open, but fears are entertained lest the communications of the allied forces in Pekin with Tien Tsin be broken, as the Chinese forces are reported in the neighborhood of Peitsang and the field telegraph wires, it is stated, are already cut.

Approves American Reply.

Discussing Li Hung Chang's appeal to the United States to empower Minister Conger to negotiate for peace between China and the powers, the Times in its leading editorial this morning says:

"If the Empress has fled, what authority can Li Hung Chang pretend to possess for

his proposal to negotiate with the powers. Even if she has not fled, is she a person with whom direct or indirect negotiations can be entered into?

"The reply of the government of the United States to the offers of Li Hung Chang to negotiate undoubtedly represents the position which all the other powers concerned have agreed to take up. As the proposals of Li Hung Chang amount to little less than an insult to common sense his impudent assumption that the conditions demanded by the American government have been fulfilled justifies the State department at Washington in putting an end peremptorily to the project for negotiation, which rests upon no solid basis, and is, in all probability, intended only for the purposes of evasion and delay."

Russia Lacks Official News.

A special to the Times from St. Petersburg says:

"Although the Russian newspapers have taken it for granted, on the evidence of telegrams from abroad, that the Ministers and other foreigners in Pekin were found alive and safe on the entry of the international troops, no direct official confirmation of the fact has as yet been received at St. Petersburg, and the relatives of the Russians in the Pekin legation are again anxious.

"Yesterday at Luga, where the grand maneuvers have now begun, the Czar and other members of the imperial family attended a thanksgiving service for the taking of Pekin.

"The Russian cruiser Admiral Korniloff and the gunboat Grimiastchy have been sent to Shanghai to help prevent any hostile action on the part of the Chinese squadron at that port and also on account of the concentration of a considerable Chinese land force near the coast."

Black Flags Cause Uneasiness.

A Times' special from Hongkong says: "The progress Lan-Yi, the Black Flag leader, who is marching ostensibly to Pekin with 3,500 men, is marked with no little uneasiness. He is posting threatening placards along the route, and the destruction of property of the missions by soldiers and the populace is reported."

Envoys En Route to Tien Tsin.

LONDON, Aug. 22, 3:55 a. m.—The foreign envoys, according to the Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express, are proceeding to Tien Tsin. The same correspondent avers that the sacred city was entered on Aug. 18, two days earlier than Rear Admiral Bruce reported.

American action in refusing to deal with Li Hung Chang in the peace proposal meets with unanimous approval at the hands of the morning papers. The Standard says:

"We imagine that other powers will take the same course, at any rate until Earl Li produces satisfactory evidence of his authority to negotiate."

The Daily Chronicle says:

"Mr. Conger has at last opened the eyes of the State department to the real character of Orientals."

Seymour Praises Americans.

The Daily Express prints this morning a long letter, said to have been written by Vice Admiral Seymour, in which he stoutly defends his action in advancing to the relief of the legationers when he did, saying:

"Two or three times our prospects were dark and disaster seemed probable. Yet I never regretted that I had started, as I could not have respected myself if I had not done so."

Referring to the difficulties of controlling mixed troops and to their characteristics, he says:

"The Germans we admired most, but for dash and go none surpassed or perhaps equaled the Americans. The French had no particular rapprochement with any other nationality. The Germans and Russians were inclined to hold together, but the Americans were with us always."

SAYS PEKIN MUST BE CAPITAL.

Eugene Wolf, German Explorer, Declares Foreign Troops Must Always Guard the Gates.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY D. H. MACGOWAN.]

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—Eugene Wolf, the well known explorer, and who is an expert in his knowledge of China, says that Pekin must remain the capital of the Chinese Empire, but that all buildings in the vicinity of the foreign legations should be cleared away to make way for parks. An electric railway, he says, should be constructed on the top of the city walls for transportation and as a defensive measure the city should be lighted by electricity, and all the gates commanded permanently by foreign troops.

The democratic Volks Zeitung reminds the Emperor of his recent offer of a thousand taels reward for every Caucasian rescued at Pekin.

It estimates the Emperor's obligation at 500,000 taels, which, divided equally among the soldiers who rescued the legations, would be about $75 apiece.

MARCHAND TO GO TO CHINA.

Hero of Fashoda Appointed to Command Part of Troops in Allied Army.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Major Marchand has been ordered to command a body of French troops in China. His appointment is regarded as a clever stroke by the government, the Nationalists having pretended that the ministry has been so afraid of making a hero of Marchand that it has never given him a chance to distinguish himself.

PROOF OF A CHINESE PLOT

Captured Letter from General Yang Lu Shows a Purpose to Murder All Foreigners in China.

HONGKONG, Aug. 21.—A prominent reformer has obtained from the Yamen runners a letter from General Yung-Lu, Commander-in-Chief of the northern army, to General Tung-Fu-Sian, commanding the Kan-Su troops, saying:

"The foreign devils, counting their superior strength in warships and guns, have dared to exert all their power to rob and insult us, but their populations are small and entirely dependent on the Chinese productions. China now possesses cannon and rifles and plenty of well-trained troops.

"I don't fear the foreigners. I and Prince Tuan recently obtained the help of millions of Boxers, possessing magic boldness. I swear to murder all the foreigners with the assistance of the Boxers, who are supplied with arms."

General Tung-Fu-Sian, in his reply, which was also obtained, says he is of the same opinion and places the Kan-Su troops at General Yung-Lu's disposal.

SAYS YUAN-SHI-KAI IS DEAD.

Shanghai Report Declares That the Chinese Governor of Shan Tung Province Has Passed Away.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 21.—Yuan-Shi-Kai, the Governor of Shan Tung, is dead.

Yuang-Shi-Kai was the official who, with Khang, the director of the Chinese telegraphs at Shanghai, disseminated so many reports of a general massacre of the foreigners in Pekin. The most sensational dispatch was the one declaring that Baron von Ketteler, the German Minister, had been sliced. On the other hand, he secured the transmission of Secretary Hay's cipher message to

CAPT. H. J. REILLY, REPORTED KILLED IN PEKIN.

He commanded the artillery of the United States force. His wife was Miss Frances Kimball of Chicago. Mrs. Reilly is at present at Norway, Me., and one of her two daughters is the guest of Mrs. Orson Smith at Highland Park.

Minister Conger, sent from Washington on July 11, together with the reply received on July 20, bringing the first official news that the foreigners were safe. It was reported a few days ago that Yuan-Shi-Kai had been beheaded by order of the Dowager Empress.

MAY YET CAPTURE EMPRESS.

Shanghai Dispatch to Paris Temps Says Fugitive Dowager Is Surrounded by Japanese Cavalry.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—The Temps publishes a dispatch from Shanghai, dated Aug. 21, saying it is reported there that the Dowager Empress fled from Pekin with treasure amounting to 50,000,000 taels, and that she is "surrounded by Japanese cavalry."

CHINESE MOBS AT AMOY.

Japanese Reports Indicate That Anarchy in the Empire Is Spreading.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—The Japanese Legation has received a dispatch from the Japanese Consul at Amoy, saying that Chinese mobs continue to work devastation in that neighborhood and have destroyed several chapels.

PARR BANK ROBBER ARRESTED.

Former Clerk Held in London, Accused of Stealing $300,000—End of Eighteen Months' Search.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, Aug. 22, 3 a. m.—After working on the $300,000 Parr Bank robbery for eighteen months the police yesterday arrested a former clerk named Gop, who has been identified as the negotiator of the stolen notes.

Memorial to Oliver Goldsmith.

A fund is being raised in London to erect a suitable memorial over the grave of Oliver Goldsmith, near Temple Church. At present the last resting place of the author of "The Vicar of Wakefield" is marked only by a mean, dilapidated stone, bearing the words, "Here lies Oliver Goldsmith." The grave is visited by hundreds of Americans every week.

Home from Their Honeymoon.

Cornwallis West and bride, formerly Lady Randolph Churchill, are expected to return to London tomorrow from their automobile honeymoon tour through France. They are on their way to Scotland.

It is stated that when the new royal yacht is sent for its run from Portsmouth to Halifax the Duke of York will probably take command and subsequently will be promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral.

Is the Success at Homburg.

The Daily Mail's Homburg correspondent in an article describing the joy over the Prince of Wales' return there and the prominent people there, says the real success of Homburg this year is Mrs. Livingstone, an American woman, who is both amusing and pretty.

DO NOT WANT THE BALLOT

Australian Women Start an Anti-Suffrage Movement—Labor Congress Favors Reform.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, Aug. 22, 8 a. m.—A Times special from Melbourne says:

"The women of Victoria have started a movement against woman suffrage on the lines of the American women's anti-suffrage movement. A petition opposing the woman suffrage bill is now before the legislative council, having been signed by 15,000 women in three weeks. The trades labor congress, which is sitting at Perth, has adopted a platform, which includes a proposal for the total exclusion of colored and other undesirable aliens from the commonwealth, several proposals making radical alterations in the federal constitution, and the submission of all federal fiscal questions to the referendum.

RUSSIA IS AFTER A BIG LOAN.

Specially Accredited Representative Is Said to Be Coming Here to Raise Three Hundred Million Rubles.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—It is reported in Odessa, according to a dispatch to the Daily Express, that in consequence of the strain upon Russia's financial resources, owing to the Chinese campaign, a specially accredited representative of the Russian Minister of Finance, M. de Witte, has concluded, or is about to conclude, "an arrangement with a syndicate of all the great insurance companies in the United States" for a loan of 300,000,000 rubles.

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—It is generally thought the reports from London of a prospective Russian loan to be placed in the United States are without much foundation. At present the New York Security and Trust company, the fiscal agent of the Russian government in this country, is distributing circulars offering $1,000,000 of 4 per cent railroad bonds guaranteed by the Russian government subscribed for by the New York Life Insurance company last winter. It is understood a few of the bonds are being sold at par and interest, but not in any such quantity as to encourage the offering of a new loan here.

THINKS REILLY IS SAFE.

DAUGHTER OF BRAVE OFFICER HEARS GOOD NEWS.

War Department Discredits Report That Captain of Fifth Artillery Was Slain While Fighting Before Pekin—Family Doubts Reliability of Information Received—Gen. Wheeler Shares the Opinion of Other Friends Names May Have Been Confused.

Hester Reilly, the 14-year-old daughter of Captain H. J. Reilly of the Fifth Artillery, U. S. A., is in Chicago, the guest of Orson Smith, President of the Merchants' Loan and Trust company, at his Highland Park residence. She received a telegram last night from her mother, in Norway, Me., saying that the War department had denied the truth of the rumor that Captain Reilly had been killed while storming the walls of Pekin. The daughter was advised further that the War department holds to its hopeful view because Captain Reilly's name had not been mentioned in the official dispatches. He being a prominent officer, they say, this would have been done at once had he met his death.

Mr. Smith is a relative of the Captain. His family, with Miss Reilly, were shocked by the report of the Captain's death, but were consoled somewhat by the advices which came indirectly from Washington. Captain Reilly's son, a cadet at West Point, and another daughter, who is studying in Germany, were notified of the circumstances.

Report Is Not Believed.

Both General Wheeler and the War department officials have promised to wire the family immediately upon hearing any developments. General Wheeler also does not believe the report true. He said:

"If Captain Reilly had fallen he would be missed, and it would be a first duty to report it to Washington. The death of an officer of such long service and with such a record should not be overlooked in the official dispatches."

Miss Reilly could not be seen last night, but Mr. Smith spoke for her. He said:

"Reilly is such a common name we think it possible there has been a mistake, and if such a man were killed it is likely it was a private. Of course, even the report comes as a blow, but we are to a degree relieved by the news contained in the telegram from Mrs. Reilly. Captain Reilly is an exceedingly brave officer."

The last news received by the family from Captain Reilly is thought to have been a letter which he wrote early in June before he left for the Philippines. It was personal in nature and told of his departure. Mr. Smith said last night his wife may have received word from him later than this, however.

Sketch of Captain Reilly.

Captain Reilly is a soldier, as was General Lawton. Always ready to face the worst dangers, and in the thickest fights, some of his friends believe he might have been brave once too often. Captain Reilly was born in Ireland fifty-four years ago. When still a young lad he left his fatherland with a brother of the same age to seek his fortune in America. He landed in New York and came West soon after. When still in his teens he enlisted in Chicago in the regular army. At the outbreak of the civil war he saw, as a private, service under the great Generals. Captain Reilly was successively Corporal and Sergeant, and later was promoted to Second Lieutenant in December, 1864. Four years later he was made First Lieutenant. He was always and up to the time he is said to have met death connected with the Fifth Artillery. Captain Reilly was graduated from the artillery school in 1876. He was promoted to the Captaincy in 1894.

Captain Reilly also won honors in the Spanish-American war. He was at Santiago and El Caney and always in the worst part of the battle. He showed such conspicuous bravery that he received commendation from General Lawton, General Chaffee, and Lieutenant General Miles. It is not unlikely that he died in Pekin in making an opening for the American and English troops by storming the walls as reported. "He was an enthusiastic soldier and loved the life," said Orson Smith.

Captain Reilly, when yet a young man, married Miss Frances Kimball, a granddaughter of Walter Kimball and a granddaughter of John B. Rice, one of the old-time Mayors of Chicago, who had served three or four terms in Congress. Four children have come of the marriage. They are: Henry J. Jr., eldest son, who is in West Point on the President's appointment, and who loves the calling of his father; Margaret, the eldest daughter, is studying in Germany; the younger son is with his mother at Norway, Me.; and the youngest is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Orson Smith.

MRS. MAYBRICK GIVEN HOPE.

American Woman Serving Sentence in a British Prison Quotes Lord Russell on Her Innocence.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—For the first time since her life sentence was imposed, eleven years ago, Mrs. Florence Maybrick had a private interview with her counsel, Dr. Clark Bell of New York, at Aylesbury prison today. Mrs. Maybrick is indignant at the attacks made by the Liverpool Post on the late Chief Justice of England, Lord Russell of Killowen, former counsel for the prisoner.

"The only person up to the present who ever saw me alone," she said, "was the Chief Justice."

"When the Assizes were here last February Lord Russell came to the prison and asked to see me, as was his official right, irrespective of the Home office or any one. When he was starting to go he said:

"'Mrs. Maybrick, I am doing all in my power for your release. Whatever happens, remember this—that if there is one man in England who believes in your innocence I am that man.'"

CONGER HOLDS CHINA TO BLAME.

United States Minister Officially Reports of Relief of Legations.

FULL TEXT KEPT SECRET.

Message Proves That a State of Anarchy Exists in Chinese Capital.

CHAFFEE ASKED TO REPORT.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The State department makes public the following extracts from a cablegram received last night from Minister Conger, forwarded by Consul Fowler from Chefoo:

"United States Legation, Pekin (undated), via Chefoo, Aug. 20.—Secretary of State, Washington: Saved. Relief arrived today. Entered city with little trouble. Do not yet know where imperial family is. Except deaths already reported, all Americans alive and well. Desperate efforts made last night to exterminate us. Mitchell, American soldier, and a Russian and Japanese wounded, German killed. Advise Woodward, Chicago; Conger, Des Moines; Sims, Council Bluffs; Conger, Pasadena; Porter, Paris.

"CONGER."

Minister Conger's dispatch was the subject of an extended conference between the President and his Cabinet today, and it was decided, for diplomatic reasons, to suppress a portion of it. But while the Cabinet declines to make the full text public, it is known that Mr. Conger does not hesitate to place the full responsibility for the attacks on the legations upon the imperial government. He also informed the President that there is practically no government in Pekin.

Other information contained in the dispatch is that Prince Ching ordered the Chinese officers under pain of death to cease firing upon the legations. These orders were disregarded. This is taken as evidence that a state of anarchy exists and the government is impotent.

Conger May Be Seriously Ill.

The anxiety of the administration to hear from General Chaffee is thought to indicate that Minister Conger may not be in physical and mental condition accurately to represent conditions in Pekin. The deepest sympathy is felt for him, and the opinion expressed that any man who passed through the ordeal of two months' beleaguerment, with his family and many guests dependent upon him, all living in hourly expectation of death, and rescued in a starving condition, could not be expected to be as clear and unprejudiced in his views as a man who had just arrived on the scene. The administration is moving cautiously and wisely, and therefore desires an unbiased opinion from Major General Chaffee.

Chaffee Asked to Report.

Accordingly an extremely brief dispatch was sent to General Chaffee today, information being requested which will determine the immediate policy of the United States in China. This message, though brief, covers the whole situation thoroughly, and is as follows:

"Report operations, conditions, requirements."

When General Chaffee complies with this request the government will know how the exact situation in Pekin. It will know how the troops entered the city, what their operations were after doing so, and what provoked the fighting and the attack on the forbidden city. It will also be informed as to the condition of the Chinese, whether there is a semblance of a government in China, whether the Emperor and the Empress Dowager with the courts have fled, whether Prince Tuan is still in Pekin, and whether there is a responsible head with which the United States and other powers can negotiate for a settlement of the whole difficulty.

It will know what is required in the way of troops, what means should be adopted for the protection of foreigners and for the restoration of order.

In brief, a reply to General Corbin's cablegram will give this government a firm foundation upon which to operate, and will govern to a large extent the policy of the United States and the other powers in the settlement of the Chinese imbroglio.

Deaf to Earl Li's Appeal.

It was decided at the Cabinet meeting today to deny Li Hung Chang's appeal for a commissioner to negotiate for a cessation of hostilities. A reply has been framed and will be handed to Minister Wu, who will transmit it to Earl Li. He will be informed that negotiations cannot be undertaken while the conditions in Pekin are in such an unsettled condition.

In fact, the administration does not know if there is a responsible government in China, with which responsible negotiations can be conducted, and until the true condition of affairs is learned the United States will take no steps on the line indicated by Li Hung Chang.

Positive Empress Has Fled.

The government has received positive confirmation from official Chinese sources of the reported departure of the Emperor and Empress Dowager from Pekin. They went westward, but the point at which they are now located was not given.

Good News from Woodward.

M. S. Woodward is the Woodward referred to in Minister Conger's message. He is in the city, having arrived yesterday on private business. He is at the Shoreham. Mr. Woodward's wife and daughter have been in Pekin with the American legation, since the Boxer uprising. They were on a tour in the East and were visiting the legation when the first trouble broke out and were unable to leave the imperial city.

American Troops in China.

The War department has no information concerning the report from London that additional troops for the allied armies are urgently needed. There are now in China the Ninth Infantry, eight companies of the Fourteenth Infantry, Battery F, Fifth Artillery, eight troops of the Sixth Cavalry, and four companies of the Fifteenth Infantry, the latter having recently arrived.

UNIVERSITY ROOF IN DANGER.

Rotting of Beams in General Library Building Almost Causes an Accident.

The rotting away of the wooden beams which support the roof of the general library building at the University of Chicago came near causing a serious accident a few days ago. But for the timely discovery of the unsafe condition a portion of the building might have collapsed. After a recent hard rain the janitor discovered a pool of water several inches in depth on the roof above the library. An investigation revealed the fact that the beams had rotttd away. Strong braces were put in place of the rotted beams. The general library occupied one corner of the low brick temporary structure at the northeast corner of the campus.

FIGHTING AT PARIS FAIR.

ANGRY BRONZE MEDAL HOLDERS RESIST EXPOSITION GUARDS.

Men Disappointed Over Failure of the Jury on Awards to Give Them Gold Medals Placard Their Protests on Their Show Cases—Offensive Posters Torn Down by Police After Hand-to-Hand Encounters—Elections in Departments of France.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, Aug. 21.—There were several stormy scenes on the exposition grounds today. Many of the winners of the bronze and silver medals were furious over their inferior rewards, claiming they were entitled to gold medals. They placarded their show-cases with protests against the awards of the jury and the placards attracted big crowds. The Commissioner General sent armed guards to tear off the placards. The exhibiters protested, and in some cases, in order to get the offending placards off M. Picard's guards and the exhibiters engaged in a free fight. The affair has been hushed up, the angry exhibiters placated in some mysterious manner, and a much better feeling prevails tonight.

Elections in the Provinces.

Reports from the various departments meeting in France show that tension still exists between the interior populations and the government. Today Paul Cavignac of Dreyfus fame was elected President of the Council of Sarthe, and M. Moline of Vosges. Most of the speeches made by the Presidents and members of the councils addressed the army. One department asked that President Loubet be protected against newspaper insults, and two others voted addresses of congratulation to the government, but aside from these the councils seemed to be hostile to the government.

Two More Panic Victims Die.

Two more victims of last Sunday's exposition accident are dead, Auguste Lacaille, the first man to fall off the bridge when the panic started, and Mme. Didier. The lives of two others are despaired of, which may bring the number of deaths up to seven.

Sleeping Car Company in Trouble.

One of the well-known sleeping car companies of France is in serious financial straits and the probability of its failure is freely discussed in business circles. Besides the sleeping car service the company invested heavily in hotel property in Paris. The poor attendance at the exposition made the venture a failure.

GIVES ADVICE TO TRANSVAAL.

Letters Written to Boer Officials by Henry Labouchere, Editor of Truth, Captured at Pretoria.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Henry Labouchere, editor of Truth, will tomorrow publish a series of letters captured by the British army when it entered Pretoria. The correspondence includes:

A compromising letter from Mr. Montagu White, former Consul General of the South African Republic in London, to Secretary of State Reitz, dated Aug. 4, 1899.

Two letters from Mr. Henry Labouchere to Mr. White, dated respectively Aug. 2, 1899, and Aug. 4, 1899, which Mr. White appears to have inclosed to Secretary Reitz.

A letter of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, inviting Mr. Labouchere to explain his letter to Montagu White, and Mr. Labouchere's reply.

In his letter to Montagu White Mr. Labouchere advised the Transvaal to accept the proposed commission to settle the franchise questions, etc., in order to gain time, and he inclosed an expression of opinion from Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader in the House of Commons, that the British Cabinet proposed the appointment of the commission with the view of giving Mr. Chamberlain a chance to "climb down," and that the Cabinet was determined to have no war. Mr. Labouchere also said:

"The President has a great opportunity to give Joe another fall. . . . The great thing is to gain time. In a few months we shall be howling about something in another part of the world."

Mr. Labouchere's reply to Mr. Chamberlain admits the letters are genuine, but declines to recognize Mr. Chamberlain's "pretension to ask for an explanation on a matter concerning which he is only responsible to Parliament."

TO FIGHT THE PAPER TRUST.

Philadelphia and New York Newspaper Owners Plan to Start Manufacturing Plant in Canada.

Philadelphia, Pa., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—It is understood that Thomas B. Wanamaker, proprietor of a Philadelphia newspaper, is organizing one of the largest industrial enterprises ever contemplated by an individual, growing out of his newspaper undertaking and the cornering of the paper market by the International Paper company.

Mr. Wanamaker has become convinced of the necessity of going into the manufacture of white paper. He has interested several of the largest New York newspapers in his plans and also two of the leading magazines, and contemplates the construction of a plant that will produce 300 tons of magazine and newspaper paper per day.

Options on large timber tracts and government concessions in Canada have been secured through third parties. The capital invested in the new enterprise will be in the neighborhood of $2,500,000.

CHURCH TRIAL FOR H. L. SWIFT.

Superintendent of Temple Home for Boys Must Answer Charges.

Hermon L. Swift, superintendent of the Temple Home for boys, is summoned to appear Friday night before a committee of members of the Chicago Avenue Church, of which he is a member.

After the committee of church members has considered the charges against Swift a formal trial will be held. This trial will open some time during next week. The charges are made by former inmates of the home.

Mr. Swift has been well known in church and charitable circles. Four years ago he founded the Temple Home, which is located at 734 Wells street, and became its active head. The home is intended for reclaiming destitute boys. At present Mr. Swift is on a farm at Jackson, Mich.

FEARS SON HAS ENTERED ARMY.

Mrs. Thomas Paine Appeals to General Wheeler to Find Her Runaway Boy.

Mrs. Thomas Paine, 5729 Elizabeth street, appealed to Chief of Detectives Colleran yesterday to help her find her 13-year-old son, Willie, who had run away to join the United States army. A few days ago Mrs. Paine permitted the boy to visit relatives in Highland Park. Yesterday she received a letter stating that the boy had disappeared, leaving a note stating that he had gone to San Francisco to join the army. The police told Mrs. Paine that they would be unable to aid her if her son had joined the army, and she was referred to army headquarters in the Pullman Building. General Joseph Wheeler, commander of the Department of the Lakes, heard the grieving mother's story and promised to do all in his power to have the boy returned to his parents.

Scholle's Good Furniture.

Pro and Con.

THERE have been many curious ideas advanced as to what sort of a Furniture Store this is. Some have thought—(before they came in)—that it was good—as far as it went—*but it didn't go far enough.*

Others have told us they took it to be *high-class*—therefore—*high price*—a rich man's store. And they came in—*doubtingly.*

But the inquisitive man came in to see for himself, and in every case voiced his astonishment and delight at what he saw; at the wide price range; and the equally wide variety of good furniture on view.

We want to see more inquisitive people who are looking for bargains in Furniture.

A lot of Brass and Iron Beds at less than cost to close discontinued patterns, all as good as new.

Our Upholstering is cheapest, because it is the good kind, and lasts longest.

H. E. SCHOLLE & CO., 222 Wabash, Between Adams and Jackson.

"THE POPULARITY OF

Apollinaris

("THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS")

is chiefly due to its irreproachable character."

The Times.

"DRINK NOTHING but Natural Mineral Water, such as Apollinaris, free from all vegetable poisons."

Boston Journal.

DOWIE'S SHARE IS SMALL.

ENGLISH PAPERS GIVE FACTS CONCERNING LACE WORKS.

"Deacon" Stevenson, from Whom the "Great Industry" at Beeston, England, Was Acquired, Said to Be a Tenant Among Several Others in Building Shown in Zion Paper, Owning Ten Machines—Agents Endeavoring to Sell Stock.

The "great lace works" at Beeston, Nottinghamshire, England, recently acquired by John Alexander Dowie from his brother-in-law, "Deacon" Samuel Stevenson, are really not so large as represented by the Zion manager, according to newspapers published at Beeston. Copies of these papers, the Nottinghamshire Observer and the Beeston Times, were received in Chicago yesterday. They proceed to puncture Dowie's story in a business-like manner.

Dowie is now in Europe. His agents in this country, however, are trying to sell stock to the amount of $400,000 in the enterprise. Dowie, before going abroad, had pictures made of the property brought into the family by the acquisition of "Deacon" Stevenson. These pictures represent a substantial building of immense proportions. Dowie proposes, in case sufficient shares in the concern are sold, to remove the "Zion lace industries" from Beeston, England, to the projected Zion which is to be located near Waukegan, this State.

The lace works are described as follows by the Nottinghamshire Observer: "I have had my attention drawn to a paper published in Chicago, in which appears a half-page print of the Swiss lace mills, purporting to be the exterior view of 'Zion lace industries, Beeston, Notts.,' owned by Deacon Samuel Stevenson. The factory shown was mostly built and is owned by Mr. John Pollard, is partly occupied by himself and partly let off to various tenants. Mr. Samuel Stevenson is one of the latter, occupying about one-fifth of the whole. There are seventy-one lace machines in the factory, of which Mr. Stevenson owns ten."

The Beeston Times, published in the lace works city, reproduces some extracts from Dowie's papers, with this introduction:

"Extraordinary statements: We have been favored with copies of two papers published in Chicago, entitled 'The Coming City' and 'Leaves of Healing,' and for the interest and amusement—we cannot conscientiously say edification—of our readers we reproduce some extracts therefrom. We have not space or time this week to make any comments thereon, but next week we shall have something to say upon the matter."

TOUGHS BEAT A DETECTIVE.

W. A. Schubert Is Assaulted While Attempting to Remove a Slot Machine from Milwaukee Avenue Saloon.

While carrying out the orders of Chief of Police Kipley in confiscating all gambling devices to be found in the city Detective W. A. Schubert of the Chief's private force met with rough treatment yesterday afternoon at the hands of a Milwaukee avenue saloonkeeper, from whose place he attempted to carry off unassisted a large "nickel in the slot" machine.

About 5 o'clock Detective Schubert and four Central Station detectives, which constitute what is familiarly known as Chief Kipley's "wrecking gang," appeared in Milwaukee avenue with a large express van. Schubert entered the saloon at 1221 Milwaukee avenue, owned by Henry Gorst. Gorst understood without explanation the meaning of Schubert's visit, and, grasping his revolver that lay behind the counter, he made his way to the front of the saloon and dared the Chief's representative to lay hands on anything in his place.

A fight seemed imminent and the detective was about to draw his revolver when two men stole up behind and struck him on the head. At this juncture Detectives Dubach and McGrath, becoming alarmed at the absence of their companion, went to the saloon door and demanded admittance. This being refused they burst in the door, rescued Schubert, and arrested John Bedford and Frank Goodno, who were locked up on charges of assault and battery.

GIRLS CAUGHT IN THE STORM.

Two Young Women Have a Narrow Escape from Drowning Near Menasha, Wis.

Menasha, Wis., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Miss Mabel Farwell of Chicago and Miss Jennie Woodward of St. Louis, both about 18 years of age, had a narrow escape from drowning yesterday. The young women rowed from Robert's resort to Menasha and were returning, when a severe storm broke when they had nearly reached the mouth of the Menasha River. Miss Farwell is an expert oarswoman, but she could not manage the boat. The waves dashed over the craft, but just as it was about to sink it was hurled against a raft of logs. Over these the girls crept in the blinding gale and rain to a houseboat, the property of Fred Loescher, which was moored to the raft. Here they remained until the storm abated, when they bailed out their boat and reached the shore.

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Station, Wells & Kinzie sts. Ticket Office, 212 Clark St. Tel., Central 721.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Fox River points, Ashland, Escanaba, Marquette, Copper Country.
3.00 AM FAST MAIL. Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis and St. Paul, Dakota points. Coaches only.
9.00 AM BADGER STATE EXPRESS. Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minneapolis, Dakota, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
9.00 AM GREEN BAY EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay.
10.00 AM COLORADO SPECIAL. Omaha, Council Bluffs, Denver. Daylight Omaha, Rock Island, Denver. Cedar Rapids, Des Moines and Ames.
11.30 AM WISCONSIN MAIL. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay.
3.00 PM WISCONSIN SPECIAL. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Manistique, Menominee.
5.00 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. Fox River points, Ashland, Northern Wisconsin.
5.30 PM IOWA AND DAKOTA EX. Cedar Rapids, Mason City, Des Moines, Ormsel, Madison, Omaha, Sioux City, Iowa, S. Dakota.
6.30 PM NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED. Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
6.30 PM OVERLAND LIMITED. Colfax, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Fox River points, Omaha, Salt Lake City, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
8.00 PM PENINSULA EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming, Marquette, Copper Country.
10.00 PM SOUTH AND EAST. ST. PAUL FAST MAIL. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.15 PM NIGHT EXPRESS. Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, La Crosse, Dakotas, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
10.30 PM PACIFIC EX. Davenport, Mason City, Omaha, Sioux Falls, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.
10.30 PM IRON RANGE EXPRESS. Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Hurley.

MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS. 8.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 12.00 m., 1.00 p. m., 2.00 p. m., 3.00 p. m., 4.00 p. m., 5.00 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

OUTINGS For a DIME

On the Trolley Car

CHAPTER LI.

To Be With Quiet People Go to Graceland.

When weary of the crowds in the streets, parks and amusement resorts of this big town, many persons find relief for their nerves in a visit to Rosehill Graceland, Calvary or some other of the quiet cities of the dead on the outer edges of town. Of the many cemeteries in Cook County none are more beautiful than Graceland. Its lawns, drives, floral displays, general landscape designs and artistic marble monuments are worth seeing if one will go.

On the Trolley Car

Cars start at Monroe and Dearborn. Round trip, 100 minutes. Cost, 10 cents.

LIEBIG

COMPANY'S EXTRACT of Beef simplifies sick room cookery. A cup of rich beef tea in a minute, before the invalid's fancy for food has passed away.

The genuine always bears this signature in blue: Justus Liebig

R·I·P·A·N·S

Wanted—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. One given relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain. Induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., 10 Spruce-st., New York.

CALIFORNIA GOLD MINING ILLUSTRATED

This is a neat booklet mailed free by the Sunset Mining Co., Chronicle Bldg., San Francisco, Cal. The Sunset is one of the few mining companies paying regular monthly dividends.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, CENSUS Office, Washington, D. C., August 1, 1900. Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received at the U. S. Census Office until 2 p. m., September 1, 1900, for furnishing from eighty to one hundred million cards, to be used in punching and tabulating the agricultural returns of the Twelfth Census. Specifications will be furnished upon application to the Chief Clerk. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. W. R. MERRIAM, Director of the Twelfth Census.

As The Sunday Tribune is to other Sunday newspapers so is The Daily Tribune to other daily newspapers.

COMMITTEEMEN VIEW THE CANAL.

Sanitary Trustees Show Chicago's Big Ditch to Government Officials.

SEE SLUICE GATE WORK.

Senator Cullom Says Only Dynamite and Brains Are Needed to Make Sea Channel.

VISIT CALUMET RIVER TODAY

Dynamite was suggested to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors of the House of Representatives yesterday as a means by which the great lakes might be joined with the Gulf of Mexico. Accompanied by the Sanitary Trustees, the Congressmen sailed down the drainage canal. They were shown that the federal government had but to complete the work the City of Chicago already has begun to create a deep sea ship waterway which would admit into the heart of the continent the merchant ships of the world. The committeemen were taken to Lockport from the foot of La Salle street on the tugboats Juliet and Hinda.

Standing on the dam gates of the Lockport works, Senator Cullom gathered the committee around him and said: "Gentlemen, there's only a few rocks and a little mud between here and the Gulf of Mexico. A little dynamite mixed with brains will do the work."

To show the purity of the water in the canal, Trustee Joseph C. Braden resorted to a practical test. When the Hinda was twelve miles out from Chicago he dipped a champagne bottle full of the water and drank to the deep sea waterway project. Congressman Boutell also took a drink.

"That's what they kick about in St. Louis," said President Boldenweck.

Members of the Party.

The two tugs left at 10 a. m., the Congressional committee members being the guests of the Sanitary Trustees.

Members of the committee on the boats were:

Theodore E. Burton, chairman; Rufus E. Lester, Ga.; Ohio; John R. Bankhead, Ala.; Walter Reeves, Illinois; Philip D. McCulloch, Blackburn B. Dovener, Arkansas; West Virginia; Albert S. Berry, Ky.; Russell D. Bishop, Mich. Stephen M. Sparkman, Ernest F. Acheson, Pa. Florida; Pascal Morris, Minn. Thomas H. Ball, Tex.; John A. Alexander, La. James Davidson, Wis.; New York. George P. Lawrence, Thomas C. Catchings, Mississippi; Massachusetts; Luman M. Ellis, clerk.

Other guests were:

Congressmen Warner, Mann, Lorimer, and Bingham; Major Willis Moore, Chief of the Weather Bureau, Washington; Major A. H. Willard, government engineer; J. C. Evans, T. T. Kinford, George Adams, George J. Bryan, Ossian Gutierie, W. H. Chadwick, Eugene Cary, William F. Kerr, Adolph Kraus, Isaac Taylor, and Robert R. Lovett of Peoria; and City Engineer Ericson.

Representing the Chicago River and Harbor Improvement association—George Merryweather, G. W. Goddard, Murry Nelson, and Captain J. S. Dunham.

The Lake Carriers' association—C. H. Keep, Buffalo; G. W. Gardener and H. D. Goulder, Cleveland.

Cost of the Survey.

Remarks made by the Congressmen on the work Chicago had accomplished in constructing the canal were construed by the Sanitary Trustees as indicating that some steps toward the deep waterway project will be urged on the next Congress. The cost of the survey necessary to attest the feasibility of the scheme is estimated at $250,000. Preliminaries for the survey on connecting the Mississippi and Illinois River with the Mississippi with a ten, twelve, or fourteen feet deep waterway have already been begun by Engineer Willard, Colonel J. W. Barlow, and Major C. McD. Townsend.

The purpose of the River and Harbor association to urge the Secretary of War to compel the city to lower the tunnels was made known to the Congressional committee just as the Hinda and Juliet started for Lockport. Other improvements to be asked by the association are the widening of the channel of the river to 200 feet, the deepening of the channel and harbor to twenty-six feet, and the construction of a windage basin in the south branch between Twenty-second and Halsted streets.

Get a Taste of Delay.

From the stagnant waters of the North Branch, which Chairman Burton dubbed a lagoon, the two tugs sailed southward, stopping between bridges, grain craft, and tugs. Sanitary Engineer Randolph explained the plans of the board to expend eventually $11,000,000 in taking the kinks and crooks out of the canal in the city districts.

A sample of delays experienced by vesselmen on the party at the railroad bridge at Sixteenth street. The Hinda and Juliet shrieked and blew for ten minutes before the bridge was swung. "That's a bum bridge," said Chairman Burton.

The water of the west fork was bubbling when the fleet entered it. The piles and dock-ing in the vicinity of Throop street were floating away.

"This is all coming out soon," declared Engineer Randolph.

"Yes," said Major Willard, "it's coming out itself." Then the Hinda, drawing nine feet, scraped the bottom.

The eight-track railroad bridge near Western avenue was pointed out by Trustee Braden as one of the seven wonders of the world. The party reached Lockport at 3 o'clock, and while the Congressmen witnessed the lowering of the bear trap dam and the lifting of the sluice gates a man in a red bathing suit dived fifty-five feet from the top of the controlling works into the canal.

Senator Cullom Talks Waterway.

At Lockport Senator Cullom took charge of championing the cause of the deep waterway scheme.

"The sanitary trustees in building the drainage canal," he said, "cut through more rock than would be necessary for the expansion of the waterway into the Mississippi. From Lockport the Desplaines River runs nineteen miles to the Illinois. All of the Illinois is on a mud basin, and only about eight miles of the Desplaines is over a rock bed. The extension of the canal 285 miles to the mouth of the Illinois would not be as great a task for the government as was the building of the canal by Chicago."

Senator Cullom said he was confident that the next Congress would take some steps toward the deep waterway project.

Chairman Burton said:

"The Lockport controlling works is the greatest engineering feat of its kind I have ever seen. The most impressive thing about the mechanism is its simplicity of construction."

The party returned to Chicago from Romeo over the Santa Fé road. Today the committee will examine improvements being made on the Calumet River. Congressman Mann, with Charles Counselman, Andrew Crawford, William D. Haynie, William McLaren, and W. L. Brown will act as hosts. The party will leave at 9:30 a. m. on the steamer Mary from the foot of Wabash avenue. Most of the members of the committee will leave for the East tonight.

In the evening the Congressional visitors will again be guests of the Sanitary District trustees, and attended a theater party.

While returning from the Congressional committee's trip down the drainage canal yesterday afternoon the steamer Hinda was caught in the current at the Eighteenth street bridge and bumped into the steamer Mary lying at the dock. The yacht's bow was damaged slightly around the bulwarks. On board were some of the party who had not taken the train back.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL TO CALIFORNIA.

Weekly Excursion Car Via Omaha, Colorado Springs, and Salt Lake City.

Personally conducted excursion sleeping car every Friday, Chicago to Los Angeles without change, beginning Aug. 31. Particulars and descriptive folder at I. C. R. R. city ticket office, 99 Adams street. 'Phone Central 2705. H. J. Phelps, City Passenger Agent.

"HO-BUCK" IS THEIR IDOL

LEE STREET YOUNGSTERS HEAR OF HIS DOWNFALL.

Robert Niessen Is the Boy Thief's Name and He Once Regaled the Gang with Stories of His Crimes — Is Arrested at Moline for Breaking Into Stores—But 13 Years of Age and Has Been a Robber Nearly All His Life.

Seated on the cover of a garbage box or leaning against the rotting boards of a barn yard fence in Lee place, near Hoyne avenue, yesterday afternoon were half a dozen small boys. Among them, on the cover of the box, stood a can in which still remained a little beer, from which now and again one of them took a sip. They appeared languid. The day was dull. Suddenly up the street came "Unky" Smith, brimful of news and moving with a swiftness unusual with him.

"Say, fellers," was his almost breathless greeting, "'Ho-Buck's' pinched. He's got to serve this time, sure."

So the Lee street gang received the news of the fall of one of its most admired members, Robert Niessen, who was arrested the day before at Moline, Ill., after breaking into a number of stores in that city and Rock Island and Davenport. There was not one of them who had not known of, if not assisted in, one or more robberies committed by "Ho-Buck" before that 13-year-old lad left Chicago last May to carry on amid new scenes a career of crime almost as old as the boy himself. The news that a fate which has removed the members of the gang one by one had at last caught him, who was regarded as the shrewdest member, awoke them all from their lethargy.

Aroused to Inquiry.

"Wat's dat?" exclaimed "Bulldozer" Fitzgerald. "'Ho-Buck' pinched? W'ere'd dey git 'im?"

"Davumport. Nippin' watches out o' a store."

"Well, I'll be cussed," was "Bulldozer's" ready rejoinder. "I alluz said dat kid 'ed git it good an' plenty somew'ere. He was alluz a-stealin' everything and didn't have any sense about it. Alluz told. I 'member w'en he robbed that saloon down at Chicago avenoo an' Noble street. 'E clum in the winder an' come down here with his hands full o' green money, an' says right away that 'e stole it. W'en he stole 'is father's watch an' sold it he giv' the game right away. They wasn't a kid in the alley didn't know he was stealin' right along."

"Chinky Thurman knew it," broke in "Scotty" Gordon. "Chinky an' him was pals a good deal o' the time, an' Chinky was always boastin' how game 'Ho-Buck' was an' w't a lot o' stealin' he done."

Boasted of His Crimes.

That was the verdict of the gang. Niessen—or "Ho-Buck," as they prefer to call him—has always stolen and has always boasted of it. And the gang has admired him for it. "Hen" Rundy was there, and "Chinky" Schaeffer, and Finnegan, who was just released from the John Worthy School, and the opinion of all was the same.

Robert Niessen is 13 years old, and for as many of those years as he has been able to travel alone he has borne a bad reputation. He is typical of a certain kind of city boy who, deprived of the usual sports of boyhood through lack of green playgrounds and knowledge of healthy "fair" games, becomes a loafer on the street. Unlike many of them, however, he seemed to be incapable of better things and manifested an instinct for crime. He is the son of Adolph Niessen, a bricklayer, who formerly lived near Lee place, but now lives at 422 North Lincoln street.

Niessen is a tall, sturdy workman, with strength enough to have broken every bone in the boy's body, but without the power to direct his boy's will. Mrs. Niessen was a small, frail woman. The boy resembled her. While he was still young he was a "bad" boy, even as boys go who play on the streets. His mother labored long with him and worked to reform him, but without avail. No one else had any influence with him and here made slight. Finally she died. She was unable to control him and five years ago, when she died, he began to go even more rapidly down hill. Two years or more ago his father married again and his stepmother had no use for the lad at all.

"I didn't want that boy," she says. "He was bad. He wasn't good for anything. He lied and stole all the time. I was glad every time he staid away from home."

Goes Into the West.

And away from home he staid. He had always traveled with the Lee place gang, and now he took to living with them, sleeping in barns and passing the "can" with them. He was an undersized, round-shouldered, evil-faced youngster, who tried to walk and talk "tough." Two years ago he broke into the house of Mrs. Muenster, who lived next to his father's house, and stole $8. He was caught when he had spent but $1 and he refunded the rest. His other thefts were many. He stole and sold his father's watch and pistol. He stole other things, and his fellow-gangsters looked on, listened, and admired—and sometimes assisted. They were poor-spirited for the most part, and the young chief gained the reputation of being "nervy," though he would never fight.

"He wouldn't lick a postage stamp," said "Unky" in disdain. "He wouldn't fight."

Last May "Ho-Buck" ran away for the last time. He went West, robbing stores in small towns as he went, and at last reached the Mississippi. There he was caught. His father, who had long ago given up attempting to reform him, has washed his hands of him, and the boy will now probably go to the State Reform School at Pontiac for a season of meditation and schooling that may last until he is 21 years of age.

GORGEOUS SHIRTWAIST WILL BE PRESENTED AS A REWARD OF MERIT.

Elephantine Creation Designed by City Sealer Quinn for Edward Gault to Be Given Him Because He Worked an Hour Overtime.

A shirt waist has been made for Edward Gault, the largest man in the City Hall, and the formal presentation will be made today. After the presentation, Chief Kipley, Chief Swenie, Commissioner of Public Works McGann, the Civil Service commission, and the Board of Local Improvements will try to force Mr. Gault to put it on and wear it.

The shirt waist was made after a pattern designed by City Sealer Quinn and at his order. Members of the Department of Public Works affirm that City Sealer Quinn made it himself with an ax and a saw. It will be given to Mr. Gault as a reward of merit. It has been discovered that he remained at work in the Building department an hour after the Building Commissioner had left the office.

The shirt waist will create a stir on Prairie avenue when it appears. Its material is gingham with a Scotch accent. It has the appearance of a curtailed Mother Hubbard which has passed under the influence of a bathing suit. There are twenty-four large buttons around the bottom, which remove the necessity of wearing a belt if the corresponding number of buttonholes be worked into the trousers. The front is lined with large mother-of-pearl buttons the size of a Bryan silver dollar badge, upon which is engraved an account of the merits of Mr. Gault. It has frills around the neck, a yoke, ruffles around the wristbands, and box plaits down the front. The elephantine gayety of the creation is increased by a scarlet scarf the size of a muffler, which adorns the neck.

It was inspected yesterday by the City Building department and a permit issued to allow Mr. Gault to wear it within the City Hall.

The Best Prescription for Malaria.

Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

MRS. LILLIAN EBY, NOW DEAD, AND HER CHILD, STILL ALIVE.

This mother, seeing a big doll substituted as a joke for her baby, and thinking the child had died, was so shocked that she succumbed in a few hours.

VOTE TO OUST SERGEANTS

TRIAL BOARD RECOMMENDS DISMISSAL OF THREE OFFICERS.

Cases of O'Neil, Brundage, and Carey, Charged with Failure to Return Valuables to a Prisoner, Are Referred to the Civil Service Commission with the Recommendation That They Be Removed—Chief Kipley Advocates Their Dismissal.

A recommendation for the discharge of Police Sergeants O'Neil and Brundage of the West Chicago Avenue Police Station and Sergeant Carey of the Attrill Street Station was made by the Police Trial board yesterday afternoon. The officers were charged with failing to return valuables amounting to $140 taken from Frank Elsner when he was detained in the West Chicago Avenue Station, and after hearing the evidence Chief Kipley urged the discharge of the men and voted for the recommendation.

A division of opinion among the members of the board resulted in referring the evidence and the opinion of the Trial board to the Civil Service commission for confirmation. If the commission sustains the recommendation the men will be discharged from the force. The technical charge against the men was neglect of duty.

Civil Service Commissioner to Decide.

"I voted for the discharge of the men when I had heard the evidence against them," said Chief of Police Kipley. "There was a division of opinion among the members of the commission and it was decided to lay the evidence against the officers in the hands of the Civil Service commission and place the board on record as voting for their dismissal."

Frank Elsner, the complainant, was detained in the West Chicago Avenue Police Station in February and was afterwards taken to the detention hospital. He complained that when he was taken from his residence he left $800 at home and that no officer was sent to take charge of the house while he was away. The money disappeared during his absence. He also charged that valuables were taken from him in the station and placed in the safe. When he was removed to the detention hospital these were not returned and he did not recover them.

Officers Would Shift Blame.

The defense of the officers was that they had no knowledge of the property which had been placed in the safe. Sergeant O'Neil stated that he had seen the property, but had thought one of the other Sergeants would assume charge of it. The other officers denied having seen it.

Fred Stoelting, the prosecuting witness in the complaint against Policeman John Venard of the Lawndale station, whom he charged with assault, did not appear for the hearing of his charges, and it was postponed. Chief Kipley ordered that Stoelting be procured for the trial next week.

RABID DOG JUMPS ON A CAR.

Women Are Frightened and Motorman Attacks Beast with Switch Iron—Albert Anderson's Fight.

In its efforts to escape from a crowd of men and boys who were pursuing it a large black-and-tan dog, supposed to be suffering with rabies, jumped on a crowded West Division street electric car yesterday afternoon at California avenue. There was a scramble among the passengers, nearly all of whom were women.

The motorman, John Williams, seized a switch iron and attacked the dog. The animal sprang at him, but he got out of its way. He struck the animal, and it sprang at him again. Conductor Edward Wilhelmij of a West Chicago avenue car struck the dog with a switch iron and killed it.

Albert Anderson of 257 La Salle avenue had an exciting experience with a mad dog in his house yesterday afternoon, and before the animal could be killed the furniture and glassware in the house to the amount of several hundred dollars had been broken. The animal was a pet, and attacked Anderson when he opened the door of a room in which it had been locked. The commotion made by Anderson and the dog attracted the attention of Policeman Sederberg, who shot the beast.

SHIRT WAISTS AT EVANSTON.

First Party Given at the Boat Club Last Evening—Fifty Couples in Attendance.

Evanston's first shirt waist party was held last evening at the Evanston Boat club and was a great success. There were over fifty couples in attendance, and when the grand march was played the floor seemed to be a mass of color as the couples wound in and out. The leader, H. J. Green, wore a blue silk shirt waist with a black and green sash. Many men were wearing the finest creations of tucks, ruffles, and plain styles of lavender, pink, light blue, and mixed colors.

M'CORMICK WINS AGAIN.

Paris, Aug. 21.—Special.

The McCormick Harvesting Machine company of Chicago has again been awarded the Grand Prize—the highest prize—at Paris on its binders, reapers, and mowers. It also received a Gold Medal for its twine—the highest award for binding twine—and more awards than any other American exhibiter.

TAKE UP HERRICK INQUEST

CORONER WILL READ REPORT OF PROFESSOR DELAFONTAINE.

It Declares Quantities of Arsenic Were Found in Only One-half of the Stomach—Will of Late Commission Man Filed Bequeathing Entire Estate to Widow—She Receives Letters Testamentary—Examining Diary and Old Bottles.

The report of Professor Delafontaine that he found quantities of arsenic and antimony in the stomach of Edward P. Herrick will be read at the inquest today by Coroner Bers. The report was delivered to the Coroner yesterday. It states that only one-half of the stomach was analyzed, and the professor says that the other half must have contained as much more poison and other organs could not have been free from it.

Mrs. Herrick, the widow, who will appear at the inquest, filed Mr. Herrick's will during the day. Under the terms of the will Edward T. Herrick, the son, and Mrs. Jessie F. Parcells, daughter of the deceased merchant, are disinherited, a bequest of $1 being made to each. The balance of the property, said to be worth $5,500, is willed to the widow, Mary E. Herrick. Mrs. Herrick is named as executrix without bond. Of the property $5,000 is supposed to be in real estate holdings and $500 in personal property.

Letters Granted to the Widow.

The will is in the regulation printed form, and was drawn on April 9 last in the presence of W. W. Aitchison of 6945 Princeton avenue and Henry Colberg of 2912 Groveland avenue, witnesses. The latter of these appeared before Acting Judge Himes in the Probate Court, with the widow and Attorney S. W. Lumbard. Letters testamentary were granted to Mrs. Herrick.

While testifying Mr. Colberg refreshed his memory by consulting a brown covered book produced by the widow. This was a "Herrick Genealogy," printed at Columbus, O., in 1885. It contained a history of the Herrick family for 400 years back, and gave the branches of the family tree in various countries.

When questioned regarding the matter Mrs. Parcells expressed no surprise at the provisions of the will. The valuation placed on her father's real estate she deemed excessive, as she said the personal property holdings and bank account must have been low. She and her brother and sister herself were satisfied, and had expected no inheritance. The disposition of the property of the first Mrs. Herrick had been amicably arranged, she said, and there had been no friction between the father and children over it.

Examining Old Medicine Bottles.

Mr. Herrick, with Deputy Coroner Bach, who has charge of the investigation, was busily engaged examining the contents of the diary left by E. P. Herrick. Several dozens of vials and small medicine bottles found in the room of his father after his death were curiously examined by Mr. Herrick. The bottles were labeled "sulphur," "graphites," and "ver. album."

"There's no particular harm in those," said Mr. Herrick, as he scrutinized the bottles. "I've drunk from them when I was a small boy many times, and been well chastised by my father for doing it. He has used those for twenty years."

(Continued from first page.)

about one-half as long as the line of march at Philadelphia, which is a great advantage to the old soldiers, with their growing infirmities and increasing years. The arrangements for the marshaling of the participants, as well as the plans for the disbandment of the paraders at the end of the march were pronounced by the Commander as good.

Reports began to come in yesterday from the additional members appointed on the Committee on Decorations to look after the individual decorations on the business blocks along the line of march and in the downtown district, and Chairman L. W. Pitcher said yesterday evening that it looked as though Chicago would exceed anything ever before attempted in the line of decoration.

Practically without exception every business house along the thirty-four blocks of the line of march will decorate its place of business, while on fifteen blocks outside of the line of march every place will be decorated.

Big Stores Will Decorate.

Some of the big stores have signified their intention of making a special effort. Mandel Bros. will make a liberal use of bunting in connection with some immense oil paintings of prominent union Generals and flags. Marshall Field & Co. will decorate with artistically arranged groups and clusters of large national flags. Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co. have given their regular decorator carte blanche to surpass anything they have ever done before in this line. The Fair has had special designs prepared.

Many of the business houses have planned to add to the decorations the use of electrical effects, among them being the Glasgow Woolen Mills company, the Hub, and the Economic Drug company. Schlesinger & Mayer will also expend a large sum on the decorations on their building. Chairman Pitcher says that especial effort is being made by his committee to have all decorations of good quality and worthy of the occasion.

An appropriation of $1,000 has been made for the decoration of the County Building, and Superintendent Healy, who has charge of the work, says that there will be few buildings in the city to surpass it.

The Boosters' club, composed of businessmen, who, believing in helping deserving public enterprises, yesterday turned over to the encampment officials voluntary subscriptions amounting to over $2,000.

Special trains will be run over the Lake Shore road on Wednesday afternoon by Swift & Co. to the Union Stock-Yards, to accommodate such of the visiting veterans as wish to visit the plant of the company, and guides will be provided for the members of the party.

The women of the Grand Army of the Republic will have a committee at every railroad station in the city to receive the women who come to the encampment. The members of the committees will wear distinguishing badges.

MUST LOOK FOR EXPRESS PACKAGE THIEF OUTSIDE ADAMS COMPANY'S OFFICE.

Representative of Rival Concern Says Years of Experience Have Given Him Confidence in Employes—Detectives Work Without a Clew.

"When the substitution of the bogus package for the $25,000 bound to Burlington, Ia., is figured out it will be found that the thief is not in the employ of the express company."

This statement was made yesterday by a representative of another company who has had thirty-two years' experience in the business. He is confident that the package was purloined by some one not in the employ of the company, his judgment being based on incidents in connection with a score of robberies with which he has had to deal.

"I have seen more than twenty similar robberies," said he, "and with a single exception all were committed by persons outside of the company. From what I have learned of the theft of the package shipped by the Commercial National Bank of this city to the National State Bank of Burlington I have reached the conclusion that the substitution of the bogus package was not made by the expressmen. That does not mean necessarily that the bank employés at Burlington are guilty, as some person may have had access to the package for a moment after it arrived in the town. I believe some one took it who knew the package was coming, and certainly none of the expressmen were aware of its shipment in advance."

Pinkerton men at work on the case are authority for the statement that they have not even a clew on which to work, and that they are proceeding in the dark at present. Representatives of the Adams Express company said there probably would be nothing definite for several days.

John Hayes Freed of Murder Charge.

Justice Sabath yesterday afternoon found John J. Hayes not guilty of the murder of Simon J. Peritz, a Jewish peddler who was assaulted in the notion store of James Horrigan at 895 Ogden avenue on May 7. Justice Sabath in his decision said he found that Hayes did not have anything to do with the assault.

PLEA FOR MERCHANTMEN.

J. C. STUBBS SPEAKS AT TRAVELERS' SEMI-ANNUAL DINNER.

Says United States Should Build and Maintain Swift Vessels for Purpose of Extending Commerce—Time Has Not Come for Constructing Isthmian Canal — Lewis B. Boswell Against the Contemplated Parcels Post Law.

At the semi-annual dinner of the National Association of Merchants and Travelers last night at the Grand Pacific Hotel J. C. Stubbs, Third Vice President of the Southern Pacific railroad, and mentioned as a probable successor to the late President C. P. Huntington, made a strong plea for the building and maintenance of a merchant marine that should make the United States the leading power in the world. To become the great commercial power, he said, was this country's heritage. Before the Nicaraguan Canal is built, he said, one-half the sum necessary for that should be invested in a fleet that would make America the carrier of the world's produce.

The second speech of the evening was by Lewis B. Boswell, commissioner of the Quincy (Ill.) Freight bureau. It was an argument against the parcels post, as provided for in the bill introduced by Senator Pettigrew at the last session of Congress. While some of the points in favor of a parcels post were presented by Mr. Boswell, the weight of his argument was against the system.

Many Merchants and Travelers Present

The dinner brought together several hundred merchants and travelers from all parts of the country. J. W. Scott presided. Those at the speakers' table were:

W. C. Galloway;	S. B. Cahn.
J. T. Pirie Jr.,	Eben E. McLeod,
J. T. Farwell Jr.,	A. C. Bird.
J. W. Scott,	Paul Morton.
A. M. Compton,	Adolph Nathan.
H. W. Maxwell,	

Mr. Stubbs' address might well have been on the subject of expansion or the destiny of America, as he shaped his argument. He reviewed briefly the history of commerce, showing how the great center had moved steadily westward from Phœnicia to Great Britain.

"The United States lies directly in its path," he said. "It is our heritage. Shall we accept it? Since the rise of the Phœnicians 3,000 years ago, the course of empire has steadily pursued its westward way, while the path of commerce has followed the track of the rising sun, circling the earth to reach the Orient, the marvelous kingdoms of Kublai Khan. Successively has commercial empire passed from Phœnicia to Carthage, to Venice, to Spain, and Portugal, to the Netherlands, to Great Britain, where it has staid its progress for two centuries. It is coming this way. Shall we not meet it?"

Does Not Favor Canal.

Of the plan to build an isthmian canal Mr. Stubbs spoke disparagingly. "Does it not offend one's notion of the eternal fitness of things," he said, "that a nation possessing less than 5 per cent of the world's available tonnage; a nation whose commercial interchange with other countries is scarcely one-tenth of the world's commercial interchange; a nation which carried in its own vessels less than 10 per cent of its own commerce and less than 1 per cent of the world's commerce—that this nation should undertake to build a ship canal to facilitate the commerce of the world and the world's carrying trade while withholding from its own merchant marine the assistance which the shipping industries of other nations receive and are thereby enabled to command the trade, even American carrying trade?

Need of Merchant Marine.

"I do not say that an American isthmian canal may not and should not, in the fullness of time, be constructed, and constructed and controlled also by this government, but I submit that now is not the time, nor will the time ever come until this nation shall build and place upon the waters of the world a fleet of merchant steamships that in number, in symmetry and speed, and in capacity and economy of service shall excel those of Great Britain today as the Baltimore clippers and American liners surpassed the British ships in the early part of this century."

Mr. Stubbs' speech was founded upon a remark made by Lyman J. Gage in addressing the association last year. Mr. Gage said:

"The only dark spot upon this record of the nation's progress is our failure in the carrying trade upon the high seas."

Mr. Boswell discussed briefly the parcels post service in foreign countries and the plan upon which it is proposed to establish it in the United States. It is not needed here as in Europe, he said, because the express companies in this country provide just this medium of transportation. Freight, he said, is the legitimate trade of the railroads, which should not be deprived of their support.

The parcels post will amount to class legislation, in his opinion. It will work to the advantage of the large merchant and shipper. It will endeavor to annihilate distance. The merchants of the West will suffer particularly because it will bring the Eastern men just about as near the trade by mail. It will in this way work toward the centralization of trade, which is something to be opposed at all times.

The deficit of $20,000,000 which the Postmaster is endeavoring to cut down will be increased.

"Neither the people, nor your merchants in individual lines, nor the railroads, nor the government would profit by it," he said.

"But each of you and all the people would, in the grand settlement, pay the bill and the economies would be found expensive."

ASK APPOINTMENT OF A RECEIVER FOR THE LEXINGTON HOTEL.

Representatives of the First Mortgage Bondholders Seek to Wind Up Company and Distribute Its Assets Among Creditors.

The Superior Court is asked to appoint a receiver for the Lexington Hotel and Building company. The suit is brought in the name of John A. Hinsey, Albert J. Boufleur, and Adolph Moses, creditors in amounts aggregating $70,000.

The organization of the company in 1891 and the erection of the hotel building at Michigan avenue and Twenty-second street is detailed in the complaint. The filing of the assignment of the company in 1897 is also noted. It is alleged that the stock subscriptions were never fully paid, and the court is asked to declare the liability of the original stockholders. The complainants represent the first mortgage bondholders.

The court is petitioned to order the dissolution of the company and the payment of the creditors out of the assets.

Izro H. Hinds and others have transferred to Joseph L. Clough of Nashua, N. H., the property at the northwest corner of Wabash avenue and Fifty-seventh street, 50x161½, for $34,000, subject to an incumbrance of $13,000.

FIRM WILL BE INVESTIGATED.

Board of Trade Directors Appoint Committee to Consider Charges Against Nash, Wright & Co.

The directors of the Board of Trade at their meeting yesterday appointed a committee composed of E. S. Adams, William L. Gregson, and Charles W. Bulkley to investigate the charges of irregularities made against the commission firm of Nash, Wright & Co. The committee will begin its work today.

G. Roy Bullen, who prefers the charges, stated during the day that President Sheppard of the Silver Flake Cereal company denied having made an examination of the books of Nash, Wright & Co. and that Sheppard had received a check for $706 for overcharges since Jan. 1, but nothing for the overcharges prior to that time. Bullen declared that last September an overcharge was made on the first car of corn bought by Nash, Wright & Co. for the Silver Flake Cereal company. He also asserted that Sheppard took his business away from Nash, Wright & Co. yesterday.

William Nash of Nash, Wright & Co. refused to make any statement in regard to the additional charges made against his firm, but said he was prepared for a full investigation of all the transactions of the firm.

ST. GEORGE DAUGHTERS MEET.

Benevolent and Fraternal Order Holds Its Sixteenth Annual Convention.

The Daughters of St. George, an association of women of English birth or descent, benevolent and fraternal in its scope, opened its sixteenth annual convention with an informal reception at the Saratoga Hotel last night.

Forty-five members of the order, representing many States, were present at the opening reception. The session today will close with a public reception to grand lodge officers at the K. of P. Hall, 199 Randolph street, this evening.

The daily sessions of the convention will be held at the Masonic Temple.

Webster Employes to Give Picnic.

Employés of the Webster Manufacturing company will give their eighth annual picnic at Pottawatomie Park, near St. Charles, Ill., on Saturday, Sept. 8. Trains will leave the Grand Central Depot at 8:30 o'clock in the morning and will make stops at Ogden and Western avenues.

GIVES ALARM OF KIDNAPING.

Young Woman on Bicycle Arouses the Hyde Park Police—Search Clears Up Mystery.

A young woman dashed on a bicycle to the Hyde Park Police Station yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock and reported that she had witnessed the kidnaping of a boy by a negro at Fifty-first street and Drexel boulevard. She said the negro had dismounted from a bicycle, seized the child, and ridden away. The police went to work on the case at once. After several hours it was learned that the child in the case was that of James G. Trauner of 350 Fifty-first street, and the negro the janitor of the flat at that number. The child had wandered away from home, the janitor had happened along and recognized him, and carried him back to his mother. The child was 2 years old and had wandered half a mile from home.

"Boro-Formalin" (Elmer & Amend), antiseptic dressing for burns, sores, cuts, bruises, or any similar accident or affliction.

CARPENTERS ARE WITH COUNCIL.

Referendum Vote of Three Unions Is Against Withdrawal Proposition.

SUPPORT CENTRAL BODY.

General Strike of All the Building Trades Is Said to Be Imminent.

CONTRACTORS WAIT RESULT

The results of the referendum votes of three unions of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners taken last night point strongly to the probable defeat of the proposition of withdrawal of the carpenters from the Building Trades council. The most decisive expression was from Union No. 1, which is recognized as one of the strongest of the carpenters' bodies, its only rival being Union No. 10. By a vote of 247 to 68 it decided to remain with the council, and this strong expression of sentiment will, it is believed, have much effect on the unions which are yet to vote.

The other unions which voted were No. 62, in which the expression in favor of remaining with the council was almost as strong as was the case with No. 1, the vote standing 146 in favor of remaining against 83 in favor of withdrawal. The vote of No. 141 was not so decisive, the result being 24 in favor of withdrawal and 20 in favor of remaining with the council. The results of the total vote to date are 273 in favor of withdrawal and 509 in favor of remaining with the council.

Think Council Will Be Supported.

Those who are conversant with the general sentiment of the various unions on the question do not believe the votes which remain to be cast will materially alter the result as it now stands. No. 10 is the largest of the unions yet to vote, and it has been the belief it would divide about evenly on the question. After the vote of No. 10 last night the friends of the council professed to believe the result would have the effect of bringing many votes to the support of the council.

The remaining unions are nearly all comparatively small ones, and it is not believed their votes, even if cast largely in favor of withdrawal, will be sufficient to swing the result that way. No. 10 votes tonight, and the branches of the Amalgamated Society of Carpenters and Joiners will vote tomorrow night.

Will Be Effective Strike.

The proposed general strike of the union men in all the building trades is said to have been definitely decided upon by the Lockout committee and the business agents of the council on Monday, and it is confidently declared it will result in tieing up all building as effectually as was the case following the beginning of the lockout. It is declared that emissaries of the unions have been working quietly among the non-union men employed on the various jobs throughout the city, with the result that large numbers of them have been induced to join the unions, and that, when the order to strike comes, the contractors will find themselves practically without any men.

Unions Still Ready to Fight.

The business agent of one of the largest unions in the building trades confirmed the story yesterday. "That is the program," he said. "The contractors have come to believe that the unions are genuinely busy calling for them now, and accordingly have been undertaking some large jobs with the idea there would be no further trouble from the unions. Well, they will find themselves badly fooled, for we will tie them up good and hard. They will find to their disgust that many of the men whom they supposed to be non-union men have become members of the unions, and they will simply be unable to do any work. It is the only thing that is left the unions unless they propose to give up their fight. The idea of helping the contractors along in their jobs has been a mistake which is generally recognized now, and they will find there is a lot of fight left among the men yet."

Plumbers Cause Little Trouble.

Accounts vary as to the actual number of plumbers who went out, officers of the union giving it at from 700 to 1,000, while the bosses declare that not to exceed 200 quit work. No men in any of the other trades struck, and no particular inconvenience was occasioned by the action of the plumbers, the contractors assert.

There is said to be much opposition to the order among the beer-pump journeymen, who declare they are working for the brewers and not the contractors, and that inasmuch as the strike is directed against the contractors they should not have been ordered out. There was a disposition among many of them not to come out, but they were induced to do so with the promise their claims would be promptly considered.

There will be a special meeting of the Master Plumbers this afternoon at 4 o'clock to consider the situation and decide on some course of action.

Circulates Anarchistic Literature.

A tall young man with a frayed mustache and seedy garments put in a good share of yesterday afternoon circulating an anarchistic leaflet along "Labor Row." It was entitled "Another Blow at Royalty," and purported to be published by the "Free Society Library" of San Francisco. It touched upon the recent assassination of King Humbert, who was referred to as "a parasite whose hands are red with the blood of his fellow-man, and whose coffers are filled with the wealth wrung from the exploited and starving wageworkers."

PATRONS DEFEND A NEWSPAPER

Citizens of Morgan Park Eject Men Who Had Taken Possession of the Plant.

Citizens of Morgan Park came to the aid of the local paper, the Ridge Record, and helped to eject H. C. Hensel and L. Christ, who had taken possession of it by force. The two men represented Golding & Co., 78-80 West Jackson street, of whom the printing plant had been bought. It seems that full payment for the material not having been made, Hensel and Christ went to Morgan Park on Monday and made a demand for the property. John J. Milton, manager of the paper, declined to turn over the plant and locked the men in the office after they refused to leave.

Yesterday morning when Milton came down the two men were in possession and refused to let him in. He secured warrants for their arrest and writs of replevin for the goods, and with Constable J. F. Stratton went to oust Hensel and Christ. The men refused to admit the officer, and it was then the citizens came to the rescue. Securing planks for battering rams, they broke in the door. The constable placed the two men under arrest and took them before Justice Goe, where they gave bonds for their appearance on Monday.

The plant of the Ridge Record is in the hands of agents of the constable in the meantime.

Policeman Jacobs Is Assaulted.

Policeman Jacobs of the Central Detail Station was assaulted and beaten by two men at the Randolph street viaduct over the Illinois Central tracks last night. By free use of his club the policeman came off victor and arrested his assailants. The policeman's clothes were almost torn from his body in the encounter. The men gave their names as Oscar Peterson and William Flood.

Here's the opportunity to own a diamond or a watch. Liberal terms. Loftis Bros., 100 State-st.

CUBAN TEACHERS VISIT NEW YORK.

Board of Education as Host Shows Them the Sights of the City.

MAYOR WELCOMES THEM.

Open Air Banquet on the Mall at Central Park Is a Feature.

TOLD OF SCHOOL SYSTEM.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, Aug. 21.

The teachers from Cuba and Porto Rico who have been taking a summer course of study at Harvard were the guests of this city today. Their hosts were the Board of Education. The islanders were taken to several points of interest, which included General Grant's tomb in Riverside Park, Columbia University, a public school, Central Park, and the aquarium at the Battery. After listening to an address of welcome delivered by Acting Mayor Guggenheimer they sat down to an open air banquet on the mall in Central Park.

Cuban Teachers Visit New York.

Columbia University was visited after the city's guests had spent some time at the Grant tomb. At the university Dean Armitage welcomed them. They sang the Cuban national anthem and "America." At public school No. 165, to which they marched from Columbia, and which is considered the most modern of all New York's schools they were greeted by President O'Brien and others of the Board of Education, Mr. O'Brien explaining the methods of education in vogue here. The teachers sang again, and each was given copies of the text books used in the public schools.

Central Park was next on the program and was thoroughly inspected by the visitors. They left tonight for Philadelphia.

John Carlsen, who was once an officer in the Russian army, bought a pistol and a box of cartridges three years ago for the purpose of committing suicide. He loaded the weapon, but friends prevented him from carrying out his plan of self-destruction. With the same pistol and the same cartridges he killed himself in his room at 504 Washington street, Hoboken, early this morning. During the three years he had often spoken of the pistol, referring to it as his "suicide gun."

Because he told the superintendent of a foundry where he was employed that he could do twice as much work in a day as was allowed by the union's rules John Gaffney, an iron molder of Newark, declares he has been hounded by the Iron Molders' National Union of North America and since last December prevented from obtaining employment.

Prevented from Working by Labor Unions.

Several times, he said, he was engaged to work in foundries controlled by the union, but as soon as the labor officials learned that he was hired they immediately caused his discharge.

Gaffney declares he has been a union man for years. Last December, according to his story, he went to work in the Lappan Brake Shoe company's foundry in Bloomfield, N. J. There he declares the union rule is that a day's work must not exceed eleven molds. Two of his fellow-workmen reported to local union No. 25 of Newark that Gaffney had told the superintendent that he could easily make twenty-five molds, and that as a result the day's task was increased.

Gaffney denies that he told the superintendent this, but declares that twenty-five molds is not too much for a day's work. Union No. 25 tried Gaffney, fined him $50, and suspended him until the fine was paid. He could not pay it, and since then, he declares, he has been driven from jobs in Hoe's printing press factory in this city and in Jersey City and Newark.

Claims for more than $1,000,000 against the Campagnie Generale Transatlantique were filed in the United States District Court today. The claims are for loss of life and damage caused by the sinking of La Burgogne on July 4, 1898, off Cape Sable Island. The claims filed range from $2,500 to $100,000.

The negro vote will be a source of trouble to Tammany Hall. Since the election of Mayor Van Wyck Tammany May Croker has depended upon Edward E. Lee Lose the of the Plaza Hotel Negro Vote. force to split the city's colored vote, which is about 10,000 and was at one time mostly Republican. Lee was a Republican in 1896, became a Democrat and started the United Colored Democracy. In 1897 it did hard work for Van Wyck. The club now boasts a clubhouse and $75,000 worth of patronage in the shape of city positions by the grace of Tammany.

Since the race riots last week there has been a cutting against Tammany officials. Investigation proved that every negro who was injured during the two nights of trouble had been clubbed by the police and had not been harmed by the mob, so the negroes assert.

The negroes since the riots are becoming Republicans so rapidly that the United Colored Democracy was compelled to take action. Ralph E. Langston, Charles Johnston, and Charles E. Brown, and Lee, representing the Colored Democracy, called upon the Mayor today and pointed out many instances of alleged police brutality.

Acting Mayor Guggenheimer gave the committee little satisfaction. He said he would ask Mayor Van Wyck on his return to make an inquiry, and in the meantime he would ask the Police Commissioners to investigate. The committee left somewhat disappointed.

Had the detectives arrived five minutes later Henry Hearsey would have been married to the girl he loved. Instead, he was locked up on a charge of grand larceny.

Arrested Just as He Was to Be Married.

Hearsey, who is 22 years old, was a clerk in the brokerage office of Hooper & Co. of 52 Broadway. He had come to them well recommended and remained for some months. On Monday the cashier of the firm discovered that the clearing-house receipts, which were handled by Hearsey, had been falsified. A warrant for his arrest was obtained, and detectives called at Hearsey's house, 160 East Eighty-eighth street. They were told that he had gone to the corner of Highland and Bergen avenues, Jersey City Heights, where he was to be married. The detectives hurried across the river and rang the front doorbell just as Hearsey and his promised bride were about to plight their vows. Hearsey confessed to taking $2,000 of the firm's money.

Arbuckle Brothers and the Woolson Spice company have both reduced their quotations on package coffee half a cent a pound. The American Sugar Refining company late today met the Arbuckle reduction.

Reduce Price of Coffee Half a Cent.

The cut in the price of roasted coffee is due to the general dullness in trade and a reduction in the price of green coffees resulting therefrom.

The sugar trade was much surprised by the announcement of the Arbuckles that they would pay their customers one-half cent a pound additional rebate on all roasted package coffee purchased from them that shall be 10 per cent or more in excess in pounds of the amount purchased in the year ending July 1, 1900.

This is believed to indicate that the warfare on coffee is likely to be renewed at any time and that it may eventually reach the sugar end of the contest, which it was supposed had been settled.

News of the cut in coffee was followed by a break of 1¼ points in sugar refining stocks. Later the price was bid up over a point and closed practically unchanged.

Negotiations between the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers and the various industrial concerns involved in a settlement of the wage question are on the verge of a collapse, and it is reluctantly admitted that the situation has become critical. With the failure of the Detroit conference it was decided to abandon discussion with the representatives of the association and refer the matter directly to the men. That, briefly, is the present status of the wage question.

Cannot Agree on Wages of Steel Workers.

Within two weeks the individual bodies will act upon the terms offered by the steel and iron companies, and if they decide to refuse these terms and strike there would seem to be no help for it, since the companies are positive in the stand they have taken.

E. S. Parker, eastern sales agent for the Republic Iron and Steel company, says there was no sincere attempt made at Detroit to compromise the matter. He believes the labor delegates understood in advance that no settlement would be possible if they adhered to their original demands, and this they did without qualification.

Galways, mutton chops, goat-like imperials, and long hair, poet style, have begun to flourish on the faces of the Village Board of Amityville, L. I., since the five barbers of the village refused to lather a city father's face or cut his hair until a decree, promulgated last week, calling for the enforcement of the Collins Sunday closing law, is revoked. The Village board declared that every barber who shaved a man on Sunday should suffer prosecution and imprisonment. Then the boss barbers got together and decided not to shave or cut the hair of any village trustee. They have rigorously carried out their decision. The villagers have taken sides with the barbers, declaring Amityville will lose prestige among summer visitors if Sunday morning shaves are not to be obtained.

Officials of Amityville, L. I., to Grow Whiskers.

In a collision of freight trains at Kensico, N. Y., tonight seven persons were killed and others are missing. Kensico is on the Harlem division of the New York Central railroad, sixteen miles from New York. While a freight train was standing at the station a second freight ran into the rear end of it. The locomotive of the second train wrecked the caboose of the first train and then turned over.

Seven Killed in a New York Central Wreck.

Reports from the scene of the accident say that the engineer and fireman of the second train and the conductor and two brakemen of the forward train are dead under the wreck; that two others of the train crew are also buried in the debris, and others are unaccounted for.

So far as can be learned the accident was caused by the engineer of the second train running past a block signal which was set to warn him of the train ahead.

The engineer was William Sangerbach of New York, and his fireman was John Cassidy of New York.

The Mail and Express says: "There is to be another Democratic organization in this city. Its one aim will be to drive Richard Croker from control of Tammany Hall. If Tammany must go, too, the new organization will fight to that end, but the present plans contemplate only the annihilation of Croker. It will be for the Tammany leaders to determine whether they will hold their organization to Croker or abandon their chief in order to pacify the opposition. Some of the most powerful political and financial interests in the State are behind the new movement."

New Organization May Fight Richard Croker.

There is much speculation in political circles over the reported clash between Richard Croker and Eugene Wood of Albany. The latter, it is said, has gone over to the Hill forces. Croker is reported to have said at the Democratic club that Wood was a paid lobbyist of railroad and insurance companies and one of the group of men who are trying to destroy the Democracy of the State. Wood says Croker tried to get his assistance in securing anti-Hill delegates in Albany County.

Wood has for years been regarded as the chief agent of the railway, gas, and electric light corporations of New York City. Wood's surrender to Hill is regarded as an indication of the dissatisfaction existing among the business interests represented by him at the arbitrary attitude of Croker in discriminating against them.

To complete the tragedy which he began this afternoon by shooting his wife and firing on his 12-year-old son, Gustave Roeder, a real estate dealer of 41 St. Mark's place, withheld the last bullet in his pistol for himself. He killed himself in his wife's home, 352 East Fourteenth street. Mrs. Roeder, although twice wounded, will live. Otto, their son, escaped serious injury. Roeder was insane with rage because his wife refused to live with him or give him money. Roeder said the woman "had made his life hell for twenty-three years."

Planned to Murder His Entire Family.

The finding of a gold watch in a pawnshop has served further to complicate the mystery surrounding the murder of Kate Scharn. This watch was pawned by Fred Scharn, brother of the murdered girl, who is now being held without bail to await the investigation by the police.

Brother of Kate Scharn Held by Police.

On Aug. 1, Fred Scharn, while on his way to the home of his sweetheart, Nettie Kubin, who lives in East One Hundred and Sixty-second street, stopped in Bruckhelmer's pawnshop and got $3 on his watch. On Aug. 4 he got $5 more on it, and it was the ticket for this that led to the recovery of the watch. It was found in the Scharn apartments after Fred's arrest.

The police believed after the finding of the watch that it belonged to the murdered girl. This theory, however, was wrong. The watch taken from Miss Scharn when she was murdered was a cheap gold-filled watch with nickel works. But the finding of the pawned watch is being used by the police as showing that young Scharn was in need of money. They have brought to light the fact that he owed a tailor for a suit of clothes and was extravagant in his dress.

The sixteenth annual convention and trade exhibition of the Society of American Florists and Ornamental Horticulturists opened this morning in the Grand Central Palace, Manhattan. Several hundred florists from all parts of the country were present. In connection with the convention there is an exhibition of shrubs and flowers.

Horticulturists Elect a Chicagoan for President.

President Edmund Wood of Natick, Mass., presided at the opening session. The address of welcome was delivered by Acting Mayor Guggenheimer. Edgar Saunders of Chicago responded to the welcome of the Acting Mayor. The morning session was devoted to the reading of reports. In the afternoon the visitors and their wives took a drive through Central Park. Tonight there was a reception and lecture by Robert Kift of Philadelphia.

The election of officers resulted in the choice of J. C. Vaughn of Chicago for President, E. G. Hill of Richmond, Va., Vice President; John C. Esler of Saddle Rock, N. J., Secretary; Albert M. Herr of Lancaster, Pa., Treasurer.

SUBSIDEWALK STREET RAILWAY PROPOSED FOR CHICAGO

A rapid transit Utopia, comprising the plans and detailed explanations of a subsidewalk railway, has been given to the members of the Street Railway commission by the inventor and exponent of the system, J. H. Farrar, 90 La Salle street. The merits of the sidewalk subways, consisting of cheapness in construction and operation and the possibility of achieving high rate of speed, have been explained to the Aldermen individually, and the inventor hopes to have his ideas considered at the meeting of the commission today.

Analysis of the system, the inventor submits, indicates that it is simplicity itself. It is offered as a substitute for elevated structures as well as for surface roads, and is intended for operation throughout the city as well as in the down-town district, for which subway plans are being considered.

For use on the subsidewalk railway the inventor proposes an open car, resembling a carette with the top cut away. The sidewalk above furnishes the top for the car, prismatic walks above give light, aided by electric lights within, and gas radiators along the curb wall furnish heat. The lightness of the cars which such a construction would permit, it is stated by the inventor, would reduce resistance to a minimum.

"The subsidewalk railway is protected from rain, snow, and wind by its roof," said Mr. Farrar. "No roof, no heating or lighting apparatus is required in its cars. Throughout the city what is now practically waste space, the basements of buildings, may be made valuable property by the construction of a subsidewalk road."

LONG STOCKINGS ARE DOOMED.

New Fashion for Women Decrees an Extended Sock Without Garters Is the Proper Thing.

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—While men have been grappling with the shirt waist question women have been quietly seeking emancipation from the long stocking. The result is that next season the extended sock, which will reach to just below the knee, will probably be in vogue. Thus there will be a fair exchange—the man's sock for the woman's shirt waist.

Already the alert hosiers have planned the extended sock. This will be nineteen inches long, and its ribbed top, exactly like that of the man's short sock, will, in cases more or less numerous, obviate the necessity of wearing garters.

Many women this summer who were not yet sufficiently courageous to adopt the sock outright have looped the long stocking in folds and gartered it just below the knee. While this gave a measure of coolness it was not artistic, and plainly is doomed to give way to the new extended sock.

An official report from Consul Marshall Halstead at Birmingham to the State department has just brought to light the fact that American women find it impossible to buy desirable stockings in England. The usual American stocking is twenty-eight inches long, with small ankle and trim foot. The English stocking is twenty-four inches long, with shapeless ankle and clumsy foot.

LAKE BREEZE BRINGS RELIEF.

Temperature of Chicago Made Pleasant by Cool Winds—Two Deaths and One Prostration Reported.

Refreshings breezes from Lake Michigan came to the relief of Chicago heat sufferers yesterday. The indications for Chicago and vicinity today are for continued cool weather, partly cloudy, and northeasterly winds. While the heat was more bearable than it has been for several days, the humidity was enervating, and two deaths were reported as the result.

The Dead.

FRANK SAPIE, 24 years old, 8859 Superior avenue, died at his home from prostration caused Monday at Eighty-fourth street and Superior avenue.

CHRISTIAN OLSING, 35 years old, 1105 North Spaulding avenue, died of heart trouble superinduced by heat.

The only prostration recorded yesterday was that of Bernard Wiedinger, 82 years old, 432 Newport avenue, who was overcome by heat at North Clark street and Addison avenue. His condition is serious, as he suffered from a similar prostration last summer.

The minimum in Chicago's temperature was at the commencement of the day, the thermometer in the weather observatory showing 68° at midnight. From that hour the temperature arose steadily until noon, when it recorded the maximum for the day, 74°. By 1 o'clock it had dropped to 71°, and at 7 last night it was 69°.

The high temperature was responsible for deaths in several parts of the country. Two citizens of Pana, Ill., were fatally overcome and two men in Des Moines were made insane. St. Louis reported nine prostrations, four of whom died. At Owensboro, Ky., a woman, crazed by heat, killed her baby and tried to end her own life. From Indianapolis one fatality is reported.

PANTHER ATTACKS A WOMAN.

Berry Pickers in the Maine Woods Are Injured in a Fight with a Wild Animal.

Rome, Me., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—In a fight with a panther in the woods along Dead River Mrs. Anna Perkins narrowly escaped death, and Edward Lapham, who went to her rescue, suffered severe injuries. The animal surprised a party of blueberry pickers, apparently selecting Mrs. Perkins, who had become separated from her companions for his especial prey. The woman was stooping down among the bushes when Lapham discovered the beast preparing for a spring. He shouted to the woman to run, but she went the wrong way and the panther dropped at her feet. Realizing her grave danger Mrs. Perkins' nerves gave way and she fell in a faint beside the animal. The panther attacked the prostrate form, tearing the dress from the body. Lapham, picking up a limb of a tree, attacked the beast, and its attention was turned to him. Although lacerated by the animal's claws, he beat it over the head until it fled into the woods.

Reduced Rates to Northern Michigan

Via Michigan Central and Pere Marquette railroads. Tickets will be sold on Aug. 24, good returning until Sept. 4, at the following rates: Mackinac Island, $7; Mackinaw City, $6; Charlevoix, Bay View, Petoskey, and Traverse City, $5. Full information at city ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago.

FOR NEW SIGNAL LIGHT.

TOWER PLANNED FOR WEATHER BUREAU IN SOUTH CHICAGO.

Chief Moore Will Select Site Today for a Lighthouse One Hundred Feet High, Which Will Light the South Entrance of Chicago Harbor and the Lake for Fifteen Miles—First of a Series That Will Skirt the Lake Regions.

A new storm signal lighthouse, sending a light effective for a distance of fifteen miles over the lake, is to be erected in South Chicago by the government. Willis Moore, Chief of the Weather bureau at Washington, who is in Chicago with the Rivers and Harbors committee of the House of Representatives, will select the site in South Chicago today and work on the lighthouse will be begun at once.

The lighthouse will be built on order of the Department of Agriculture and will be in charge of the Weather bureau. It will be constructed of steel, 100 feet high, and will be provided with an electric light sufficiently powerful to warn all vessels entering or leaving the Chicago harbor on the southward of the approach of storms.

The building of the new lighthouse is in line with the plan of Secretary Wilson to erect a system of powerful signal lights throughout the lake regions. Congress last winter, through the efforts of the Secretary, appropriated $60,000 to begin constructing the new system, which is intended to supplant the present Weather bureau service.

"The work on the South Chicago lighthouse will be begun at once," said Professor Moore yesterday. "The Weather bureau long ago decided that the present system of signaling the approach of storms to vessels on the lakes was inadequate, and Secretary Wilson began planning the new system.

"The signal lights are to be effective fifteen miles. They will be revolving, the color of the light being changed in accordance with the code of weather signaling. We hope soon to have lighthouses placed throughout the lake regions.

"No lighthouse will be placed in the Chicago harbor for the reason that present service here is deemed sufficient."

INCENDIARY FIRE AT PEORIA KILLS FIREMAN AND INJURES SEVERAL.

Early Morning Blaze Destroys a Lounge and Mattress Factory and an Icehouse—Falling Walls Hurt Those Working to Extinguish Flames.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 21.—One fireman was killed, five others were injured, and property worth $30,000 was destroyed by two fires here early this morning, the work of an incendiary.

At 2 o'clock fire was discovered in the plant of the Peoria Lounge and Mattress company, corner of Fayette and Water streets. A general alarm soon had all of the fire machines of the city at the scene of the fire, but the plant was practically destroyed. The loss will reach $25,000 on stock and machinery, and $5,000 on the building, an old frame structure. The insurance on building and contents will reach $15,000.

During the fire Pipeman Philip Distler of Truck No. 2 and Fred Brodbeck of Hose No. 5 were thrown from the roof of a two-story building adjoining the fire. Distler's shoulder was broken and Brodbeck was badly bruised.

An hour afterwards Carroll's icehouse, only 200 yards from the scene of the first fire, was discovered in a blaze. This was the fiercest of the two fires. At the end of an hour's fight the roof of the building fell in.

Captain Barney Manning and Pipeman Michael Gibbons and Harry Palmer of Hose company No. 1 had entered a door of the burning building and were holding a stream of water on the fire when the walls toppled over. Captain Manning was instantly killed. Gibbons and Palmer were buried under the walls, but were soon dug out by their companions. Gibbons had both legs broken below the knees, while Palmer escaped with a few bruises. Ladderman James P. Lynch of Truck No. 1 was struck by a falling timber and badly hurt.

CHICAGOANS NEAR TO DEATH.

Yacht Sapho's Escape from Destruction in Tornado on Lake Described by Those on Board.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 21.—The steam yacht Sapho of Chicago, which met with a terrible experience on Lake Michigan after leaving Sheboygan yesterday, reached Milwaukee today. The yacht was caught in the tornado as it spent itself in the lake and for thirty minutes was buffeted about, those on board expecting every minute to be their last. In addition to the five men who compose the crew there were on board Commodore M. J. Steffens, owner of the yacht; George W. Ristine, ex-President of the Colorado Midland railroad; and R. J. Steffens, son of Commodore Steffens, all living in Chicago. Commodore Steffens in speaking of the happening said it was the worst he had experienced in twenty-one years of lake travel, and how the boat outlived the storm was more than he could tell.

OBITUARY.

CHARLES H. BERRY, Winona, Minn., aged 77, at one time one of the most prominent Democrats in the State, died today. He was born in Westerly, R. I., in 1823. In 1857 he was elected Attorney General of the State of Minnesota, and during President Cleveland's first term was appointed an associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Idaho, which position he filled until Idaho was admitted as a State.

DAVID J. CULLERTON, Chicago, chief clerk in the office of Santa Fé Purchasing Agent Hodges, died at Albuquerque, N. M., yesterday of consumption. Interment will be in Chicago.

EDWARD BLAKE, Chicago, City Elevator Inspector under Mayor Cregier, died yesterday at Holland, Mich., unexpectedly, of appendicitis.

If contemplating a California trip, save money and secure comfort. Call upon or address Phillips-Judson Co., 349 Marquette Building, Chicago.

BRYAN TO LOSE VOTES IN WEST.

Many States in the Democratic Column in 1896 Now to Go Republican.

SHOUP TELLS OF GAINS.

Money Question Forgotten and the Majority of the People Are for Expansion.

KANSAS IS FOR M'KINLEY.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.

"In the far West the Republicans will lose none of the States they carried in 1896," said Senator Shoup today, "while the Democrats certainly will lose Washington, Wyoming, and Utah, which they carried in 1896. The Republican majorities in California and Oregon will be increased and there is a good fighting chance of carrying Idaho and perhaps Nevada. Bryan will surely lose Kansas; Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota, and Wisconsin are surely Republican, 100,000 Republican majority being claimed in Illinois; in Indiana there promises to be a close and determined fight.

Many States in West Now for McKinley.

"The situation with respect to the German vote has been thoroughly looked into by the Republican managers at Chicago, and they say that no serious disaffection exists, and the loss from that quarter will be small. In Idaho the leading Germans are all supporting the Republican ticket earnestly.

"In the far West the money question will not enter largely into the campaign. The Democrats will try to keep it alive there, but they will not be able to do so, in view of Bryan's speech of acceptance and the obvious purpose of the party to push it aside in the East. Therefore, the question of expansion, or imperialism, as the Democrats term it, will be given most consideration, and the Democrats will not have public sentiment in the West with them on that issue. The people who live in the territory which was acquired by this government from France or from Mexico are not opposed to expansion. They know the same sort of opposition made now to expansion was made to every addition of territory to the union, and that every argument of the opposition has proved false. Moreover, the West more than any other part of the country is benefited by the expansion policy of the administration."

Next week the largest class of candidates which ever has appeared at the Naval Academy will report for examination at Annapolis. More than 100 young men have been designated for admission to the institution. The unusually large number of candidates is due to recent legislation, shortening the course at the academy and creating new places.

"Glasgow's street car system is owned and operated by the city under the direct supervision of a committee of the Town Council," says Consul Taylor at Glasgow. "The gross capital expenditures for the system since 1894, independent of operating expenses, have been $5,164,975, and the present indebtedness is $4,061,806. The capital invested is $4,550,502. Of the forty-one miles of double track, five miles have electric traction, the rest being operated by horses. The total receipts of the system during the year were $2,286,850. The working expenses were $1,676,412, leaving a balance of $610,438, of which there was expended some $84,000 for interest on capital, $57,501 for sinking fund, $156,096 for depreciation of stock.

City Ownership as It Works in Glasgow.

"One item of $60,000 consists of payments made to the general revenue fund of the city, which is in lieu of the amount which the city would receive in taxes, it is presumed, were the system operated by a private company. The balance goes into the reserve fund.

"There are 3,400 persons employed, including 100 clerks. The general manager receives $6,800; the chief engineer, $2,400; the electrical engineer, $2,000; and the mechanical engineer, who has charge of the power station, $1,216. Point boys received 28 cents per day; trace boys from 40 to 52 cents per day; car cleaners from 88 cents to $1 per day; drivers, conductors, and motormen from $1 to $1.12 per day. These rates apply to Sunday and week days alike. The rolling stock consists of 884 horse cars, 132 electric cars, 17 omnibuses, 39 lorries, and numerous carts, wagons, and vans. There are 4,411 horses. Fares range from one cent for the first half mile to two cents for a mile; the longest ride is six miles, costing six cents. No transfers are issued, and tickets are not used.

"The committee of the Town Council having supervision of the tramways receives no compensation. For that matter, however, no member of the city government of Glasgow, including Lord Provost, Town Councilors, and police Judges, receive compensation. The City of Glasgow has a population of about 850,000, and spreads over an area of nearly 12,000 acres. There are no other tramways extending out of Glasgow to other towns or cities. Within the city is an underground cable road, which makes a circuit of about five miles, and is owned and operated by a private company. The rate of fares on this road is about the same as that prevailing on the surface roads."

It has been decided by the naval officials to make use of Harveyized armor on board the four coast defense ships building for the navy. This will facilitite the completion of those vessels.

"I am confident of Republican success," said Representative Tayler of Ohio. "Our State will give its usual majority for the Republican ticket. Imperialism will not reduce the Republican majority. It will cut no figure to speak of. If there are any Germans in Ohio whose souls are vexed by the ghost of imperialism and militarism, I don't know where they are. The Germans in Ohio are Americans and are just as firm in their convictions as other Americans."

Ohio Voters Not Afraid of Imperialism.

Rear Admiral Schley will be detached from command of the South Atlantic station within the next two months, return to this country, and await orders. He probably will be assigned to no more active duty before his retirement, which will come in a few months.

Remarkable progress has been made by the Union Iron works on the Wyoming, which will be launched on Sept. 8. The keel was laid in April, 1899, and the contract was signed in December, 1898. The same firm has advised the Navy department that the battleship Wisconsin will be ready for its official trial trip on Sept. 15. The Alabama, a sister ship, built at Philadelphia, will be taken on its trial trip about the same time.

Battleship Wyoming Soon to Be Launched.

MRS. THORPE APPEARS IN COURT

Woman Charged with Robbing Her Mother in La Grange Arraigned with Charles Huss.

Mrs. Edward Thorpe of La Grange, charged with robbing her sick mother of $2,600, was arraigned with Charles Huss, the street car conductor, with whom she is said to have been in love, in Justice Martin's court yesterday. The case was continued until tomorrow in bonds of $5,000.

FACE HUMORS

Pimples, Blackheads, Red Rough, Oily Skin

PREVENTED BY

Cuticura SOAP

MILLIONS of Women Use CUTICURA SOAP, exclusively, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and healing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.

Cuticura Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "How to Cure Face Humors and all other Humors" free.

The Set, $1.25

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The embodiment of purity and goodness.

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for information leading to the conviction of any dealer having refilled empty bottles of

ED. PINAUD'S Eau de Quinine Hair Tonic, the World-Renowned Dandruff Cure,

or adulterating and tampering in any shape or form with the original contents of the same.

This offer is bona fide, and is made in order to protect the consumer of ED. PINAUD'S Toilet Preparations.

An immense fraud has been of late practiced, especially by a large number of unscrupulous barbers, who have made it a practice to use on their customers spurious and often injurious preparations, palming the same off as ED. PINAUD'S Eau de Quinine.

The Parfumerie ED. PINAUD have decided to protect their rights, and they have instructed us to prosecute to the utmost severity of the law all those who will either imitate their packages or refill their bottles.

Any communication relative to the detection of such frauds will be treated in strict confidence.

PUTNEY, TWOMBLY & PUTNEY, Attorneys.
115 Broadway, New York.

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FASHIONS 1900-1901 NOW READY.
Remodeling and Repairing a Specialty—Best Work. Best Prices.
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90 DAYS' TRIAL.

I am so sure that my Electric Belt will cure Nervous Debility, Rheumatism, Lame Back, Weak Kidneys, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Physical Decline, Sleeplessness, and all aches and pains of Either sex, if worn as I advise in 90 days' trial, that I offer it on 90 days' trial.

"If you cure me I will pay you. If not, I won't."

That is a fair proposition. It is a severe test of the value of a curative remedy. Pay only when cured. I have the remedy. I have proven its curative power in thousands of people in this State who are praising it. Now that I know that my Electric Belt is a positive cure for every ailment for which I recommend it, I am willing to send it to any honest person who will secure me, with instructions for using it; and after he has used it three months, if it has cured him, he can pay me; if not then he can return it to me and he owes me nothing.

Read My Book—Free.

I want every sufferer to call today and test my Belt FREE. If you cannot call, write at once for my beautiful illustrated book, mailed FREE.

DR. M. A. McLAUGHLIN,
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MACKINTOSHES,

Rubber and Oil Clothing,

Water Bottles, Syringes,

Balls and Toys for the Babies.

Largest Stock of Rubber Goods in the West. Prices to suit all—Wholesale and Retail.

QUAKER CITY RUBBER CO., 201 E. Madison-st.

HANNA SOUNDS A WARNING NOTE.

Ohio Senator Opens the New Jersey Campaign at Asbury Park.

NONE TO RELAX EFFORTS.

Republicans Advised Against Overconfidence in Fight Against Bryan.

VICTORY TO BE DECISIVE.

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Mark Hanna, chairman of the Republican National committee, this afternoon opened the campaign in New Jersey by a speech at the Asbury Park Auditorium. When the Senator reached the platform he was greeted with great applause. He was introduced by Frank Appleby, President of the Council of the city. Senator Hanna said:

"I thank you most heartily for this reception, which I consider a compliment. It is an honor to preside over a meeting in New Jersey composed of men who have contributed so much to make your State a Republican State. New Jersey Republicans are much like New Jersey mosquitoes, they do know their business.

"It is not my purpose to make a speech, but I hope the orators of the evening will give me a few moments of their time while I talk to you.

Nation's Prosperity at Stake.

"What I want to say is this: We are on the eve of a campaign second in importance to none other in the history of our party; a campaign upon the issues of which depend our future prosperity. I don't propose to discuss these issues, but I want to say a few words to sound a note of warning which the importance of this campaign justifies me in saying, not only to the Republicans of New Jersey but to the Republicans of the whole country. It is your duty, and the time is at hand when every man, no matter how low or humble, how prominent or influential, is called upon to contribute all the efforts, all the influence in his power to perpetuate this administration.

"Beyond all question of doubt the policy of the Republican party and President McKinley stands for everything which means the welfare and the well being of our country. I say you cannot shirk the responsibility, because every man who is possessed of a single atom of patriotism must do his part of the work.

Danger in Overconfidence.

"I have noticed in the newspapers the last few days a note of warning that came from the Republican National committee's headquarters. I am responsible for that, because, perhaps better than any man in this country, I know the nature of the contest which is before us.

"I tell you, my friends, in all sincerity and honesty, it will not do to take anything for granted nor to neglect a single effort or to miss a trick. We are confronted by a desperate foe. The fate of Bryanism hangs in the balance; if killed now it is killed forever."

Denounces the Democratic Party.

Senator Hanna then alluded to the wonderful prosperity under President McKinley's administration and the national confidence it begot and then, describing the Democratic party, said:

"I know no better term to call it than a 'Cuckoo,' for it is a party composed of every shade of political opinion. Every crank, Socialist, Nihilist is arrayed against us in this fight. Therefore, it behooves us to be watchful and active."

With this remarkable description of the Democratic party, which was received with tremendous applause, Senator Hanna concluded his speech by introducing Curtis Guild Jr., one of the best speakers of the National committee.

BRYAN IS SEEKING CONVERTS.

Democratic Nominee in a Speech at Wahoo, Neb., Asks Republicans to Vote for Him.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 21.—Mr. Bryan addressed an audience at Wahoo today. His remarks consisted of an appeal to Republicans to vote the Democratic ticket. At one point in his speech some one in the crowd shouted: "Hurrah for McKinley," to which Mr. Bryan promptly responded:

"Now, I don't know whether that man is hurrahing for the McKinley that denounced Grover Cleveland or the one following in Cleveland's footsteps. I want to assure you that I do not object to any one cheering for McKinley, but I think that you owe it to the audience to describe which McKinley you are cheering for when you are cheering."

Says Republicans Aid Trusts.

Speaking of trusts, Mr. Bryan said: "The Republican party leaders attack the trust question in their platform and yet cannot read a Republican paper without finding a defense of the trusts. The Republican platform denounces the trusts and Republican editors are spreading before the public arguments defending the trusts. You will be told that a liberal man the man at the head of the trust. You will be told of the great advantages to be derived from the combinations because of the permanency in the employment of men. Now, why is it? It is because the platform is hypocrisy. The Republican party does not intend to destroy the trust, but under the cover of a platform denunciation of the trust the Republican leaders are trying to quiet the minds of the people and make them accept the trust as a good thing. I want you who have been voting the Republican ticket to ask yourselves how the Republican policy is going to help the people of this community. Let every man ask himself how the trust is going to help him.

Porto Rican Act Is Reviewed.

"When Mr. McKinley sent his message to Congress saying it was our plain duty to give free trade to Porto Rico the Republicans walked on the streets and echoed 'plain duty.' Then something happened. Some power behind the throne began to work. This power overrode the recommendation of the Governor General of Porto Rico; this power overrode the petition of the people of Porto Rico; this power overrode the Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means and compelled him to bring in a bill directly opposite to the bill he first introduced; this power overrode the President and made him sign the bill when he said it was our plain duty to do the opposite and the Republicans have to turn somersaults and say: 'It is our plain duty to deny what was our plain duty before.'

"It is only a little more than two years ago that the President sent a message to Congress in which he said that forcible annexation is contrary to our code of morality and criminal aggression, and yet today Republicans are asked to approve of a thing that was denounced as criminal aggression and against our code of morality less than two years ago. Has the code of morality changed? They have changed their code of morality and now assert that it is right which they even declared to be criminal less than two years ago."

Finally Get a Candidate for President.

Washington, Ia., Aug. 21.—The United Christian, published at Rock Island, official organ of the United Christian party, makes the statement that J. F. B. Leonard of Ainsworth, Ia., has been selected by the National committee of that party as a candidate for President of the United States. Several men have declined the honor.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Care, worry, and anxiety whiten the hair too soon. Renew it with Parker's Hair Balsam. For all skin troubles use Greve's Ointment, 50c.

E. & W. Lock Front Collars

BOTH TOGETHER—"WE FORGOT IT LONG AGO."

YATES TALKS FOR PARTY.

NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR EXPLAINS POLITICAL PRINCIPLES.

Large Crowd at Mechanicsburg, Ill., Assembly Hears Leaders on Issues of the Campaign—Republican Day Attracts Many to the Grounds—Rival Candidates Meet on the One Platform at Mount Pulaski—Judge Sherman Is the Chief Speaker.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Richard Yates addressed several thousand persons at the Central Illinois assembly near Mechanicsburg this morning. The speaker gave a general review of the platform and principles of the two great political parties and proceeded to prove by facts how the one had ever been prompt to make good its promises while the other had nothing to produce but excuses.

In the afternoon Congressman Joseph G. Cannon of the Twelfth District delivered a lengthy address, paying especial attention to "imperialism," which his opponents have attempted to make an issue of the campaign.

It was Republican day at the Chautauqua, and in spite of the extreme heat the outpouring was large and the enthusiasm intense. David Ross, candidate for Congress in this district, and several county candidates were included among the speakers.

Rival Candidates Meet.

Mount Pulaski, Ill., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The thirty-third annual reunion of the old settlers of Logan County, Ill., occurred here today. The speakers of the day were Judge Sherman and the Gubernatorial candidates, Alschuler and Yates. Judge Sherman was heartily greeted, and spoke at some length upon the footprints made and the hardships endured by those who in the earlier history of our own and neighboring States were able by their unselfish efforts to establish what we are today. They builded better even than they knew," said Mr. Sherman. He recalled the truthful pleasantry of Gail Hamilton years ago at a New England banquet, when speaking of the New England fathers and what they had endured to establish a nation and a home, that also some meed of credit was due to the pilgrim mothers, inasmuch as they had not only to endure all the hardships and privations of the pilgrim fathers, but more—they had also to endure the pilgrim fathers themselves.

Speaking then to old and young alike, Judge Sherman admonished the young against what might prove their erring enthusiasm, and the old settlers against considering themselves too much like the aged in church service, on the superannuated list.

FIX DATES FOR JUDGE YATES.

Republican State Committee Announces Itinerary for Gubernatorial Candidate in First Week of Campaign.

Chairman Rowe of the Republican State committee yesterday announced the itinerary of Judge Yates for the first week of the campaign. The dates are as follows:

Sept. 1—Jacksonville.
Sept. 3—Chicago.
Sept. 4—Peoria and Streator.
Sept. 5—Waukegan and Yorkville.
Sept. 6—Belvidere and Rockford.
Sept. 7—Springfield.
Sept. 8—Galesburg and Quincy.

Most of the candidates on the State ticket will accompany Judge Yates on this trip, and, in addition, Congressman Reeves and Judges Carter and Haney, the other aspirants for the Gubernatorial nomination before the Peoria convention, will be of the party. Congressman Cannon has also been billed to make a couple of speeches the same week, the places and dates being Bushnell on Sept. 6 and Quincy on Sept. 7.

Judge Yates will arrive in Chicago at 7:30 this morning from Elkhart and remain at State headquarters all day. Tomorrow he is to be in Mount Carroll in attendance at the county fair. He will return to Chicago on Thursday and remain until Saturday, going to Harbor Point, Mich., over Sunday. Next week he will be here all the time in attendance on the Grand Army encampment, and when it is over the regular campaign will be begun in accordance with the schedule given above.

H. J. Hamlin of Shelbyville, candidate for Attorney General, was at Republican State headquarters yesterday and brought rosy reports of the situation in the southern part of the State. He placed the majority for McKinley in Illinois this year at 100,000 and said he would not be contented with a vote less.

Word came from Clinton County yesterday that G. Van Hoorbocke of Carlyle had left the Democratic party and come out for McKinley and Yates. Judge Van Hoorbocke was United States Attorney for the Southern District of Illinois under President Cleveland, and has always been prominent in his party in that section of the State. James M. Large of Athens, Menard County, another old time Democrat, has also changed his party faith this year.

Nebraska was much in evidence at Republican national headquarters during the day. Edward Rosewater and Mayor Moores of Omaha were both there, and both reported that Bryan would have difficulty in carrying his own State this fall.

"That Mr. Bryan realizes the situation," said Mr. Rosewater, "is shown by the fact that he is going to take a much more active part in the campaign in Nebraska this year than he had at first intended. My information is that he will bend all his energies toward electing a fusion Legislature, so that, being beaten for the Presidency, he can be elected United States Senator. The Republicans are hard at work, however, and the prospect of carrying the State for McKinley is good."

BOMERICH TO HEAD TICKET.

Will Be Named for Governor by Wisconsin Democrats—Fight Over State Chairmanship.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Louis G. Bomerich will be nominated for Governor by the Democratic State convention tomorrow.

This is the only matter which will come before the convention which is absolutely settled. It looked previous to the gathering of the delegates tonight that J. W. Murphy of this city had a walkaway for the chairmanship of the State Central committee. Tonight, however, the Rose wing of the party succeeded in making a showing in the fight for the chairmanship which was a revelation to the opponents of Rose.

Outside of the contest for the chairmanship there will not be any other real fight in the convention. The delegates are so much in the air about the places on the State ticket below the office of Governor it is impossible to predict any slate. No one wants to accept nomination with certain defeat ahead.

ANTI-ADDICKS MEN ARE NAMED.

Regular Republicans of Delaware Nominate Martin B. Burris for Governor and Complete a Ticket.

For Governor—Martin B. Burris.
For Lieutenant Governor—John Hunn.
For Presidential Electors—Charles W. Pusey, Manlove Hayes, and Daniel J. Layton.
For Congressman, short term—Walker O. Hoffecker.
For Congressman for the full term—Former Congressman Jonathan S. Willis.
For Attorney General—H. H. Ward.
For State Treasurer—Dr. L. Heisler Ball.
For Insurance Commissioner—George E. Smith.
For Auditor of Accounts—Purnell B. Norman.

Wilmington, Del., Aug. 21.—The convention of the regular Republicans (anti-Addicks faction) nominated the above ticket today. Hayes, named for Presidential Elector, occupies the same place on the Union Republican (Addicks) ticket, placed in the field two weeks ago. The short term Congressman is to fill the term for which the late John H. Hoffecker was elected.

READY TO COVER ALL BETS.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Capitalist Offers to Wager $50,000 McKinley Will Be Re-elected.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—George E. Bardeen, President of the Bardeen Paper company, declares he will wager any amount from $5,000 to $50,000 that McKinley will be the next President of the United States, and says he will cover any Bryan money that may show up.

Nominated for Congress.

State.	Dist.	Name.	Party.
Wis.....	8....	E. L. Luckow.....	Dem.

TREATY WITH SPAIN IS SIGNED.

United States and Madrid Government Take Last Step in Restoration of Friendly Relations.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—Minister Storer, at Madrid, informs the State department that a treaty of amity, commerce, and navigation and general intercourse has been signed provisionally by the Minister of State and himself. This practically marks the last step in the complete restoration of relations between Spain and the United States.

The new treaty modernizes the treaty relations between the two nations. Prior to the severance of all communication upon the declaration of war with Spain, the two governments were proceeding under the terms of a treaty negotiated in the last century. It was cumbersome and in some respects wholly inapplicable to existing conditions, one provision, for instance, relating to trade between the United States and Florida as a colony of Spain.

WANT PURE FOOD LAW CHANGED

Retail Dealers Decide to Enter Politics and Make Fight Against Department Stores Through Legislation.

The Cook County Retailers' association will go into politics with a view of obtaining legislation directed against department stores. At a meeting of the association last night it was decided to appoint a committee to meet Richard Yates and Samuel Alschuler, candidates for Governor, and obtain from them pledges of their influence for the legislation desired.

The association wishes to have the pure food law amended so that instead of holding the retailer responsible for the purity of the merchandise sold the manufacturer may be held responsible, if he is located within the State, and the retailer be held responsible only in case of articles manufactured outside the State. The association also wants a pledge that the appointment of Pure Food Commissioners be given to some one posted upon the subject.

The association will hold another meeting one week from tonight, when the report of the committee will be received.

Reduced Rates to Northern Michigan

Via Michigan Central and Grand Rapids and Indiana railways. Tickets will be sold Aug. 24, good returning until Sept. 4, at the following rates: Mackinac Island, $7; Mackinaw City, $6; Charlevoix, Bay View, Petoskey, and Traverse City, $5. Full information at city ticket office, 119 Adams street, Chicago.

BRYAN HERE LABOR DAY.

DEMOCRATIC LEADER DECIDES TO ATTEND PICNIC.

Official Announcement Is Made at National Headquarters of Change in Plans of Presidential Nominee Which Will Bring Governor Roosevelt and Him Together on Platform at Celebration—Chairman Jones Is Still Trying to Get Letter Back.

It was announced at Democratic national headquarters yesterday that William J. Bryan would be in Chicago Labor day after all and speak at the picnic to be held in connection with the Labor day celebration. The announcement was made by George Schilling, head of the labor bureau at the headquarters, and was joyfully received by the people in charge of the picnic.

If this program is adhered to it will result in Governor Roosevelt and Colonel Bryan appearing on the same platform. With the two national candidates here, Judge Yates and Samuel Alschuler will probably accept also, and the prospect is strong for the largest crowd a Labor day picnic ever saw.

Governor Roosevelt will naturally draw the largest crowd, but there is still considerable of a desire to hear Bryan, and the appearance of the two together will be calculated to bring almost every one out. Colonel Bryan's original intention was to go to Cleveland on Labor day, but according to the announcement made by Mr. Schilling he has changed his mind.

Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National committee, is still trying to get back that letter he wrote indorsing the Bryan book published by the Conkey company. Up to date, however, it is still in the possession of Mr. Conkey. Every one is perfectly willing to believe Senator Jones' explanation that when he wrote the letter he did not know there was any trouble between Conkey and the union printers, and, at the same time, every one is laughing at the ignorance of what was going on under his nose which could make it possible for the chairman of the committee to do such a thing.

The explanation made is that Senator Jones does not read the Chicago newspapers, but the campaign sheet published under the auspices of his own committee has had references to the matter and has given the Democratic side of the controversy. In the meantime people around national headquarters who are anxious to remain in Senator Jones' good graces are exceedingly careful to make no references to that letter in the Senator's hearing.

The meeting of the Central Democratic club of Proviso was held last night in the pavilion at West Maywood and was attended by most of the leading Democrats of the township. John J. Fesly, candidate for Congress in the Second District, and Clayton E. Crafts, candidate for the State Legislature in the Ninth District, addressed the club asking for its support. Mr. Crafts was about to resign the floor when J. R. Cummings, President of the club, rose and asked him why he had never refuted the charges made against him by his enemies.

"In all the attacks which have been made against me," Mr. Crafts replied, "no one has ever dared to say when or where or how or why I have misconducted myself. They have uttered nothing which I could tie them down to, and until they do I think the wiser policy is to take no notice of the backbiters."

POPULATION OF TWIN CITIES.

Census Figures Give Minneapolis 202,718 and St. Paul 163,632 People.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Bulletins showing the poulation of Minneapolis and St. Paul were issued by the Census office today. The population of Minneapolis is 202,718, an increase of 37,980, or 23.05 per cent over 1890, when the population was 164,738. St. Paul did not make as good a showing as its twin, the figures being 163,632, a gain of 30,476, or 22.89 per cent over 1890, when the population was 133,156.

The population of Minneapolis by wards is as follows:

Minneapolis now has 39,086 more than St. Paul, 7,504 of which was gained during the last decade.

The increase for the former city in 1900 is as nothing compared with that for 1890, when it was 117,851, or 251.35 per cent. In the previous decade the increase was but 33,821, but at the same time the percentage of increase was 258.85. In 1870 the increase was 10,502, or 409.59 per cent over 1860, when the total poulation of Minneapolis was 2,564. In 1860 there was no record of Minneapolis, so far as the census is concerned, and, in fact, that city has grown from a small village at the beginning of the civil war until now it has a population of 202,718.

In St. Paul for the decade ending in 1890 the increase in population was 91,688, or 221.07 per cent. This was a phenomenal growth. In 1880 the increase was 21,448, or 107.05 per cent; in 1870, 9,629, or 92.58 per cent; in 1860, 9,280, or 835.34 per cent over the previous ten years, when the total population of St. Paul was 1,112. In 1850 St. Paul was a little village and was the ninety-fifth town in size in the country, while Minneapolis in that year had not been heard of.

FARMERS HOLD A CONVENTION.

Colorado Springs Entertains Representative Agriculturists from All Parts of the Country.

Colorado Springs, Colo., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The twentieth annual session of the Farmers' National Congress was called to order in the Colorado Springs High School auditorium this morning. Five hundred delegates were present and more arrived this afternoon. Tomorrow large delegations are expected. After an invocation by President Slocum of Colorado College, addresses of welcome were made by Secretary McClurg of the Chamber of Commerce, Mayor Robinson, and Governor Thomas. Responses were delivered by Secretary J. M. Stahl of Chicago, Acting President R. G. F. Candage of Massachusetts, and President Worth of the Fargo (N. D.) Agricultural College.

President Candage, in his annual address, expressed his pleasure at greeting so many delegates, representing all parts of the country, and recounted the prosperity of the past year, when the farmers produced not only enough for their own needs, but from their abundance sent large stores to all parts of the world.

B. F. Clayton of Indianola, Ia., spoke on "The Independence of the Farmer and Tradesmen" this afternoon, and H. J. Redding of Georgia discussed "The Manufacturer in the South."

Tonight's program included an address by Amos R. Smith of New York on "Our Shipping Interests" and one by Professor Elwood Mead of the United States Department of Agriculture on "Irrigation Investigation."

JUMP IN TO SWIM AND DROWN.

Charles Finney Loses His Life in the Lake and Thomas Scanlan in a Pond.

Charles Finney, 21 years old, was drowned in the lake at the foot of Illinois street yesterday. Finney was employed by the D. B. Scully Syrup company, 416 Illinois street. After eating his lunch at noon he started to go in swimming. He jumped into the lake and failed to reappear. The body was recovered. It is supposed by the police that Finney was taken with a cramp. Finney lived at 28 Bissell street.

The recent rains formed a pond between the bank of the drainage canal and the embankment of the Santa Fé railroad tracks at Hammond avenue, and in this Thomas Scanlan, 10 years old, lost his life. Scanlan lived at Thirty-fourth street and Kedzie avenue. Not knowing it was beyond his depth he jumped in and drowned before his companions could help him.

Marquette and Return, $7.

On Aug. 24 the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway will sell round trip tickets, Chicago to Marquette, at rate of $7. Return limit Sept. 4. Rate Aug. 20, 21, and Sept. 4, $12.85 for round trip; limit twenty-one days. Through sleeping cars daily at 10:30 p. m. Dining cars. Tickets, berths, and full information at 95 Adams street and Union Passenger Station, Canal street.

DEATH OF JUDGE J. C. ORRICK.

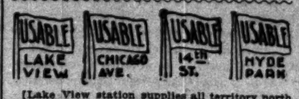
Former Law Partner of J. W. Noble and Ex-Speaker of Missouri Legislature Dies at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., Aug. 21.—Judge John Cromwell Orrick, ex-Speaker of the Missouri House of Representatives, who was chiefly instrumental in restoring the ballot to secessionists in Missouri without compelling them to take the oath of loyalty, died today.

Mr. Orrick was for many years the law partner of John W. Noble, the firm being dissolved shortly before General Noble went to Washington as Secretary of the Interior under President Harrison.

In the Republican caucus at the convention of 1870 Mr. Orrick presented a resolution, which afterward became an amendment to the State constitution, restoring the rights of citizenship to all male citizens who had been disfranchised on account of service in the army of the confederacy. Before that ex-confederates had been compelled to take the oath of allegiance before being permitted to vote.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.



[Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets and also the Stock-Yards. Hyde Park station supplies all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.

CLOSING OF MAILS AT CHICAGO TODAY.

For Costa Rica, via Mobile, 6 p. m.
For Jamaica, via Boston, 12 p. m.
For Cuba, via Tampa, 1 p. m.
CHARLES U. GORDON, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

For Illinois and Indiana—Fair in northern, thunder-storms and cooler in southern and central portions Wednesday. Thursday fair, light northerly winds.

For Ohio—Thunder-storms and local rains in southern, fair in northern portion Wednesday. Thursday fair, light fresh northerly winds.

For lower Michigan—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, northerly winds, shifting to westerly.

For upper Michigan—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, light to fresh northerly winds.

For Wisconsin—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, light northerly winds, shifting to southwesterly.

For Minnesota—Generally fair Wednesday, except local rains in western portion. Thursday showers in eastern, fair in western portion, with cooler in southern portion, southerly winds.

For Iowa—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, southeasterly winds.

For Missouri—Local rains and cooler in southern, fair in northern portions Wednesday. Thursday fair, northwesterly winds.

For North Dakota—Generally fair Wednesday, with cooler in western portion. Thursday fair, southerly winds, becoming northwesterly.

For South Dakota and Nebraska—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, southeasterly winds.

Place of observation.	Time taken: Aug. 21, 8 p. m.	Highest temperature.	Lowest temperature.	Mean temperature.	Direction of wind.	Velocity of wind in miles per hour.	Precipitation in inches.	State of weather.
Abilene		90	64		S.E.		....	Clear
Albany		70	50		S.		....	Clear
Alpena		76	52		N.E.		....	Clear
Atlanta		86	64		W.		....	Clear
Amarillo		88	58		S.W.		....	Clear
Bismarck		76	52		W.		....	Rain
Buffalo		76	58		N.E.		....	Clear
Boston		72	58		S.		....	Clear
Cairo		92	74		S.W.		....	Cl'dy
Calgary		68	50		N.W.		....	Fair
Charlotte		78	54		W.		....	Cl'dy
Cheyenne		84	60		N.E.		....	Cl'dy
Chicago		74	64		N.E.		.58	Cl'dy
Cincinnati		90	60		S.E.		....	Cl'dy
Cleveland		80	62		S.E.		....	Clear
Concordia		102	72		S.E.		.78	Cl'dy
Davenport		78	60		N.E.		....	Clear
Denver		90	60		N.E.		....	Cl'dy
Des Moines		92	70		N.W.		....	Cl'dy
Detroit		74	60		N.E.		....	Clear
Dodge		100	70		S.W.		....	Fair
Dubuque		78	62		N.E.		....	Cl'dy
Duluth		68	52		E.		.08	Fair
El Paso		92	66		S.W.		....	Clear
Edmonton		70	48		N.W.		.02	Cl'dy
Galveston		84	68		S.		....	Clear
Grand Haven		84	58		W.		....	Cl'dy
Green Bay		76	58		N.E.		....	Fair
Havre		74	50		N.		....	Fair
Helena		94	56		S.W.		....	Cl'dy
Huron		80	54		E.		.14	Fair
Indianapolis		92	62		N.		....	Fair
Jacksonville		90	66		W.		....	Fair
Kansas City		92	68		S.W.		....	Cl'dy
Little Rock		92	66		S.		....	Clear
Los Angeles		90	62		W.		....	Clear
Marquette		68	50		N.E.		.02	Cl'dy
Memphis		92	68		S.		....	Clear
Medicine Hat		76	52		N.W.		.02	Cl'dy
Milwaukee		68	62		N.E.		.48	Cl'dy
Minnedosa		72	46		N.W.		....	Cl'dy
Montgomery		92	66		W.		....	Clear
Montreal		68	52		E.		....	Fair
Nashville		92	66		S.		....	Clear
New Orleans		88	74		S.W.		....	Clear
New York City		76	72		S.		.Tr.	Cl'dy
Norfolk		86	68		S.E.		.01	Cl'dy
North Platte		82	54		E.		....	Fair
Oklahoma		92	66		S.		....	Clear
Omaha		94	66		S.E.		.06	Cl'dy
Oswego		76	56		S.		....	Clear
Palestine		96	66		S.		....	Clear
Parkersburg		92	62		S.W.		.12	Fair
Philadelphia		78	62		S.E.		.02	Cl'dy
Pittsburg		78	64		N.		.10	Cl'dy
Pueblo		92	62		S.W.		....	Cl'dy
Qu'Appelle		64	50		S.		.06	Rain
Rapid City		74	54		N.W.		.10	Clear
Salt Lake City		96	68		W.		....	Clear
St. Louis		94	100		S.		....	Cl'dy
St. Paul		84	58		N.		....	Fair
Salt Lake City		90	64		W.		....	Clear
Ste. Marie		64	72		N.W.		....	Clear
Springfield, Ill.		90	66		S.		....	Cl'dy
Springfield, Mo.		92	66		S.W.		....	Clear
Vicksburg		98	74		S.W.		....	Clear
Washington		76	74		N.E.		.88	Cl'dy
Williston		78	54		S.		.Tr.	Clear

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature, as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 86 East Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 74; 9 a. m., 74; 10 a. m., 75; 11 a. m., 76; 12 m., 76; 1 p. m., 76; 2 p. m., 76; 3 p. m., 76; 4 p. m., 73. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.45; 6 p. m., 29.48.

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED by the Building Department yesterday:

Fred Corvinus, 1-story brick addition, 60 Bowling-st..... $ 1,700
United States Brewing company, two 2 and 1 story frame stores, 4501 and 4509 Gross-av..... 8,000
A. Sevida, 2-story brick cottage, 1341 S. Spaulding-av..... 800
Sam Brown Jr., 1-story brick cottage, 408 N. St. Louis-av..... 1,400
William Deitsher, 2-story brick residence, 108 Hiegens-av..... 2,600
Emilia Weirt, 2-story frame flat, 1303 75th-st..... 1,500
L. S. Heafield, 1-story frame cottage, 1755 N. Central Park-av..... 1,000
E. W. Erickson, 2-story brick flat, 826 N. Park-av..... 2,800
A. Sundone, 2-story brick residence, 1897 Drake-st..... 2,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE AT SPRINGfield yesterday licensed the following corporations:

The Colonial Aid association, Chicago; not for profit; incorporators, I. M. Krooth, J. B. Beck, and Elias Jones.

The Furniture Exchange and Credit company of Joliet certified to a change of name to the Hallenstein Furniture and Carpet company, and an increase in capital stock from $2,500 to $5,000.

The Beth Moshav Zo of Chicago certified to a change of name to the Beth Moshav Zo Keinim of Chicago, and an increase in the number of directors from twelve to fifty-two.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
William E. Buckley, Mamie G. Jones	21—18
Edward W. Rosing, Agnes Rasch	21—19
Charles Krutekoff, Maud Bachelder	25—23
William J. Schults of Lansing, Mich., Emma Wittenhagen	25—19
Jaka, Karstain, Carbondale, Ill., Grace H. Davis, same	27—21
James G. McLaughlin, Annie Kalwetit	26—20
Charles E. Bradshaw, Campton, Ill., Mae Cole, same	20—20
James W. Kelly, Louise Berndt	27—26
Louis Grossman, Anna Weinreb	33—30
Andrzy Andriejeski, Antonia Cecka	22—19
Carlton E. Fay, Ringwood, Ill., Emma J. Kemerling, Chicago, Ill	36—25
Edward J. Smith, Cora M. Jemins	29—27
Murray Mitchell, Mary J. Bristow	29—27
Louis G. Scherti of Milwaukee, Wis., Gertrude Fischer of Chicago	27—20
Edward J. Melich, May Maur	26—20
Wanszenico Ochab, Maryanna Opiela	27—24
Peter J. Rattle, Cassie A. Bryson	27—24
Stanislaw Rszmyszkiwick, Maryanna Golenbiecka	26—18
George F. Mahoney, May Dolan	22—21
Paul Reardon, Martha Flynn	23—17
Thomas Malinger, Maryanna Stabrowska	21—21
Michael J. Marren, Agnes B. Stinson	20—20
Joseph Popowski, Annie Kowalaska	23—18
Leopold Manville, Hanna Hansen	30—28
Thomas A. Watson, Chicago, Ill., Adel Spelnes, Jackson, Mich	25—23
Joseph Stepan, Albina Zika	22—20
Augustius Pedall, Bettina Sciabbe	25—18
Michael Feltson, Louise Bachli	23—19
Gerard Boss, Tillie Dickman	25—23
Wladyslaw Bonk, Gertruda Wreesos	23—19
William H. Ross, Alice M. Poole	24—23
C. Edward Swanston, Katie Mansfield	32—30
Tomasz Gurcel, Maryanna Stasko	21—19
Albert B. Orryiller, Gladys M. Reynolds	23—22
Anton List, Antonia Skoranska	28—20
Joseph Glover, Louise Tutt	28—20
Herman Waller, Fredericka Dillner	23—21
William T. Bond, Margaret Junginger	21—21
Joseph Lifka, Emma Muella	23—19
John Weis, Anna Matthys	24—21
Frank Reittinger, Maud Andrews	27—27
George McCall, Blue Island, Ill.; Anna Coe, same	26—20
Maurice S. Diller, Daisy M. White	29—26
Louis L. Deutsch, Amalie Lowenthal	40—30
Herman F. Hanslein, Josephine Froelich	23—19
Edward Broughton, Norra Curris	29—29
Philip H. Flood, San Francisco, Cal.; Grace	

When Making a Journey

Your digestive apparatus should have the very best attention. One way to help is to be particular as to food. The very best food prepared in the very best manner and sold at a reasonable price is the foundation of the popularity of the Dining Car service of the

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN

Chicago to Dubuque, St. Paul and Minneapolis; to Des Moines, St. Joseph and Kansas City.
City Office: 115 Adams Street.
Depot: Harrison St. and 5th Ave., CHICAGO.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

A. Calisher, same	60—33
Frank Bergren, Amelia Johnson	24—19
Edward R. O'Connor, Nellie Kearney	29—21
John McNulty, Nora McCormick	21—18
John Carlson, Hilda Gustafson	29—21
Joseph Dennell, San Francisco, Cal.; Lulu A. Knight, same	32—28
Adolph Rudin, Ella Barth	21—18
William White, Anna Borbek	24—23
Gustav Leister, Anna Rode	38—30

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING DEATHS WERE REPORTED to the Chicago Health Department yesterday:

Alfsen, Henrietta B., 45; 706 W. Ohio-st., Aug. 19.
Block, Max, 53; Alexian Hospital, Aug. 19.
Cline, Rosa, 24; St. Luke's Hospital, Aug. 18.
Detlaf, John, 11; 4810 Hermitage-av., Aug. 19.
Demke, Henry, 84; 1420 Green-st., Aug. 18.
Enslin, Annie S., 34; 3009 S. Halsted-av., Aug. 20.
Engelhardt, John, 74; 816 Noble-av., Aug. 20.
Embrott, Thomas, 71; 282 Superior-ct., Aug. 19.
Forrest, Charles B., 55; 1551 Ellis-av., Aug. 20.
Frisenberg, Annie, 21, Michigan-av. and 126th-st., Aug. 19.
Gussman, Charles, 37; St. Luke's Hospital, Aug. 18.
Hartpence, Sadie M., 46; 139 N. Springfield-av., Aug. 20.
Harris, Hardin, 68; 1818 Armour-av., Aug. 17.
Holfeld, Frank, 19; 150 S. North-av., Aug. 20.
Kukorostis, Peter, 31; 924 53d-st., Aug. 18.
Koehn, Ella, 28; 121 Seminary-av., Aug. 18.
Krouch, Lawrence H., 62; 42 M. 50th-av., Aug. 20.
Lawrence, William H., 60; 437 N. Willow-av., Aug. 20.
Poblotzki, August, 52; 358 Ward-st., Aug. 19.
Rosenquist, Anna, 58; 1196 W. Roscoe-st., Aug. 20.
Rider, William, 1m; 2806 S. Park-av., Aug. 20.
Spurgin, Mary S., 81; 1040 Parnell-av., Aug. 20.
Sliff, Theresa, 32; 1260 Clybourn-av., Aug. 20.
Schuman, Susanna E., 35; 678 Dunning-st., Aug. 20.
Smetana, Voitech, 60; 654 19th-st., Aug. 20.
Strauch, Ernestine, 4d; 1110 92d-pl., Aug. 20.
Vieman, Amelia A., 34; 1536 W. 16th-st., Aug. 21.
Williams, John W., 56; 399 S. Washtenaw-av., Aug. 20.
Yochem

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, single copy	2 cents
Sunday, single copy	5 cents
Daily, per week	12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week	17 cents
Daily, per month	50 cents
Daily and Sunday, per month	75 cents

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Daily, without Sunday, six months	2.00
Daily, without Sunday, three months	1.25
Daily, without Sunday, two months	1.00
Daily, without Sunday, one month	.50
Daily, with Sunday, one year	6.00
Daily, with Sunday, six months	3.00
Daily, with Sunday, three months	1.75
Daily, with Sunday, one month	.75
Sunday issue, one year	2.00
Sunday issue, one month	.25

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NEW YORK—154 WORLD BUILDING.
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING.

Persons wishing to take "The Tribune" by carrier may order it by postal card or by telephone—Express 667. When delivery is irregular make complaint.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 16 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 28 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.

FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.

Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 22, 1900.

Southern Politics and Business.

It is amazing that the South should remain Democratic when all of the interests of its business-men are furthered by protection, sound money, and expansion. The Southern industries are young and need the fostering care of a tariff, while those in the North are better able to stand alone. Southern products will have the greater proportionate share of the market in Porto Rico and the Philippines and the new industries springing up in the South would be destroyed by an unstable currency. Recognition of the importance of the first two of these issues was seen in 1896, when Maryland and Kentucky supported McKinley. This year it seems that there is a prospect of the true interests of the section receiving even wider recognition. Thus, the Manufacturers' Record, as a consistent promoter of Southern industry, finds itself unable to oppose protection, sound money, and expansion. That its views are shared widely is shown by the letters it prints from its readers, who tell why they are for McKinley. Typical is the statement of F. R. Gordon, President of the Columbus Manufacturing company of Columbus, Ga. He declares that the people of the South should "beware of Democracy, so called, when it chooses as leaders men who, if elected, are pledged to secure legislation antagonistic to the best progress of the United States and who have nothing to offer us but a few political offices."

Discussing Extravagance.

The London Chronicle's contribution to the annual silly season discussion in the England is the "burning question, "Are we improvident?" which was begun by one of its readers, continued by others, and has crept into other newspapers. As a rule most of the writers agree in answering the question in the affirmative. It is declared that the well-to-do, who are always preaching the doctrine of thrift to the masses, are themselves extravagant. Everybody wants to be in the swim, and graceful swimming is a costly sport. The man who begins business as a physician or an attorney rents costly offices and scatters money with a prodigal hand as bait to other people equally extravagant. It is regarded as the proper thing to spend as much as possible for everything, or to make the pretense of doing so. Nothing is more unfashionable than to haggle over prices, and so the would-be grand dame must pay what is asked without question. The manuals containing cooking recipes for "left-overs" are neglected. Those with money regard the serving of hash or croquettes as parsimony, and no one imitates the frugality of Hamlet's royal mother, who served the funeral baked meats coldly to grace the marriage feast. The sermon preached by some is that this extravagance begets extravagance in others who can less well afford it, and hence the example spreads throughout the whole social system. It is easy to fancy that the cry is exaggerated, but there is probably more in it than in most of the London silly season discussions, and it is likely to be more fruitful of result than the American shirt waist debates.

Mr. Lackner an Expansionist.

The London correspondent of the Chicago Daily News remarks that Mr. Francis Lackner, the Chicago lawyer and war veteran, now visiting London on business, is an expansionist. Mr. Lackner is a brother-in-law of Carl Schurz and has been a journalist as well as a lawyer. He is one of the many men of marked ability who have no sympathy with Mr. Bryan's doctrines. One reason for this is that he is a veteran of the civil war. There are remarkably few of the old-time soldiers who have any patience with Bryan's mushy sentiments regarding the unconditional surrender of Americans to uncivilized tribes in the Philippines. That is not the sort of military doctrine on which they were brought up. It is an interesting fact that Mr. Lackner marched out of Wisconsin as a volunteer private about the same time that General MacArthur, now commander-in-chief of the American forces in the Philippines, enlisted in another Wisconsin regiment. Both returned from the war with shoulder straps, and neither has seen the other since, but both have retained the same patriotic ideals. General Sherman, in his memoirs, says that owing to the practice of recruiting the old Wisconsin regiments with new men during the war, instead of putting all the raw recruits by themselves, one Wisconsin regiment was considered equal to a brigade of any other troops. Men like Lackner and MacArthur have reason to recall that remark of Sherman's with pride. The same quality that made such good soldiers of the Wisconsin men will now account for their entire lack of sympathy with Bryan's scuttle-and-quit policy in the Philippines.

A Great Discovery in Surgery.

The discovery that local anæsthesia may be successfully applied in cases of major surgical operations may well mark the commencement of a new epoch in medicine. Heretofore chloroform and other have been the only agents used in serious operations, and the fact that they sometimes have a serious effect on the vital organs and always produce unconsciousness has lent an additional terror to the dread with which such emergencies are faced. Now, according to the reports brought home by Chicago physicians from the International medical congress at Paris, it is possible to apply local anæsthesia so that while the patient retains consciousness the operation is painless, and at the same time there is no danger of after effects. A discovery of this kind which lessens human suffering and makes it possible to save a greater percentage of human lives is really of greater importance and significance than some of the more celebrated inventions which, while helping to save time and work, add at the same time to the countless dangers with which civilization surrounds people. It is a striking thing that while the man who invents a new way of conveying or of storing the deadly electric fluid or a new and more wholesale way of killing men is richly rewarded in a financial way, the man who has made this great discovery in painless surgery gives it to the world without thought of reward except such as shall come to him in the way of enhanced professional reputation.

ALREADY A DEAD ISSUE.

It is not safe to say positively that "anti-imperialism" will not interest the people next month or month after next. No man can predict with certainty which way the shifting currents of popular thought may run and what the political topic may be which will engross public attention in October.

"Anti-imperialism" has been advertised extensively. It has been introduced as the paramount issue of the campaign. But the only persons who accept it as such are the framers of the Kansas City platform and the editors who fill their columns with eulogies of that platform, and gold Democrats who are anxious under some convenient cover to get back into regular standing in the party find in "anti-imperialism" an excuse for their return. If that excuse had not offered itself many of them would have seized on some other. They have voted for Democratic candidates except in 1896. They feel more at home in that party than in any other. From it alone do they expect political preferment.

But while many of the gold Democrats are passing over this "anti-imperialism" bridge to Mr. Bryan, few Republicans of any consequence are following them. The silver Republicans of 1896 are proclaiming that free silver is a dead issue and are returning in companies and regiments to the Republican camp. The alleged "imperialism" of that party does not deter them. It is said quite correctly by a paper which favors neither McKinley nor Bryan that "there are as yet few evidences that any large number of votes will be attracted to Bryan on this ground of anti-imperialism between the Alleghanies and the Missouri River, while farther West, where the expansion sentiment has always been strongest, he seems likely to lose rather than gain by his attitude concerning imperialism."

Nor are the rank and file of the Democratic party itself in the least excited over this "paramount issue" of the party platform. It was not an issue of their making. They, like other Americans, have no burning desire that this country shall give up territory it has won in fair fight and "ensmall" itself. This hue and cry about "imperialism" was none of their raising. It was invented by their leaders, who have long been in search of some campaign cry to take the place of "16 to 1." Those leaders, unable to find a satisfactory issue among those which interest the people, have manufactured one, and have been toiling thus far without success to interest the people in it.

Their failure to do so is not surprising. Their assurances that their Philippine policy is based on the Declaration of Independence and the rights of man do not conceal the fact that it is a cowardly policy, based on deceit. Mr. Bryan contends that Americans are not so competent to govern Filipinos as Filipinos are to govern themselves, and also the white men living in the Philippines, and the white men's City of Manila. But the rule of action of Mr. Bryan's party in the cotton States is that white men are competent to govern colored citizens without their consent. Yet the colored men of the South are better qualified to govern themselves than are the Tagals or the members of other tribes in the Philippines.

The difference between the Republican Philippine policy and Democratic policy as gingerly set forth by Bryan is so slight that the ordinary voter is unable to perceive any important difference. The administration is endeavoring to establish good government in the Philippines. The necessary prerequisite is the suppression of armed resistance to the authority of the government. The Democrats object to that as government without "the consent of the governed." The first thing they propose to do, however, is to establish "a stable government" in the Philippines. They do not say that they have obtained or intend to ask for "the consent of the governed," nor do they explain where they get the right to establish "a stable government" for Filipinos. If the latter claim the right to do it for themselves it will be necessary for Mr. Bryan to suppress an insurrection before he can make a government. As the first thing to be done, whoever may be elected President, will be the suppression of the Philippine insurrection, the general feeling will be that Mr. McKinley should be allowed to go on and finish a necessary work he has begun.

For these and other reasons the "anti-imperialist" issue has fallen flat thus far. The voters do not take kindly to it, nor can it be forced on them if they do not wish for it. Politicians may press issues on the voters, but the latter will accept only those which attract them. Four years ago President McKinley and some of his advisers strove to make the tariff "the paramount issue." The voters would not have it. Free silver alone interested them. It was something they could understand. This abstract question of "imperialism" does not excite them. Should it fail to do so during the coming month the Democrats may feel obliged to drop it and in despair fall back on "16 to 1." It will not be a winning issue, but the public will understand it and will meet it squarely.

THE PRACTICE OF "FLIPPING."

Acting Mayor Walker has done well to issue a peremptory order for the arrest and punishment of boys who jump on and off street cars. It is time something were being done to check the prevalence of this dangerous practice. Within the last few days a boy was crushed to death under the wheels of an electric car while trying to evade the conductor, and another was run over by an automobile in the same way. The habit of stealing rides on cars is practiced by idle boys at all hours of the day and in all parts of the city, and the number of accidents is large. There is an adequate ordinance against the evil, and it should be enforced. It is impossible to catch and punish all the boys that break the ordinance, but if a considerable number of them are fined or imprisoned it will break up the practice. Parents who have had to pay a fine of $5 or $10 will be likely to find means to deter their boys from this forbidden form of sport. The boys themselves will not be slow in understanding the force of a few salutary examples.

Street car conductors are practically helpless in dealing with boys who jump on the footboard in this way. They have their own business to attend to and cannot spend their time in pursuing unruly boys who jump on the farther end of a car or on the side barred to passengers. Even if they do reach the offender before he disappears, they cannot throw him off or do anything with him except to put him off at the next stop.

The great majority of these offenders cling to the barred side of the car, where they are in the most imminent danger of being struck by another car or by a passing team when they leap to the ground. The fact that a boy gets on that side of a car should be proof presumptive that he had no intention of paying his fare. If the police will attend promptly to all cases of this kind that come within their notice they will soon discourage the practice of "flipping," and thereby save the lives and limbs of a considerable percentage of the youthful population of the city.

GENERAL GORDON'S LETTER.

General John B. Gordon, Commander-in-Chief of the United Confederate Veterans, has shown a praiseworthy spirit in the letter written in reply to some of his critics. A few of the irreconcilables recently condemned the Blue and Gray reunion at Atlanta and protested against General Gordon's possible acceptance of an invitation to attend the Grand Army reunion at Chicago. While the General has been prevented by other causes from coming to Chicago, he kindly but frankly informs his Southern critics that his own conscience and conception of duty must be his guide in such cases, and he further makes his liberal attitude clear in these words:

> Let it be definitely understood that so long as providence permits me to speak or labor I shall continue the efforts which I have made for thirty years in the interest of sectional harmony and unity. Whatever I can do will assuredly be done for the truth of history, for justice to the South and to all sections, for fostering our cherished memories, for the obliteration of all sectional bitterness, and for the settlement of all sectional controversies on a basis consistent with the honor and the manhood and the self-respect of all.

This admirable letter illustrates once more the oft-noted fact that the men on the fighting line during a war do not feel the personal bitterness or the lasting animosity found among those not in the field. There are still a few men in the South who, for political purposes, continue to wave the bloody shirt, but they are not the men who bore the burden and heat of the conflict. Soldiers on the firing line found no difficulty, even during the war, in fraternizing during a lull in hostilities. Any one who reads the memoirs of men like Grant, Sherman, or Sheridan, and who sees the generous way in which these gallant soldiers speak of their foes, will have no difficulty in understanding the spirit displayed in General Gordon's letter. It is the same spirit that animated Grant in his magnanimous treatment of the confederates at the close of the war. Between the men engaged in the actual fighting, as Gordon was, there is always a spirit of mutual respect and recognition of reciprocal merit.

There is really nothing now to foster a spirit of antagonism between the North and the South. The younger generation knows nothing of the civil war except by hearsay. It has no lively interest in the subject. There remains, therefore, only the presence of the negroes to breed dissension. The people of the North look with more or less disfavor upon the prevailing Southern plan of getting Congressional representation on a basis of negro population while not allowing the negroes to vote. But, on the other hand, many feel that there is something of human nature in the suppression of the colored vote, and that perhaps if the blacks were in the majority in New York and the Tammany Democrats in the minority, the Democrats in New York would resort to about as radical measures against the colored majority as those that have been adopted in South Carolina.

As the people of the two sections become better acquainted, this last element of discord will be eliminated by some satisfactory arrangement. The most important point is that we have succeeded in getting the civil war out of politics. Thanks to the broad spirit of men like General Gordon, both in the North and in the South, the distance between Chicago and New Orleans or Atlanta is infinitely less than it was a few years ago.

A WORD TO THE HOUSE COMMITTEE.

With a modest blush befitting the second city on the continent, Chicago welcomes the members of the House Committee on Rivers and Harbors. It is glad that Congressmen representing every section of the country are to be its guests and trusts that their visit will be mutually pleasant and profitable.

Chicago hears with pleasure the story that the committee is inclined to report favorably on various projects for deepening and improving the St. Clair Flats and other channels which will make the passage between the great lakes easy for ships of large capacity. Any improvement which will make possible the transportation of larger cargoes from Lake Michigan to Buffalo will directly benefit the business interests of the city. Chicago also congratulates itself on the favorable attitude of the committee members towards the project of building a through waterway from Lake Michigan to the Gulf of Mexico. At the same time there is another subject which, in the minds of most Chicago people, deserves at the hands of the committee more immediate and direct consideration. That subject is the improvement of the Chicago harbor and river.

In this respect Chicago has never had the attention which its importance as a commercial center warrants. As compared with many cities along the Atlantic coast Chicago has, in fact, been practically overlooked. It is also true that never was the time so fit for deepening, widening, and straightening the course of the river and enlarging and improving the harbor as now. The city already has under way projects for replacing the present swing bridges with their central piers with bascule bridges which will leave the river unobstructed. It is also proposed to lower the tunnels to a depth which will allow ships of the greatest draught to pass over them in safety.

In all this work the city and the national government ought to cooperate to a greater extent than has heretofore been possible. Before plans for the building of a ship canal from Buffalo to the Hudson River are seriously discussed the improvement of the Chicago River should be well under way. Before even the improvement of the Illinois River is undertaken the straightening and widening of the greatest commercial waterway of its size in the world should be accomplished.

Chicago people should not waste their energy in the advocacy of plans the completion of which is at the best a matter of many years, until first the improvements to which they are justly entitled and which most vitally concern them are completed. Western Congressmen would be justified in tying up proposed improvements on Eastern harbors until the harbor and river of Chicago are given the attention which is their due, but with the disposition already manifested by the Congressional committee it is not likely that a policy of coercion will be necessary if the matter is laid before its members in the proper light.

Chicago wants the waterway to Buffalo, at least, widened and deepened; it would like an appropriation made for the purpose of making a survey and an investigation as to the practicability of better connection between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi than exists now; but it wants first of all proper attention paid to the pressing needs of its own harbor and river.

SENATOR STEWART RETURNS.

Senator Stewart of Nevada says he is going to support McKinley. Four years ago he was one of the most enthusiastic supporters Mr. Bryan had. He is against Mr. Bryan this year because he has banished free silver and has made, or tried to make, "anti-imperialism" the "paramount issue."

This new departure of Mr. Bryan and his party does not please Senator Stewart. He says the Democratic party brought on the war with Spain. Through the influence of Mr. Bryan, who was then an industrious member of the lobby, the treaty with Spain, which gave the Philippines to the United States, was ratified. By virtue of the American ownership of the islands "the people of the United States, and particularly of the Pacific coast, became entitled to the vast commerce of the Pacific Ocean to which the Philippines furnish the key." The Senator from Nevada does not relish this proposal of Mr. Bryan's to undo his own work, nor his assertion that what the American government has done to put down insurrection in its own possessions and establish peace and order there is "imperialism" and "militarism." Nor does the Senator see how "giving 'aid and comfort' to rebels against the United States is 'maintaining the principles of the Declaration of Independence.'"

To put it in a few words, Senator Stewart looks on free silver as a dead issue this year and "anti-imperialism" does not appeal to him. So he is going to vote against its inventor. The Senator is quite sure that the people of Nevada will sustain him. There are few people in the State, but they have three Electoral votes.

SCRAPE OFF THE BARNACLES.

Twenty-four years ago Chicago was bankrupted by the extravagance of the Colvin administration. Retrenchment became necessary. A reform Council retrenched by passing an ordinance which reduced the pay roll of the Department of Public Works 50 per cent, partly by dismissing employés and partly by reducing salaries. The pay roll of the Police department was reduced 25 per cent by cutting down salaries 15 per cent and discharging enough from the force to make the total reduction 25 per cent. This ordinance Mayor Heath signed with pleasure. Rigid adherence to this policy of economy put the city on its feet again.

Chicago is again in financial straits. This year's revenue will not be what was expected when the appropriations were made. Expenses must be reduced by two and a half million dollars. The work of retrenchment has begun. As might have been expected "improvements" are to suffer, while the knife is not to be applied to the pay roll. New bridges, though needed, are not to be built. The proposed new boiler plant and pumping engines at the Chicago avenue water-works will not be put in. No crematory will be erected. The street sweeper and sprinkler for each ward, which it had been intended to buy, will not be purchased. Supplies of various kinds will not be bought on so large a scale as had been intended.

It is not suggested, however, that useless employés be dropped or that salaries be pruned. Suggestions of that nature would be distinctly unpopular with the Mayor and the heads of city departments. The Aldermen of today will not propose the policy of the Aldermen of 1876, for they know the Mayor would not sanction it. He would rather inconvenience tens of thousands of Chicagoans by depriving them of a bridge they need than anger one political appointee by taking from him his petty place.

There can be no real retrenchment or reform until the theory of the present municipal administration that the only legitimate use of the revenues is the payment of the highest possible wages to the largest possible number of political retainers has been given up. The Mayor has not the courage to give it up. If he had the city could face this scaling down of its revenues with composure. It could make both ends meet by hiring no more men than are needed and paying them no more than they are worth. Instead of that, the necessaries are to be sacrificed and the luxuries—incompetent, overpaid placeholders—are to be retained.

WHAT THE CENSUS SHOWS.

An analysis of the returns of the federal census not only goes far towards demonstrating its reliability but furnishes plenty of reasons why Chicago people should congratulate themselves rather than complain and object after the manner of the Two Million club and other disappointed citizens.

In the first place, the returns by wards, as given out at Washington, are exactly such as would be predicted by people familiar with conditions in the city. In the wards nearest the center of the city the growth has been small, or even in some cases the population has decreased, while the outlying wards have grown at the rate of from 10 to 20 per cent a year, the Twenty-eighth Ward, in fact, showing for the decade an increase of nearly 250 per cent. In wards where it is a matter of common knowledge that manufacturing establishments have encroached on the territory formerly occupied by residences the figures show a decrease or a merely nominal gain, which is exactly what they might be expected to show. The Seventeenth, Eighteenth, and Twenty-third Wards show a decreased population, for manufactories have elbowed out tenement-houses. The Twenty-fourth Ward has gained but little, for, while private residences north of Chicago avenue have been converted into boarding-houses, thus adding to the population, a larger part of the territory of the ward than ever before is given up to business.

In the large transfer of permanent residents from the heart of the city to the outlying districts there have been two chief factors. The first is the constantly increasing pressure of business and manufacturing interests. Year by year the extension and enlargement of old enterprises and the establishment of new plants demand more ground room. Year by year the circle of boarding-houses and fenements which fringe the business center are driven further back. But the present census shows for the first time the practical working of a new factor. In years gone by thousands of people have been forced to live near their work because there was no way of getting to it from a distance quickly and economically. Within the last ten years all the elevated roads of Chicago have been built and practically all the trolley lines. As a result the prairies have been covered with cottages and the old-time tenements deserted to a corresponding degree. If the value and importance of a system of rapid intramural transportation needed a demonstration the census returns of Chicago would furnish it.

Rapid transit is responsible also for the great changes in real estate values which have taken place. The desirability for residence purposes of much of the territory within a distance of two or three miles of the business center has decreased and its rental and selling value has declined. Property more remote from the business district, having been made accessible, has risen in value.

Altogether there seems to be in the census figures much more occasion for rejoicing than for complaint. Chicago holds its place as the second city on the continent. It shows the greatest percentage of increase of any large city. A considerable number of its people have left the crowded centers of the city, where smoke and dirt and noise make the rearing of a family a struggle, and have moved out into districts where there is plenty of fresh air and where children have a chance to play elsewhere than in crowded streets. The population of its slum wards has either decreased or shows only a trivial increase. Its people as a whole are shown to be living a more natural and a more normal life than they were ten years ago. And in one way or another the city has taken under its protecting wing within the decade 598,725 new citizens, a number sufficient to populate half a dozen Western States.

Chicago is big enough and strong enough to stand by the facts, without filling the air with vain boastings or whining over a disappointment.

ST. PAUL, we understand, is not entirely satisfied with the government census returns, either.

THERE still seems to be some hitch in the official confirmation of that story about the capture of 4,000 British by the Boers the other day.

IT appears to be Mr. Sol Bloom's determination that somebody else shall share with him the trouble and expense of pioneering as a masculine dress reformer.

ASSURANCE is given that the rough places in the streets along which the Grand Army veterans will march next week are to be made smooth. This, let us fervently hope, does not mean that a lot of broken stone will be dumped into the hollows and left for the old soldiers to tramp into smoothness, according to the customary method.

UP here in Chicago we have come to look upon General John B. Gordon of Georgia as about the right sort of man.

ALL that is known certainly concerning the outcome of the fight between Professor Bob Fitzsimmons and the Hon. Tom Sharkey is that both are going to whip.

THE Anti-Horsethief association meets in Wichita, Kas., this year, but Mr. Bryan will be disappointed if he expects to receive the Anti-Horsethief nomination for the Presidency.

PHILADELPHIA will have to show a gain of nearly 652,000 in the last ten years in order to exceed Chicago in population. As it gained only 190,794 in the ten years preceding 1890 we are inclined to think Philadelphia will hardly be equal to the job.

A KANSAS paper asserts that John J. Ingalls was the only man in that State who never ate dinner in his shirt sleeves. In the light of this statement it is plainly to be seen that Kansas bore patiently with Mr. Ingalls for a long time.

IN the absence of other national calamities the able Democratic orators should be able to make effective use of the stoppage of that railway train by an army of grasshoppers near Kalamazoo the other day.

COLONEL BRYAN has taken the Populists' anti-imperialistic bit firmly between his teeth and is about ready for the word "go!"

SENATORIAL quandary of the Nebraska Republicans: To Bee or not to Bee—that is the question!

IN A MINOR KEY.

Overlooked a Point.

Paterfamilias—"Young man, are you carrying any life insurance?"

Prospective Son-in-Law—"Y-yes, sir; I am about to take $10,000 in the Absolutely Sure Thing company."

Paterfamilias—"H'm! I'm not at all certain about that company. It's the one I'm in. You'll have to scatter the risks better than that before you can come into this family."

With Apologies to O. W. H.

The nobby shirt waists rest
On the form, so trimly dressed,
Of Sol Bloom,
And the heartless ones who jeer
One by one will disappear
Up the flume.

Ready to Meet It.

The guest at the expensive hotel had been overcome by the heat and the sight of the bill combined and was lying on the marble floor of the office.

"Stand back," exclaimed some one, "and give him air!"

"No!" gasped the guest, temporarily reviving. "Put it in the bill. I'm willing to pay for it!"

The Professor.

"In union," quoted the doctor, "there is strength."

"Yes," assented the professor. "Sometimes too much. I once knew a tobacconist of the name of Hiram Sting. He went into partnership with another tobacconist whose name was Solomon Kerr. They had plenty of money, and made honest goods, but when they undertook to put the Sting-Kerr cigar on the market they scored the worst failure you ever heard of."

Wiser than He.

"When I grow up, Gracie," the little boy said, "I'll marry you."

"When you grow up, Willie," she replied, "you'll get down on your knees and ask me."

Painful Inference.

"Don't trifle with me, Miss McCurdy!" pleaded the young man, desperately. "Wait till I have finished. Do I need to tell you, after all these weeks, how completely and absolutely your image fills my heart? Have you not seen? Do you not know? Have I not betrayed myself by my looks, by the tones of my voice, by the eager joy that lights up my features whenever you appear? Must I put in words the feelings I can no more disguise than I can—"

"Mr. Whitgood," interrupted the young woman, "are you in earnest?"

"Glycerine McCurdy," he said, drawing himself up with injured dignity, "do you think I'm doing this on a bet?"

Just the Man.

"I don't know," the party manager said, dubiously. "We have had more applications from so-called spellbinders than we can shake a stick at. We've got more eloquent men already than we can use. What I want now is some chap who can simply take the hide off the other fellows."

"Got him right here," replied the caller, beckoning to a man in the background. "Mr. Manager, let me introduce my friend, Mr. Abel Skinner."

PERSONAL.

Elmer B. Adams, who presides over the United States Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, is believed to be the wealthiest federal Judge in the country, his fortune being estimated at $500,000.

President Loubet of France is the first Chief Executive of that country to take to a bicycle. He has been lately riding one more or less publicly and several Parisian papers have, in consequence, criticised him as undignified.

Richard Mansfield has sold his yacht Wayfarer, which he bought last spring and fitted up so lavishly. He was an enthusiastic yachtsman then, and joined the Atlantic Yacht club, but he grew tired of the sport, and disposed of his boat.

Lord Roberts never learned the art of dictating his dispatches, and to this day has to write them out with his own hand. His writing is, moreover, so bad that it can be read only by his aid, to whose lot it consequently falls to "translate" the orders into characters more readily decipherable.

The Milne-Aster episode dies hard. The finale must be wholly satisfactory to Captain Sir Berkeley Milne—his nomination by the Admiralty as one of three officers sent to represent the royal navy at the funeral of the Duke of Coburg. The selection of Sir Berkeley was intended as a demonstration, and it was due to a suggestion made by a royal personage.

WHO'S WHO AND WHAT'S WHAT.

NEW GREAT SEAL OF GREAT BRITAIN.—Documents which have been issued within the last month bearing the signature of the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland are now stamped with a new seal, on which engravers have been busy for nearly a year. The old seal was engraved twenty-two years ago, and has been almost worn out by constant use. The new seal is after designs which were approved by the Queen. On the obverse Queen Victoria is shown sitting upon her throne, crowned and dressed in a richly embroidered robe. In her right hand she bears the scepter, and at her feet lies a cushion embroidered with the rose, shamrock, and thistle. On one of the arms of the throne rests a wreath of laurel, tied with a ribbon. On the right of the Queen stands the figure of St. George and on the left that of St. Michael, both fully armed. About the seals runs the legend, "Victoria, by the Grace of God Queen of Great Britain, Defender of the Faith, and Empress of India."

New Great Seal of Great Britain. Obverse.

New Great Seal of Great Britain. Reverse.

On the reverse of the new seal the Queen is shown mounted on her palfrey and wearing the royal mantle. In her right hand she bears the scepter and in the left the robe. On either side are the shamrock, the rose, and the thistle. Below is the sea, with a sailing vessel and an ironclad in the distance.

REPUBLICAN BOY ORATOR.—The Presidential campaign is to be made lively by the participation of a number of women and boy orators. One of the most prominent of the latter class is Sampson Seligman, who is now stumping New York State in the interest of the Republican party under the title of the "Boy Orator of Troy." Master Sampson is 15 years old, and even as long ago as the last Presidential campaign he was on the stump, so that now he considers himself as one of the veterans. It is expected that he will be heard in Chicago before the campaign is over. Small of his years, he has the greatest self-confidence, and likes nothing better than a chance for a joint debate with a Democratic spellbinder twice his age. He declares when twitted about his youth that the arguments advanced by the Democratic orators are so trivial that they are not worthy the attention of a full-grown man. In further tribute to his own comparative inexperience he states that he knows at least the "A B C" of the Democratic doctrine of Imperialism. "A" stands for Aguinaldo, "B" for Bryan, and "C" for Croker. These three, in his opinion, are the greatest imperialists of the age.

Sampson Seligman.

OLDEST POSTMASTER RESIGNS—The rule that office-holders never resign and seldom die has just been proved by an exception in the case of Mrs. M. E. Fifield, who for more than thirty years has been postmistress at Perry, Pike County, Ill.

In the early part of 1870, during the administration of President Grant, Mrs. Fifield was appointed to the position which she has held ever since. On the rare occasions since that time when a Democratic administration was in power at Washington attempts have been made to remove her from office in favor of a man, who could at least cast a ballot in favor of the powers that be. Each attempt, however, has been met with such a storm of protest from the patrons of the office that no change has been made or even seriously contemplated. It was not until the advance of old age compelled Mrs. Fifield to send in her resignation a month ago that the people of Perry began to realize that such a thing as a change at the postoffice was a possibility. And, contrary to the experience of most postmasters who are obliged to gather signatures asking for their appointment, Mrs. Fifield was presented on her retirement with a testimonial signed by most of the voters of Perry expressing their regret at her resignation. Mrs. Fifield is a daughter of the late Dr. H. L. Sutphin, once a leading politician in that part of the State. She is the widow of the late Dr. F. Fifield, who was a member of the Eighth Regiment, Illinois Volunteers, during the civil war.

Mrs. M. E. Fifield.

OLDEST SCHOOL TEACHER IN THE WORLD—The oldest school teacher in the world in active service is thought to be Mrs. Sarah Davis, who regularly teaches the pupils of the National School at the Village of Finmere, near Buckingham, Eng. Mrs. Davis is now in her eighty-fourth year, and for more than fifty consecutive years she has taught the same school. Her first pupils were the grandfathers and grandmothers of the children who now daily fill the schoolroom over which the old dame presides.

Mrs. Sarah Davis.

Old as Mrs. Davis is it is said that she keeps the best of discipline, the pupils appearing to have an instinctive reverence for her great age and apparently feeble condition. She has never taken out a teacher's certificate and therefore is unable to secure the pension to which her years of service would have otherwise long ago entitled her. Under present conditions she not only maintains herself but is the sole support of her husband, who is 85 years old and who is unable to work.

WOMAN'S DAILY, BY AND FOR WOMEN, A SUCCESS—Almost three years have elapsed since the first issue of La Fronde was published and the only daily paper in the world written, set-up, and printed by women is now an established success. Mme. Durand, the originator, founder, and owner of the unique journal, is one of the best known women in Paris. In the quarters occupied by La Fronde on the Rue St. Georges she receives callers in an office which more nearly resembles a drawing-room.

Mme. Durand.

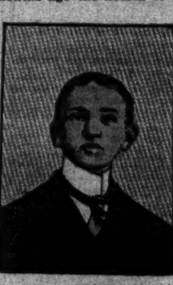
Every word printed in the paper is written by a woman, even the sporting news being prepared by a young woman who is an expert with foils. Among the newspapers of Paris La Fronde stands as one of the few the editorial opinions of which are not for sale. It has also set a new standard for the French press in the line of suppressing matter which is unnecessarily sensational and unwholesome. The head of the composing-room of La Fronde, in which all of the compositors are women, is a French woman whose chief boast is that she is the mother of twelve children. Incidentally she claims to be able to make up a form quicker than any of her masculine contemporaries. In politics La Fronde is radical and republican, with a leaning towards socialism.

PHILADELPHIA POLICEMEN EMULATE SHIRT WAIST MAN.—The wives of the policemen of Philadelphia have devised a plan for keeping their husbands cool during the hot weather which may be of interest to their fellows in Chicago. It, at least, illustrates how the ingenuity of a woman may make light of official rules, even though they be those of a municipal police department.

How Philadelphia Policemen Keep Cool.

One of the strictest regulations of the Philadelphia department is that all officers on duty must wear coat and vest, and must have the top button of the coat buttoned. No infractions of this rule are allowed even under conditions which make the bronze statue of William Penn sit in its shirt sleeves. Philadelphia policemen are all strictly observing the rule, and yet they are keeping reasonably cool. The wife of each of them has taken an old vest and entirely cut away the back and sides, leaving only a single thickness of blue cloth in front without lining. This remnant has been sewed into the coat, which is also entirely robbed of its lining, so that while the appearance remains the substance is almost lacking.

CHICAGO BOY LOSES HIS PARENTS.—For nearly seventeen years William Schmitt lived with his parents at Davenport, Ia., where his father was a cigarmaker in comfortable circumstances. Fourteen months ago the health of Mrs. Schmitt became precarious, and it was decided that the family should take a sea voyage, with the idea of restoring it. The family residence was sold for $1,800, and Mr. Schmitt also disposed of his business. Then the son, William, begged to be allowed to stay in this country while the old folks paid a visit to friends in Germany. He worked a while in Rock Island, and then came to Chicago, where, until a few months ago, he was employed at the Brevoort House. His parents wrote to him from Germany regularly, and finally he got word that they were about to sail for this country. Then the boy gave up his position in Chicago and went to New York to meet them. They failed to arrive, however, and for more than three months he has heard nothing from them. He has written to their address in Germany, but has had no answer. He hopes that they have reached the United States in safety, and are possibly looking for him, just as he is spending his time trying to look them up.



William Schmitt.

FRESH LITERARY NOTES.

The copyright of Darwin's "Origin of Species" will expire in about two years. Mr. Murray of London has decided, therefore, to issue during the autumn an edition of the book in large type at a small price.

Justin McCarthy has been contemplating the preparation of a book on Ireland as he knew it in his youth. He is finishing his "History of the Four Georges," and his son is making the index for the whole work.

A new edition of one of Governor Roosevelt's most popular books is soon to be issued by the Century company. When "Ranch Life and the Hunting Trail" was first published neither the author's nor the illustrator's name appeared on the front cover. In the new edition the names of Roosevelt and Remington will be duly prominent.

The author of "The Workers," Walter A. Wyckoff, has published nothing since the appearance of those two readable volumes. In the September Scribner's he will reappear as a writer with an account of his journey to the far West with one of the Peary relief expeditions. He will tell particularly of his observations of the Esquimos.

Probably the most-talked-about book in continental Europe just now—one which particularly pertains to the Chinese problem—is Leroy Beaulieu's work, "Renovation de L'Asie." The American rights for an English translation have been secured by McClure, Phillips & Co., and it will appear here about Sept. 1. Henry Norman, who is one of the best experts on the situation in the far East, has written an introduction for the translation. The title has not yet been decided upon.

The editor of the Century is receiving inquiries about the author of "The Helmet of Navarre," the historical romance which began to appear serially in the August number of that magazine. Miss Bertha Runkle is the only child of Mrs. J. G. Runkle, a New York journalist, and one of the editors of the World's Best Literature." The present work is a maiden effort at fiction writing. She was born in New Jersey a few and twenty years ago, never went to kindergarten as a child, nor to college as a young woman, has traveled little, and has never been in France—which possibly accounts for her laying there the scene of her romance.

In the literary world Mr. W. W. Rockhill, who has been sent to China by President McKinley as a special diplomatic agent, is known as the author of a book of travel and exploration in China, Mongolia, and Tibet. "The Land of the Lamas" is a large volume of 400 pages. It records in excellent literary style, a journey which the Nation characterized as, with the exception of that of Huc and Gabet, probably the most difficult and dangerous executed in Asia in the course of this century." It is interesting to know that the author purposes traveling extensively in China, notwithstanding the danger that attends such an undertaking at the present time. Fortunately he is a master of the language.

The announcement that Sir Henry Irving intends to stage "Manfred," at the Lyceum Theater in London has naturally led to Byron's drama being made the subject of literary gossip in some of the English contemporaries. The Westminster Gazette bluntly declares that "Manfred" is based on Goethe's "Faust." The suggestion rebuked by the Edinburg Review's vigorous onslaught on Christopher North, who had avowed that Byron borrowed his ideas from Marlowe's "Faustus." Byron, too, repudiated the notion, and made admission that he "never read nor saw" "Faustus." In replying to an American who told Robhouse that "Manfred" was taken from Goethe's "Faust," Byron, with characteristic, if excusable, petulance, wrote to John Murray, saying: "The devil may take both the Faustuses, German and English—I have taken neither." Byron admitted that in writing "Manfred" he was influenced by the Prometheus of Æschylus, but he denied indebtedness to Mar

THIRTY-FOURTH IN SECOND PLACE.

Ten Years' Growth Shows Population of 91,145 and Increase of 200 Per Cent.

FEATURES OF THE WARD.

Thirty Square Miles of Territory Embraces Many Important Suburban Towns.

RESIDENTS ARE PROSPEROUS

There are forty-eight more people in the Thirty-fourth Ward than in the Tenth Ward. All the inhabitants of the Thirty-fourth Ward are congratulating themselves upon that fact today, for it is one which entitles them to claim that their ward is second in the city, so far as population is concerned. Moreover, it entitles the people of the South Side, and especially of the Town of Hyde Park, to boast that the South Side has outstripped the West Side and has the two banner wards of the city. Formerly the West Side wards were recognized as the most populous.

It is a source of surprise to those familiar with population estimates that the government census places the Thirty-fourth Ward in the second place. The conservative Health department estimates, which so nearly approached the census figures, places the Thirty-fourth Ward fourth. While the Health department figures were but 1,000 out of the way in regard to the population of the Thirtieth Ward, they were nearly 20,000 too small for the Thirty-fourth Ward, which was accredited with a population of but 71,000. The census gives the population of the ward as 91,145. According to the Health department estimates, both the Tenth and the Twelfth Ward contained more people than the Thirty-fourth Ward.

Even the residents of the ward are surprised at the great increase of population in the last ten years. Ten years ago the ward had a population of only 30,192. The percentage of the increase of population in the last ten years is therefore slightly under 200 per cent.

Some Features of the Ward.

While the people of the Thirty-fourth Ward did not expect to claim a population greater than any ward in the city, save one, they have for the last few years had several things to boast about. The ward is unique in several distinctions, because it is:

The most irregularly shaped ward.
The longest ward.
The most inaccessible ward.
The second largest ward.
The ward containing the most suburban towns.
The ward containing the largest number of miles of railroad tracks.
The one containing the largest body of water.
The one in which the University of Chicago is located.
The one in which the model Town of Pullman is located.
The one containing the greatest carshops in the world.
The one containing the largest race track in Illinois.

There are several other claims to distinction claimed by the Thirty-fourth Ward, but the above are the principal ones. With the neighboring Thirty-third Ward, however, it boasts of being one of the only two wards where people can ride on street cars for 2½ cents and of being one of the only two wards in which lakes are located.

The Thirty-fourth Ward is much unlike the banner ward, the Thirtieth. The dissimilarity commences with the shape of the two wards, and ends with the fact that the Thirty-fourth Ward contains many places of interest. Within its boundaries are located fifteen suburban towns and portions of three other one-time villages. These towns are scattered throughout the vast area of the ward, which embraces thirty square miles. About five square miles of its area are covered by Lake Calumet.

Boundary Lines of Ward.

The northern portion of the ward is the most regular in shape. Fifty-fifth street forms an imaginary extension of that street through Washington Park form the northern boundary; Stony Island avenue, an imaginary line drawn across Lake Calumet, and an extension of Stony Island avenue serve as the eastern boundary line. Then the ward extends along One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street to Indiana avenue, along Indiana avenue to the Little Calumet River, to One Hundred and Thirtieth street, to Halsted street, to West One Hundred and Twenty-third street, to Ashland avenue, to West One Hundred and Fifteenth street, to Peoria street, to West One Hundred and Seventh street, to Halsted street, to West One Hundred and Third street, to Stewart avenue, to West Ninety-ninth street, to State street, and thence along State street to Garfield boulevard. From Fifty-fifth street on the north to One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street on the south the ward is exactly nine miles long. At the narrowest portion it is two miles wide and at the broadest four miles across.

Within these boundary lines are the suburbs of Woodlawn, Brookdale, Park Manor, Brookline, Parkside, Grand Crossing, Chatham, Dauphin Park, Burnside, Kenwood, Pullman, West Pullman, Roseland, Kensington, and Riverdale. The northern portion of Hyde Park proper, the northern portion of Washington Heights, and the southern portion of South Englewood are also in the Thirty-fourth Ward.

Twenty Miles to City Hall.

A large portion of the territory embraced is prairie land. Cabbage gardens, small farms, and woods are scattered throughout the ward. Only in the neighborhood of the suburbs named is the ward compactly settled. There are few paved streets, and in no places the nearest street car line is two miles away. It is a twenty-mile ride from the northern portion of the ward to the City Hall. The portion of the ward north of Sixty-seventh street is now almost entirely occupied. Between Fifty-fifth street and Sixty-seventh street are over a thousand flat buildings. The World's Fair and the building of the South Side Elevated railroad are considered responsible for the rapid settlement of that district, within whose boundaries there were scarcely twenty houses twenty years ago. Within this portion of the ward the University of Chicago is located. The buildings and grounds of the university occupy nearly one square mile. They are located on the Midway Plaisance, which is entirely within the boundaries of the Thirty-fourth Ward, and which will be remembered by all who visited the World's Fair. The Midway is now the widest boulevard in the city of Chicago.

Rapid Growth of Woodlawn.

All of the territory within the district described is known as Woodlawn, and has been platted within the last twenty years. In 1880 there were fewer than twenty houses in that portion of the ward lying between Sixty-seventh and Fifty-fifth streets. Among the people who resided in Woodlawn before 1880 were James Wadsworth, Prentice Law, Buckman, John and Timothy Fitch, K. Marshall, R. Sluyter, E. G. Clark, Patterson, J. Y. Scanlan, James P. Root, Daniel I. Bennett, C. P. Nelson, H. M. Wright, Thomas Gansel, S. R. Ball, W. P. Gray, C. H. Hutchinson, and S. P. Farrington.

From 1880 to 1890 Woodlawn was comparatively a deserted territory. At that time there were only three one-horse car lines in Woodlawn. Later the Cottage Grove avenue cable line was extended to Oakwoods and Jackson Park, and the elevated road built. When the World's Fair opened hundreds of "hotels" were erected. These "hotels" were transformed later into flats, and soon Woodlawn became one of the most populous districts of the city.

Hollanders Form Early Colony.

The southern portion of the Thirty-fourth was first settled. Early in the '40s the extreme southwestern portion of the ward was settled by a colony of Hollanders. They retained the customs of their country, while the country surrounding their settlement was becoming filled with people from other lands. There are upwards of 800 Hollanders in the ward. The majority of them own small dairy farms and vegetable gardens. They are almost completely isolated from the other people of the ward. During close campaigns candidates visit their settlement and make a bid for their votes, but as a general thing the Hollanders do not mix with other people.

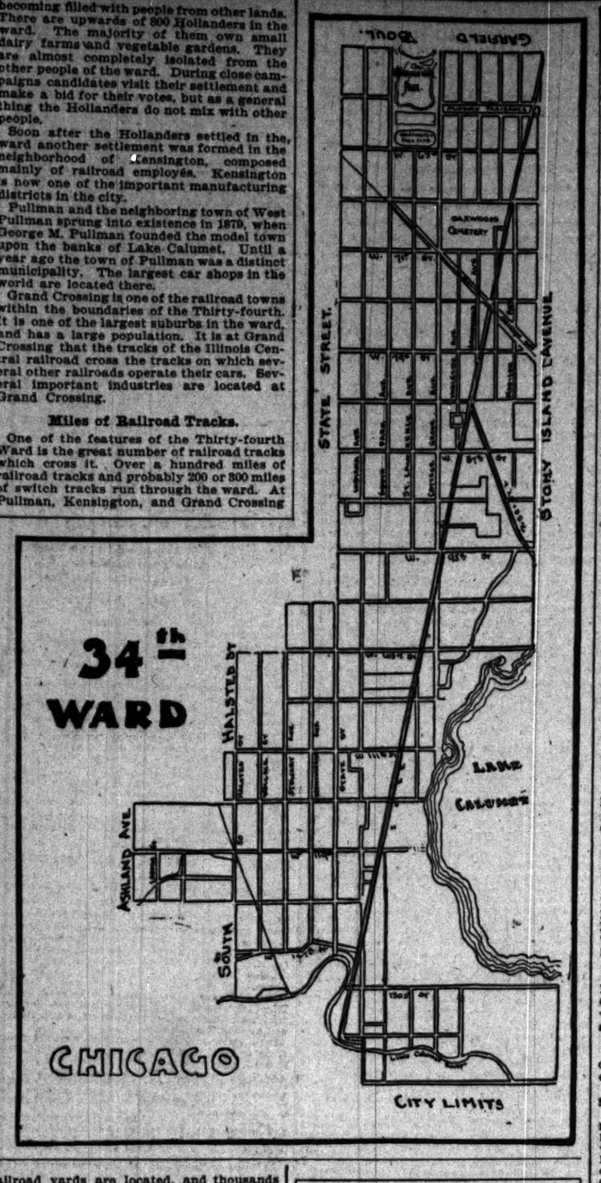
Soon after the Hollanders settled in the ward another settlement was formed in the neighborhood of Kensington, composed mainly of railroad employés. Kensington is now one of the important manufacturing districts in the city.

Pullman and the neighboring town of West Pullman sprung into existence in 1879, when George M. Pullman founded the model town upon the banks of Lake Calumet. Until a year ago the town of Pullman was a distinct municipality. The largest car shops in the world are located there.

Grand Crossing is one of the railroad towns within the boundaries of the Thirty-fourth. It is one of the largest suburbs in the ward, and has a large population. It is at Grand Crossing that the tracks of the Illinois Central railroad cross the tracks on which several other railroads operate their cars. Several important industries are located at Grand Crossing.

Miles of Railroad Tracks.

One of the features of the Thirty-fourth Ward is the great number of railroad tracks which cross it. Over a hundred miles of railroad tracks and probably 200 or 300 miles of switch tracks run through the ward. At Pullman, Kensington, and Grand Crossing



railroad yards are located, and thousands of freight cars are always standing on the sidetracks.

While there are many miles of railroad tracks within the ward, there are comparatively few street car lines. It is impossible to reach the portions of the ward most distant from the heart of the city by street cars, and several of the suburbs within the ward are only accessible by railroad trains. The street car lines within the ward are on Sixty-third, Fifty-fifth, Sixty-first, Sixty-seventh, Seventy-fifth, Ninety-third, Ninety-fifth, Seventy-third, One Hundred and Fifteenth, and State streets, and on Cottage Grove, Michigan, Stony Island, and Pullman avenues.

It is in this ward that the Calumet Street Car company has inaugurated the two and one-half cents fare, making it possible for one to ride from the terminus of the line at Sixty-third street to Pullman for one fare.

Residents Are Prosperous.

The majority of the inhabitants of the Thirty-fourth are fairly well to do. There are some wealthy people in the northern portion of the ward and a few in Pullman, but most of the residents are of moderate means. The ward pays the State over $1,000,000 in taxes annually.

Politically the ward is usually Republican. It was carried on two occasions by Carter H. Harrison, but in State and national elections it has always given the Republican candidates large majorities. Both the present Aldermen, Charles Corkery and Frank I. Bennett, are Republicans.

Oakwoods Cemetery, the largest and handsomest cemetery of Chicago, is located in the Thirty-fourth Ward. It is located at Seventy-first street and Cottage Grove avenue. This cemetery contains the bodies of the confederate soldiers who died while in prison at Camp Douglas.

The larger portion of Washington Park is also located in the Thirty-fourth Ward. The Washington Park club racetracks are in the northwestern portion of the ward, just the other side of Washington Park.

Proud of Ward's Prominence.

All of the inhabitants of the Thirty-fourth are greatly pleased over the prominence that the ward has achieved since the figures for the census were given out. The majority of them express surprise at the fact that the ward was second, as it had been expected that either the Tenth or the Twelfth would be found to contain more people.

"The population of our ward has been constantly increasing since 1890, but I did not expect to see such a large percentage of increase," said Alderman Bennett yesterday. "The government census shows an increase of 200 per cent within the last ten years. That is a wonderful increase. Our ward will continue to grow. There is plenty of territory left for newcomers. While the ward is compactly settled in spots, there are acres and acres of unoccupied territory. Our ward is thoroughly representative of Chicago. It is a city in itself."

EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Regatta Attracts Many Visitors to Lake Geneva—Wedding of Miss Jennie Stern and M. A. Levi.

Summer residents at Lake Geneva keep open house this week and there are numerous Chicago visitors to the regatta. Miss Blanche Estabrook, who spent the summer in the East, has joined her parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Estabrook. Mrs. Willis S. McCrea has for her guests Mrs. George C. Eldridge and Mrs. George Hamlin and Miss Louise Mattocks of New York is visiting her sister, Mrs. S. B. Chapin. Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Selfridge, Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Chalmers, and Mrs. J. S. Rumsey are at their country places there.

The wedding of Miss Jennie Stern, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. Stern, and Mr. Moses A. Levi of Rochester, N. Y., took place last evening at 6 o'clock in Illinois Hall. Miss Rebecca Stern, the bride's sister, was the maid of honor, and her brother, Mr. Maurice Stern, the best man. A dinner for 400 guests followed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Levi, upon their return from a wedding trip in the West, will live in Chicago.

Among the Chicagoans who are in San Francisco to attend the wedding of Miss Irma Rothschild and Mr. Louis A. Kohn of Chicago, which takes place today at the home of the bride's parents, are Mr. Lessing Rosenthal, Mr. Charles Rubens, Mr. Simon A. Kohn, and Mr. Isaac C. Kohn, brother of the groom, who will act as best man. After a wedding trip East Mr. and Mrs. Kohn will be at home after Sept. 15 at the Hotel Metropole.

Mrs. John A. Logan will be in the city during encampment week. Her daughter, Mrs. William C. Tucker, 2131 Calumet avenue, will return with her to Washington, to remain while Major Tucker is absent in Alaska.

Miss Beatrice Tonneson, the artist, is spending August in Colorado.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Cable and Mrs. Bernard Rogers are at Colorado Springs.

Miss Ethel Page is visiting Mrs. William N. Pelouze at Oconomowoc.

The Rev. and Mrs. Ernest M. Stires are spending two weeks at Marquette, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert S. Spalding are in Paris

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

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WHENEVER Queen Victoria goes out driving people who meet the royal equipage will notice that the body of the vehicle is high from the ground, and in particular that there is no step visible for entering or leaving the carriage. True, there are steps. But they are folded up inside the carriage door and only let down when needed for the purpose of entering or descending from the vehicle, the Queen herself, however, dispensing with the step and making use of a sort of inclined platform which reaches to the level of the floor of the carriage.

This hanging of the carriage so high above the wheels, and in particular the absence of any step, when the carriage is in motion, is due mainly to a desire to protect the Queen from danger of death or injury at the hands of regicides or cranks.

Few people, save those who have taken the trouble to study the matter, are aware of the part which the carriage step has played in the assassination of monarchs. When an attempt was made the other day at Paris to kill the Shah of Persia the assassin jumped on the carriage step in order to reach his intended victim. Cesario, when he killed President Carnot, by means of a knife thrust, was enabled to accomplish his object by jumping on the step of the Presidential equipage. In the case of the first two attempts to assassinate King Humbert, the would-be murderer in each case jumped on the step of the monarch's carriage, and I could cite innumerable other cases in modern and ancient times, comprising the murder of King Henry IV. of France and the attempted assassination of King Louis XV. of that same country, to show that whenever any attempt has been made on the life of a sovereign when out driving the carriage step has almost invariably played an important rôle in the matter by enabling the assailant to get within striking distance of his intended victim.

It has been since ex-Lieutenant Bean of the Tenth Hussar Regiment struck Queen Victoria across the face with a rattan cane, a few seconds that she retains the scar thereof to this day, jumping for the purpose on the carriage step, that the latter has been abolished in all the vehicles used by her Majesty; and it would be well if all carriages of personages likely to become an object of the hatred of Anarchists or analogous cranks were arranged in the same way as those of Queen Victoria.

Italy's new King manifests the same horror as his father for everything that is in the least degree shady or questionable, and has driven out of the army a number of officers who had rendered themselves guilty of unsavory financial transactions. He abhors speculation and he has little or no mercy for the promoters, titled and otherwise, of those speculative financial enterprises, which have wrecked so many fortunes in Italy. A short time before his father's death he happened to be obliged to receive in audience a Roman Count whom he knew had been sneering at the late King's democratic ways. Just as the Count was about to take his leave, the Prince, with a smile, exclaimed: "By the bye, I hear that you are the President of the —— company." Somewhat embarrassed the Count replied: "Certainly; one must find some outlet for one's activity."

"Is there no other outlet for your activity than that?" inquired the Prince. "Surely, for a man like yourself, the head of a family such as yours, there is the army, a political career, or philanthropy. One of your ancestors, I remember, fell by the side of my ancestor, Emmanuel Filiberto," and then the Prince went on to enumerate the names of a number of the Count's forbears who had played a glorious rôle in the military, political, and administrative service of Italy. He added: "When one bears such a name as yours, one has no right to serve anything save one's country and humanity."

"But I am not serving anybody," replied the sadly disconcerted Count, as if excusing himself.

"That's so," exclaimed Victor Emmanuel. "You are serving nothing but your own interests," and with that he turned his back on him.

Let me say here that the obituaries which picture the late King as incapable of ever losing his temper and as always good-tempered betray a lamentable ignorance of the man. And it is a pity that the writers could not attend his daily morning inspection of the royal stables, which he ruled with a rod of iron, wielding his riding whip in the most merciless fashion about the shoulders and legs of any groom or stable lad who had aroused his anger by negligence or cruelty towards the horses.

By the bye, I may mention that one of the first reforms about to be instituted in Italy under the new reign is likely to be the revival of capital punishment. The vast majority of Italians are in favor of the death penalty. Indeed, it has been estimated that 30,000,000 of the population are in favor of its revival, and only a couple of million against it. That its reëstablishment is indispensable is shown by the extraordinary increase in the number of crimes calling for the death punishment. Indeed, when one comes to think that there is a murder committed in Italy every two hours of the twenty-four, day in and day out, of the entire year, it is manifest that the present method of punishing homicide does not serve in the slightest degree as a prevention.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Hopkins' Bill is Popular.

In giving the big English melodrama, "The Sporting Duchess," this week, the Hopkins' management feels that it has done an ambitious feat. The play requires an unusual amount of stage equipment and a large cast, additions in expenditure which mean much at a popular-price theater. The following of the house, however, has been pleased by the result, and is showing its sentiment by crowding the theater at each performance. There is plenty of excitement in the play, and the Hopkins' company is never guilty of underemphasis, so the performance does not disappoint. The Derby racetrack scene is appreciated by the audience. The motion pictures continue to be a feature of the vaudeville part of the entertainment.

Chicago Opera House.

Victory Bateman and Harry Mestayer head the bill at the Chicago Opera-House this week. They are offering a one-act play, "Sweethearts." The principal novelty of the program is the performance given by the Sugemoto Royal Japanese troupe of acrobats, jugglers, and magicians. Other entertainers are Frencelli and Lewis, who sing operatic selections; Forman and Howlett, who play the banjo; Donohue and Nichols, who mix song and athletics; and Lawler and Perry, who have a sketch.

Davis, Vaudeville Star.

Jessie Bartlett Davis has entered upon her career as a star of vaudeville. She began her tour at Cleveland on Monday night, appearing at the Empire Theater. J. J. Murdock of the Masonic Temple Theater, who is her manager, says her season will be one of thirty weeks.

Managers Simpson and Macoy wish it announced that Katie Emmett, not Katie Putnam, will reopen the Academy on Sept. 1. Their first announcement was in error. Mrs. Emmett, who is the widow of the late "Billy" Emmett, the minstrel, will appear in "The Waifs of New York."

The benefit which was to have been given Director Carl Bunge of Bismarck Garden Orchestra on last Friday night, and which was postponed, will take place this evening at the garden.

Powers' Theater gives evidence that the opening date is almost here. The box office opened yesterday.

Shows Respect to Walter Shoemaker.

At a meeting of the Lumbermen's association, held on Monday, resolutions of respect and condolence were adopted for the late Walter Shoemaker, who for almost thirty years was identified with the lumber trade of Chicago. Mr. Shoemaker was at one time an active director of the Lumbermen's association.

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BIG BETS AT READVILLE.

PLUNGING ON HARNESS HORSES RIVALS THAT ON RUNNERS.

Favorites Do Not Fare Will—Dare Devil Captures the 2:10 Trot in a Way That Indicates He Is in Fine Form—Connor Spells a Plunge on the Indiana Pacer Harry O.—Bonnie Direct Has Matters His Own Way—Big Field in the 2:20 Trot.

[BY H. T. WHITE.]

Boston, Mass., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Two of the best betting races of the year were decided at Readville today, one being the $5,000 Neponset Stake and the other a $3,000 event for pacers of the 2:25 class, eligible when the entries closed some time ago.

In the $5,000 race there was a great fall by the talent, who backed Harry O., the queer shaped gelding from Indiana, that had shown flashes of speed at the other circuit meetings and finally won a race last week at Glens Falls, his best mile being 2:06¾. He was meeting a better class of horses today than he had ever faced, and several of them were well supported, notably Connor, the ex-trotter.

When it came to the race Connor won in straight heats, but the third mile was a tight fit, and many thought the heat should have gone to Harry O., as Connor made three of his handy breaks, and could not have finished first had he been confined to a pace all the way. His first mile was in 2:07¾, and the second in 2:05¾. In this heat he paced the middle half in 1:01¼, Island Wilkes Jr. at his head all the way, but in the home stretch Connor fairly jogged, the last quarter being done at only a 2:11 gait.

Harry O. never tried until the third heat, and was beaten only a nose.

Bonnie Direct was favorite in the 2:25 pace. At first he sold for $200 to $165 for the field, both the Hubinger boys playing the field, but after Joe had seen the black horse warm up he changed his mind and turned the betting tide by playing $2,000 to $1,200 five times on Direct against the field. The race was an easy one for the Butler horse. He kept the lead all the way in the first two heats in 2:07¾, 2:09¼, but in the third McHenry allowed Evoluts and Annie Thornton to stay in front until half way down the home stretch, when he stepped past them and won by a neck in 2:10¼.

James Butler, the owner of Bonnie Direct, was present to see his horse win, and brought with him a large delegation of friends, each of whom backed Direct as if the race was over.

Direct is a full brother in one to see his stablemate, Dare Devil, perform. Thus far this season the big black horse has had hard racing luck, and but after Joe had seen the black horse warm up he changed his mind and turned the betting tide by playing $2,000 to $1,200 five times on Direct against the field. The race was an easy one for the Butler horse. He kept the lead all the way in the first two heats in 2:07¾, 2:09¼, but in the third McHenry allowed Evoluts and Annie Thornton to stay in front until half way down the home stretch, when he stepped past them and won by a neck in 2:10¼.

The 2:20 trot saw the biggest field that has graced this meeting, no less than nine starters seen responding to the bell. It proved only a four-heat affair in spite of the large number of starters, the last three heats all being won by Doug Thomas' Corrine. The summaries:

2:10 trotters, purse $1,500:

Corrine, br. m., by Marburn Wilkes (Thomas)				2	1 1
Miss Duke, b. m., by Simmons (Carpenter)				1	4 4
Baron Belt, br. s., by Barone Jean (Winninges)				3	2 3
Lady Onward, b. m. by Enright (Spear)				4	3 2
Timberlake, b. g., by Alfred G. (Hudson)				6	6 5
Jessie Fletcham, b. m., by Fletcham (Lamb)				10	15 12
Brandywine, br. s., by Sphinx (Dempsey)				12	11 13
Miss Wilkes, ch. m., by Alcantara (Clark)				16	13 14
Quicker Tom, b. g., by Fred Wilkes (Pratt)				15	14 15
Mr. Pratt, b. m., by Heir-at-Law (Wallace)				14	9 dis
Mabel Wilkes, ch. m., by Kremlin (Young)				18	dis
Lulah B, gr. m., by Lord Harold (Dillenger)				17	dis
Time—2:14¾; 2:18¾, 2:14¾, 2:14¾.					

GOOD HARNESS RACES AT DUBUQUE.

Contralto Lowers Record to 2:10 1-4 and Lady Pipes to 2:07 1-2.

Dubuque, Ia., Aug. 21.—The great Western circuit meeting opened today with a small attendance. In the 2:24 trot Contralto was the favorite. The third was a dead heat between Contralto and Mabel Onward. In the fourth Contralto lowered the record to 2:10¼, and the mile in 2:10¾, the fastest heat trotted by a green trotter this year. In the 2:15 pace only one heat was paced. Lady Pipes lowered her record from 2:10¾ to 2:07½, Summaries:

2:15 pace, $2,000, eight starters:

Tommie Dale, b. s.				3	6 1 1
Noble Lee				1	1 2 2
Shelah				4	3 3 3
Joe Wheeler				2	2 4 dr
Best time—2:12¾.					

2:24 trot, $3,000, seven starters:

Contralto				1	3 1 1
Mabel Onward				3	1 2 2
Zita T				2	4 3 3
Juno T				4	2 4 4
Time of third, 2:12¾.					
2:18 pace; $3,000, six starters:					
Lady Pipes				1	1 1
Major Mascovite				2	2 2
Ed				3	3 3
Tombstone				4	4 4
Time—2:07½.					

Chanton Scores at a Long Price.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 21.—The track at Windsor was heavy from last night's rain. Favorites won all but the opening event, Chanton, backed from 80 to 12 to 1, capturing that race. Winners:

First race—Chanton, La Vitesse, Charley Estes.

Second race—Syncopated Sandy, Emma C. L., Horse.

Third race—Georges Lebar, Albert Vale, Brulare.

Fourth race—Elbe, Hienheim, Headley.

Fifth race—Poorlandie, N. C. Creed, Slasher.

Sixth race—Bequeath, Margaret Hageman, Plamarion.

No More Racing at Hedrick.

Hedrick, Ia., Aug. 21.—The Hedrick mile track will see no more race meetings, Secretary and Owner Utterback commencing this week to tear down the buildings. Local opposition is given as the cause. The track was built in 1892. It is a kite and has a record of 2:05, held by Rubinstein.

LIVELY RACING AT HAWTHORNE.

Seven Events on Card Furnish Exciting Sport.

What was lacking in class to yesterday's sport at Hawthorne possibly was compensated for in quantity. There were seven races. The track was still slow, but the delightful change in the weather was appreciated by the spectators more than a good track would have been.

A few events out of the ordinary took place. In the opening race of the day Searcher, the 4 to 5 favorite, stopped to take a kick at the whip with which the jockey was lambasting him, and thereby lost a race which he otherwise surely would have won. In the second race there were several incidents. Louis Exell's mare Espionage behaved wretchedly at the post, sulking and refusing to break, and finally the field was sent away without her. It was seen that the mare was quite sore, and after the race the judges called Exell into the stand to explain why she was sent to the post in such condition. They told him her entry would not be received again at Hawthorne. In the meanwhile the race had been the medium of a big and successful plunge, engineered by the well known St. Louisan, C. A. Tilles, whose horse Hindoonet was the business end of the coup.

In the fourth race of the day, a steeplechase, Jockey Jackson gave a great exhibition of cowboy riding. His mount, Freed, fell at the first jump. She turned a somersault and seemed to roll over the rider, but the latter astonished the terrified spectators by bounding to his feet, grasping the mare, and remounting her, after which hesitated after the fall and completed the race. There was a mile and a half race on the flat for one contest, and Fred Foster's fast mare Peace was finally cut loose to her best form. Aside from these things the afternoon program was comparatively uneventful.

Searcher had all kinds of hard luck in the first race. Right at the outset he was carried to the extreme outside of the track by his rotting rival. Then Jockey Winkfield applied the whip to get him straightened out the colt protested by kicking. Finally all of Searcher's straightened away, and in the stretch was fast overhauling the lifting Rustic Girl, when Winkfield thought to help matters by applying the whip. Here was where he made a mistake. Searcher half stopped and showed his resentment by kicking. Then he got going again and was beaten only a half length.

In the second race Rival Dare went away in the lead, but Hindoonet moved up rapidly, and taking command on the far turn won about as he pleased, thereby cashing a lot of tickets bet not only at the Hawthorne track but in poolrooms in all parts of the country.

Woodstick, Battus, and Hurry finished close together, in the order named, in the third race. In the steeplechase Peace, Factout won easily from Globe. They were equal choices in the betting. Fox Bart and Admetus were equal choices for the long race, and they finished in that order, Fox Bart winning handily. Clay Pornter was a starter, He does not seem to be in racing form.

Unlucky Patroon managed to win a race in the fifth event, catching Prestar in the stretch after the latter was in the lead. Brigade was the favorite in this race, but was short and stopped early. Peace made a runaway of the closing event, Tame Irishman being second. The field was strung out at the finish.

Hawthorne Summaries Aug. 21.

Weather cloudy; track slow.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 2-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
15-1	Rustic Girl, 100 [Bas ger]	1	1½	1½	1½	1¼
12-5	Searcher, 118 [J. Wink'd]	6	2½	2½	2½	2½
12-1	Matin, 110 [Bergen]	5	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, :24½, :50, 1:17. Corry I. Cut, 108 pounds; Ellis Glenn, 100; after a long run. Vaccinia, 115; Cinette, 110; Lady Wentworth, 105, finished as named. Winner, Mrs. F. Rogers & Co.'s ch. g. by Pirate of Penzance—Hoyden. Start straggling. Won driving and out to the last ounce. Rustic Girl broke fine. Searcher was by far the best. He was carried to the extreme outside at the start by Cinera, who bolted as the barrier went up and then apparently stood still and tried to kick Ellis Glenn. This cost him the race.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-2	Hindoonet, 108 [J. Win'd]	6	2½	1½	1½	1½
10-1	Prestar, 101 [Bergen]	2	1½	2½	2½	2½
10-1	Rose Dian, 101 [Bas'ger]	4	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:14¾. Limelight, 104 pounds; Banish, 107; Rival Dare, 106½; Bellie Bramble, 102, finished as named. Espionage, 102, left at the post. Winner, C. A. Tilles' ch. h. by Jim Judy—Jocosa. At post, 12 minutes. Start good for all but Espionage. Won handily. Banish acted badly at the post. Lucille Bramble unplaced.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
5-2	Woodstick, 96 [J. Waldo]	4	2½	2½	2½	1½
3-1	Battus, 112 [Southard]	2	1½	1½	1½	2½
4-1	Hurry, 94 [Tolly]	1	5½	5½	3½	3½

Time, 1:10¾. Edith Q., 108 pounds; Janewood, 94; El Pilote, 103; Yan Ne Pi, 104; The Club, 97, finished as named. Winner, Mrs. R. M. Westerfield's ch. c., by Fiddlesticks—Woodnymph. Start good. Won easily.

Fourth race, short course, purse $400, steeplechase:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Peace Part, 148 [Gall'er]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½
3-1	Factout, 148 [Houston]	3½	3½	2½	2½	2½
15-1	Reno, 141 [G. Wilson]	2½	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 3:19¾. Last Past, 125 pounds, and Coronation, 135, finished as named. Peace, 138, Bell. Winner, E. J. Lauchlin's ch. g., by St. Florian—Everywhere. Start good. Won eased up.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
2-1	Patroon, 108 [Wink'd]	3½	4½	4½	3½	1½
6-1	Prestar, 101 [Ransom]	4½	3½	3½	4½	2½
6-1	Tally, 98 [Bergen]	2½	2½	2½	2½	3½

Time, 1:44¾. Brigade, 117 pounds; Semper Eadem, 97; Warrior, 106; Henry Laurd, 104; Money Back, 97, finished as named. Winner, Mrs. R. Smith & Co.'s h. by Patroon—Madie. Start good. Won handily at the end. Brigade was short, and stopped with his mouth wide open.

Seventh race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
1-1	Peace, 102 [Tally]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½
20-1	Tame Irish'n, 97 [McK'd]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½
10-1	Sluggard, 104 [Bergen]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:16¾. Papa Harry, 106½ pounds; Junaeta, 103; Time, 1:01; Quiet Comedian, 107; Egalite, 102; C. McCafferty, owner of Uncle Bill, 107, finished as named. Winner, F. Foster's ch. c. by Hildolfadia—Tame Irish'n. Start good. Peace well in hand. The Sluggard came from behind in the stretch.

Hawthorne Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

Chief	100	Brasig	115
Insolvent	122	Charley Moore	115
Woodstick	96	Island Wilkes	115
Woodranger	122	Pantland	115
Oneita	120	John Welch	115
Locust Blossom	120	Scarlet Lilly	113
Benjamine	120	Syra	113
Little Boy Blue	113		

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, fillies:

Regee	110	Granadilla	100
Rarshara M	107	Countess Flora	100
Nellie Forest	100	Lass of Fortune Teller	100
Air Castle	100	Glove	100

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $500, handicap:

Scales	108	Pound	98
Florizar	107	Chnet	95
Cup Gulls	98		

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling:

Donation	104	Try the Fiddler	102
Prince Blazes	101	Maggie Jones	101
Dagmar	104	Hub Prather	99
Papa Harry	106	Thompson	99
Patroon	104	Quanah Parker	96
Judge Denny	104	Belle of Oakwood	97
Dazzle	104		

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling:

Blue Dan	106	Ben Chance	101
Lew Hoppe	106	Woodtrick	101
Lady Britannic	104	Sister Fox	99
Dandy H	104	Aloha II	98
Plantain	106	Owenmore	98
Lomond	101	Mountebank	90

WESTERNERS WIN AT SARATOGA.

Play Boomerack and John Yerkes, Both of Whom Capture Races.

[BY T. J. GALLAGHER.]

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The races today attracted another large attendance. The weather was delightful and the track fast. Three of the five races were easily won. Two produced interesting contests and exciting finishes. Eleven went to the post in the first race, a selling event of five furlongs, for 3-year-olds and upwards. Dolly Weithoff, one of the favorites, led shortly and the favorites, Midsummer and McFlecknoe being nearly as well backed. Ralston, backed from 40 to 12 to 1, won, with Dolly Weithoff second. Sir Christopher then, John R. McCafferty claimed Sir Christopher from C. Ganz.

The Western contingent backed the winners of the second and third races. They got 5 to 1 against Boomerack, which he won pulling up, with another near him. Then they played John Yerkes at 8 to 5 and again at 2 to 1. King Iramble was about the best looked horse in the meeting, but her early supp commissions were placed on him until his odds were reduced from 2 to 5. John Yerkes' price was 6 to 5, and was cut to 11 to 5 right at the post. In the opening rush Nabocklish collided with Miss Doling and nearly knocked him down, Chase nearly lost his seat. When he recovered control of his mount he was a hundred yards behind the others and made no effort to get near them. Harper rode a clever race on Yerkes and closed with King Bramble when about 150 yards from the finish, the pair having a struggle for the place, and remounting her, after which hesitated after the fall and completed the race. There was a mile and a half race on the flat for one contest, and Fred Foster's fast mare Peace was finally cut loose to her best form. Aside from these things the afternoon program was comparatively uneventful.

Searcher had all kinds of hard luck in the first race. Right at the outset he was carried to the extreme outside of the track by his rotting rival. Then Jockey Winkfield applied the whip to get him straightened out the colt protested by kicking. Finally all of Searcher's straightened away, and in the stretch was fast overhauling the lifting Rustic Girl, when Winkfield thought to help matters by applying the whip. Here was where he made a mistake. Searcher half stopped and showed his resentment by kicking. Then he got going again and was beaten only a half length.

In the second race Rival Dare went away in the lead, but Hindoonet moved up rapidly, and taking command on the far turn won about as he pleased, thereby cashing a lot of tickets bet not only at the Hawthorne track but in poolrooms in all parts of the country.

Woodstick, Battus, and Hurry finished close together, in the order named, in the third race. In the steeplechase Peace, Factout won easily from Globe. They were equal choices in the betting. Fox Bart and Admetus were equal choices for the long race, and they finished in that order, Fox Bart winning handily. Clay Pornter was a starter. He does not seem to be in racing form.

Unlucky Patroon managed to win a race in the fifth event, catching Prestar in the stretch after the latter was in the lead. Brigade was the favorite in this race, but was short and stopped early. Peace made a runaway of the closing event, Tame Irishman being second. The field was strung out at the finish.

Hawthorne Summaries Aug. 21.

Weather cloudy; track slow.

First race, ¾ mile, purse $400, 2-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
15-1	Rustic Girl, 100 [Bas ger]	1	1½	1½	1½	1¼
12-5	Searcher, 118 [J. Wink'd]	6	2½	2½	2½	2½
12-1	Matin, 110 [Bergen]	5	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, :24½, :50, 1:17. Corry I. Cut, 108 pounds; Ellis Glenn, 100; after a long run. Vaccinia, 115; Cinette, 110; Lady Wentworth, 105, finished as named. Winner, Mrs. F. Rogers & Co.'s ch. g. by Pirate of Penzance—Hoyden. Start straggling. Won driving and out to the last ounce. Rustic Girl broke fine. Searcher was by far the best. He was carried to the extreme outside at the start by Cinera, who bolted as the barrier went up and then apparently stood still and tried to kick Ellis Glenn. This cost him the race.

Second race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
7-2	Hindoonet, 108 [J. Win'd]	6	2½	1½	1½	1½
10-1	Prestar, 101 [Bergen]	2	1½	2½	2½	2½
10-1	Rose Dian, 101 [Bas'ger]	4	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:14¾. Limelight, 104 pounds; Banish, 107; Rival Dare, 106½; Bellie Bramble, 102, finished as named. Espionage, 102, left at the post. Winner, C. A. Tilles' ch. h. by Jim Judy—Jocosa. At post, 12 minutes. Start good for all but Espionage. Won handily. Banish acted badly at the post. Lucille Bramble unplaced.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, purse $400, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
5-2	Woodstick, 96 [J. Waldo]	4	2½	2½	2½	1½
3-1	Battus, 112 [Southard]	2	1½	1½	1½	2½
4-1	Hurry, 94 [Tolly]	1	5½	5½	3½	3½

Time, 1:10¾. Edith Q., 108 pounds; Janewood, 94; El Pilote, 103; Yan Ne Pi, 104; The Club, 97, finished as named. Winner, Mrs. R. M. Westerfield's ch. c., by Fiddlesticks—Woodnymph. Start good. Won handily.

Fourth race, short course, purse $400, steeplechase:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fin.
3-1	Peace Part, 148 [Gall'er]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½
3-1	Factout, 148 [Houston]	3½	3½	2½	2½	2½
15-1	Reno, 141 [G. Wilson]	2½	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 3:19¾. Last Past, 125 pounds, and Coronation, 135, finished as named. Peace, 138, Bell. Winner, E. J. Lauchlin's ch. g., by St. Florian—Everywhere. Start good. Won eased up.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
2-1	Patroon, 108 [Wink'd]	3½	4½	4½	3½	1½
6-1	Prestar, 101 [Ransom]	4½	3½	3½	4½	2½
6-1	Tally, 98 [Bergen]	2½	2½	2½	2½	3½

Time, 1:44¾. Brigade, 117 pounds; Semper Eadem, 97; Warrior, 106; Henry Laurd, 104; Money Back, 97, finished as named. Winner, Mrs. R. Smith & Co.'s h. by Patroon—Madie. Start good. Won handily at the end. Brigade was short, and stopped with his mouth wide open.

Seventh race, ¾ mile, purse $400, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	¼	½	Str.	Fin.
1-1	Peace, 102 [Tally]	1½	1½	1½	1½	1½
20-1	Tame Irish'n, 97 [McK'd]	2½	2½	2½	2½	2½
10-1	Sluggard, 104 [Bergen]	3½	3½	3½	3½	3½

Time, 1:16¾. Papa Harry, 106½ pounds; Junaeta, 103; Time, 1:01; Quiet Comedian, 107; Egalite, 102; C. McCafferty, owner of Uncle Bill, 107, finished as named. Winner, F. Foster's ch. c. by Hildolfadia—Tame Irish'n. Start good. Peace well in hand. The Sluggard came from behind in the stretch.

Hawthorne Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds:

Chief	100	Brasig	115
Insolvent	122	Charley Moore	115
Woodstick	96	Island Wilkes	115
Woodranger	122	Pantland	115
Oneita	120	John Welch	115
Locust Blossom	120	Scarlet Lilly	113
Benjamine	120	Syra	113
Little Boy Blue	113		

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, fillies:

Regee	110	Granadilla	100
Rarshara M	107	Countess Flora	100
Nellie Forest	100	Lass of Fortune Teller	100
Air Castle	100	Glove	100

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles, purse $500, handicap:

Scales	108	Pound	98
Florizar	107	Chnet	95
Cup Gulls	98		

Fifth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, selling:

Donation	104	Try the Fiddler	102
Prince Blazes	101	Maggie Jones	101
Dagmar	104	Hub Prather	99
Papa Harry	106	Thompson	99
Patroon	104	Quanah Parker	96
Judge Denny	104	Belle of Oakwood	97
Dazzle	104		

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling:

Blue Dan	106	Ben Chance	101
Lew Hoppe	106	Woodtrick	101
Lady Britannic	104	Sister Fox	99
Dandy H	104	Aloha II	98
Plantain	106	Owenmore	98
Lomond	101	Mountebank	90

COMISKEY TURNS A TRICK.

MINNEAPOLIS TEAM DEFEATED THROUGH A SMART IDEA.

White Stockings Leader Instructs His Men, Who Have Failed to Bat Ehret Successfully, to Direct Their Bunts Toward Harvey, a Left-Handed Third Baseman—Result Is Three Runs and Victory — Indianapolis Beats Cleveland on Errors.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Chicago	69	40	.633	Kansas City	54	56	.491
Indianapolis	63	47	.630	Cleveland	50	58	.463
Milwaukee	58	51	.532	Buffalo	47	62	.431
Detroit	57	51	.528	Min'apolis	45	66	.594

Yesterday's Results.

Chicago, 5; Minneapolis, 1.
Buffalo, 8; Detroit, 4.
Indianapolis, 4; Cleveland, 2.
Milwaukee, 11; Kansas City, 4.

Games Today.

Minneapolis at Chicago [two games].
Indianapolis at Cleveland.
Detroit at Buffalo.
Milwaukee at Kansas City.

WHITE STOCKINGS WIN IN SEVENTH.

Millers Lose Despite the Good Pitching of Ehret.

The schedule of the American league made both ends meet yesterday, and the breach between them widened, Comiskey's leaders whipping the tail-end Minneapolis team after a lively struggle by a score of 8 to 1. For a time it seemed the last would be first and the first last, and the crowd was getting apprehensive as, inning after inning, Ehret the Red retired the White Stockings in order, but, eventually, in the seventh inning, four beautiful bunts, directed towards the hapless Harvey, turned the tide and Chicago won.

The story of the defeat of the Millers is all told in the one inning. Up to that time Wilmot's luckless crew led and seemed winners. Comiskey's crowd could not hit Ehret safe, while one swat by Nichols—the same whom the Chicago National league team cast adrift—had given the tail-enders the lead. The case was getting desperate. Chicago had had but one chance to score, and that was thrown away by the awful blunder of Wood on the bases. Harvey, old "silence and fun," who once wore the uniform of Chicago's West Side team, was playing third. Now Harvey is left-handed, and left-handers are handicapped in fielding bunts. Seeing this, and knowing his men could not hit Ehret safe, in any degree of certainty, Comiskey ordered a change in tactics and sent every man up to bunt in the seventh.

Hoy, who led off the inning, noked a beauty bunt toward third, and Harvey, handicapped by having to turn after scooping the ball, came through the heavy going and Hoy beat out the bunt. Padden followed with a duplicate of Hoy's hit and Wood set the crowd wild by duplicating the dose. Then, when the Millers' infield drew close hoping to save the day by heading off runners at the plate, Sugden drove a liner to right, sending home Padden and Hoy. Sheehan bunted to luckless Harvey fumbled, after which McFarland drew a base, forcing home a run. The first six men up had reached first and three had scored, and Wilmot's crew's seeming chance for an overwhelming defeat, but Isbell and Shearon tried to poke the ball over the infield and popped up easy flies, after which big Roger Denser went out.

Toward the end Denser was pelted, but Denser's terrific speed and curves proved too much and they succumbed gracefully, while Harvey abused all his ancestors for making his birth possible.

The time game in the only other thirty-three minutes being required to settle the dispute, and most of the batters went out on fly balls. Lady Luck was a generous one to Comiskey's men, first off a base hit over second by a great stop. Both Denser and Ehret pitched beautiful ball, only Nichols being able to solve the mysteries of Denser's swift shoots. The little man whom Loftus let go unmasked in three innings, but in the first two times at bat and failed in his fourth attempt, when the need of a hit was most imperative. Denser's one error by Fisher after two were out in the second inning, came near bringing defeat, for Nichols followed it up with a two-bagger and would have scored, but the next two innings seemed enough to win. Luckily for the coming champions Comiskey discovered the vulnerable point in Wilmot's defense and the attack, directed at that point, saved the day.

The score:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Minn'polis.	R	B	P	A	E
Hoy, cf	1	3	3	0	0	Davis, cf	0	0	1	0	0
Padden, 2b	1	1	2	2	0	Lally, lf	0	0	4	0	0
Wood, ss	0	1	2	3	0	Nichols, 2b	0	0	2	3	0
Sugden, c	0	1	4	0	0	Kelley, 1b	0	1	10	1	0
Hartman, 3b	0	0	3	0	0	Harvey, 3b	0	2	2	1	1
McF'l'd, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Isbell, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Isbell, 1b	0	0	4	0	0	Nichols, ss	0	0	3	2	0
Shearon, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Higgins, 2b	0	0	1	3	0
Denser, p	0	0	0	1	0	Wilmot, p	0	0	0	1	0
						*Bailey	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	3	7	27	5	1	Totals	1	6	24	9	1

*Batted for Higgins.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	=	3
Minneapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	=	1

Two-base hits—Nichols [3]. Harvey. Sacrifice hits—Padden, Hartman. Left on bases—Chicago, 5; Minneapolis, 7. Struck out—By Denser, 4; by Wilmot, 2. Wild pitch—Wilmot. Bases on balls—By Denser, 2; by Ehret, 1. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Minneapolis, 1. Hit by pitcher—Isbell. Time—1:33. Umpire—Manassau.

Notes of the Game.

Nineteen of the Millers and twelve of Comiskey's men retired on fly balls.

One unusual feature of yesterday's score was that every player on the two teams had one or more putouts.

The White Stockings and Minneapolis will play a double header this afternoon, the first game being called at 2 o'clock.

Hoy played a little dirty ball in the eighth inning after he had reached second base. Wood was forced by Wood, but bumped Nichols so hard he prevented the completion of an easy double.

Manassau changed a decision in the ninth inning and gave Padden a base on balls. Fisher, drawing a kick from the White Stockings. With two men on base, two outs, three balls, and one strike on Ehret, the batter fouled a ball. Manassau called it two strikes, but reversed his decision, declaring right was wrong. Comiskey's men protested without avail, but Denser put on more steam and struck Ehret out anyhow.

MILWAUKEE BATS PITCHER LEE.

Kansas City Pitcher Gets Poor Support and Goes to the Bench.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 21.—Lee was taken out of the box in the second inning after the visitors had piled up seven runs on safe hits and errors by the home team. Gibson pitched good game, but the hits secured off Reidy were well scattered and the home team was unable to overcome the lead gained by the visitors. Attendance, 1,200. Score:

Kan. City.	R	B	P	A	E	Milwaukee.	R	B	P	A	E
H'mphill, rf	1	1	2	0	2	Ketch'm, cf	1	0	3	1	0
Farrell, cf	0	2	2	0	0	Waldron, rf	2	2	2	0	0
O'Brien, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Hogan, lf	2	2	2	0	0
Dungan, 1b	0	1	8	1	0	And'son, 1b	0	2	14	0	0
Lyons, ss	1	1	1	3	0	Abbey, 2b	2	2	1	2	0
Coughlin, 3b	0	1	2	3	0	Conroy, ss	2	0	1	2	0
Schaefer, 2b	0	0	2	4	1	Burke, 3b	1	1	1	3	0
Spalding, c	0	0	3	1	0	Kelchum, c	1	1	6	0	0
Lee, p	0	0	0	0	0	Reidy, p	0	0	1	2	0
Gibson, p	0	0	0	5	0						
*Gear	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	4	9	27	16	3	Totals	11	12	27	16	2

*Batted in ninth for Gibson.

Kansas City	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	=	4
Milwaukee	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	=	2

Two-base hits—Anderson, Reidy. Three-base hits—Fultz [2], Diggins, Waldron, Coughlin. Sacrifice hit—O'Brien. Stolen bases—Fultz, Farrell, Ketchum, Waldron. Bases on balls—By Gibson, 3; off Reidy, 1. Double plays—Clingman-Schaefer, Dungan-Clingman, Abbey-Anderson. Passed ball—Gondin. Hit by pitcher—By Gibson, 2. Innings pitched—By Lee, 2; by Gibson, 7. Hits—Off Lee, 6; off Gibson, 6. Struck out—By Lee, 1; by Gibson, 1. Time—1:30. Umpire—Cantillon.

Indianapolis, 4; Cleveland, 2.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 21.—Indianapolis won its first game of the season on the local grounds today, and the victory was not earned. All the visitors' runs were made after chances had been given to retire the side. Score:

Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E	Indianap's.	R	B	P	A	E
Picker'g, cf	1	2	1	0	0	Hartsel, lf	0	1	3	0	0
Frisbie, rf	0	1	2	0	0	Hogan, 2b	0	0	0	3	0
Genins, 2b	0	1	2	2	1	Geier, 3b	1	2	1	2	0
La Ch'e, 1b	0	0	6	1	0	Kelley, 1b	1	1	10	1	0
Bragging, c	0	0	6	0	1	Hogr'ver, c	0	1	4	0	1
Flood, 2b

AM IS BEATEN.

GOLFERS ARE DE-
T RIVERSIDE.

No Match for Local
h by Score of 41 Up-
ions for Good Play--
y Round in the Bart-
etition at Glen View--
to Play Country Club

A Golf club of Winona, ng a week's tour through sin, played yesterday at defeated 41 down. With strong breeze from the good play were perfect, excellent shape.

ainst Riverside would opriate match, and as a a brook, the outcome

e no claims as to their ing merely on tour for did not have our ts with one exception the The exception was J. defeated 2 down by W. led by 1 up at the end is, but was outplayed in Holcom, who is also on wn and Country club of t player on the Meadow- s only been beaten once the last two years.

irst round the local team ores at this stage were: olcom; Mundy, 8 up on t West; Allen, 3 up on Mar- Gallagher; Ferguson, 1 up 3 up on Tearse; Scott and

Dome team maintained the d on Saturday, making the the second in 43. The best

Meadowbrook.		
C. P. Crangle	1	
C. A. West	0	
Marshall	0	
W. H. Gallagher	0	
H. G. Smith	0	
Mundy	1	
J. L. Keenan	0	
Total	2	

layers were entertained by ter the match, and left last ore they will play today. ro to Appleton, Oshkosh, and

Glen View team will play at team will consist of E. R. K. Allen, R. Mundy, W. G. Ravenmyer, A. P. Bowen, Ferguson, Captain.

rning representation, and a is looked for.

nis yesterday the first match Hartsett Cup competition was tch of the day was between , Miss Boynton, handi- enth hole the score was even won by Miss Lake.

ses are follows:

		defeated Mrs. H. P. Pear- play.
		scratch, defeated Mrs. Buck-
		won from Mrs. J. W. Scott
		consisting of K. R. Owen, Owen Norris, W. E. Cook- John C. Weston, A. Anderson, J. Tweedie, Captain, will nnson for Quincy. Ill., there ames of the team of the Quincy

foursome will be engaged in th and Harry Tupple will and play an exhibition game the afternoon Willie Smith the Quincy professional. will aint Herbert J. Tweedie and

ap for women is scheduled at

u will probably make a trip t. Paul in the near future.

Y AT MILWAUKEE.

e Are Expected to Cap-
e of the Prizes.

Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The the Milwaukee Country club day morning, and will be of players in this portion of the The entries closed tonight. tries in all. Play in the pre- be started at 8 a. m. and four minutes apart until all rst pair will start at 8 o'clock, , but will start around the links at ing is a completely list of 72 ings and time of starting: lleman and P. W. Spence. H. Hauxhurst. and L. Eustis. and F. Best. and O. Bigelow. and A. S. Goodrich. and C. Kellogg. and C. B. Forsythe. dy and J. F. Burke. ler and Jay James. and T. Boyd. ler and J. F. Burke. and Mr. Schmidt. ple and Thomas Taylor Jr. ich and Chester Allen. and W. Pillsbury. ey and Stephen Bull Jr. and C. M. Connell. mith and F. H. Smith. and Mr. Hall. man and George W. Simmons. man and C. L. Brewer. and Mr. Nichols. Ritchie and F. C. Aldrich. ather and J. W. Linn. ler and S. R. Redmond. and G. H. Russell. nder and R. G. Watson Jr. Oumans and A. A. Gulbert ttit and H. E. Fiefield. ond and Gen. Buchan. osh and Charles Schaller. Hoyt and F. D. Frazier. and Mr. Bidwell. es and I. M. Osborne. aller and Howard Morris. ach and Walter Knott. and Lieutenant Dow. McGlach-

and T. W. Noyes. prizes (twenty-five are from Chi- ve always a good players are William Bruce D. Smith, Harold C. Mr. W. A. Alexander, Jr., ers, and Phelps B. Hoyt II of the trophies will be car- day city.

ES ENTERS A DENIAL.

A. A. U. Investigation
t Frew Used His Name.

athlete of this city who was ntral association of the Ama- few days ago, enters a vigor- tements made about him by

that I was called before the ssion. "I did not go to Mil- Herman came to my office and mony there in regard to Frew. ve competed in my name at old him that was no place to ould do so in the proper place. ginger came to see me. He man I had never been in Wis- is not true. I told him also o testify at the proper place. come to Milwaukee and I told my expenses were paid.

31, I received a letter from ds directing me to turn in as r was dated July 28. As I and as it said I should have to not later than Aug. 1 it was to comply with it.

represented in other ways. I knew Frew had competed in . I knew nothing of it but

SETTLE THE BANK UNION.

NORTHWESTERN AND AMERICA STOCKHOLDERS MEET.

Half of the Stock Owned by Sidney A. Kent in Corn Exchange Is Bought by Interests Already Identified with Institution -- People's Gas Shows Further Weakness -- Closing Curb Prices--Sales on the Local Stock Exchange.

Stockholders of both the Northwestern and America National Banks voted yesterday to go into liquidation for the purpose of amalgamating with the Corn Exchange National. The consolidation will take effect on Sept. 17, two weeks sooner than had been anticipated.

The Northwestern and the America banks will remain at the close of business on Saturday, Sept. 15, and the combined banks will open under the name of the Corn Exchange on Sept. 17.

The meetings were formal, all the details having been arranged in advance. The 10,000 shares of the North western National were voted unanimously in favor of the resolution. Of the 10,000 outstanding shares of stock of the America National, 9,066 were represented and voted for the amalgamation. President Isaac G. Lombard was appointed to take charge of the liquidation of the America bank.

The Northwestern National, on retiring from business, will settle with its stockholders by declaring a dividend of $1,400,000, of which $700,000 will be in stock of the Corn Exchange Bank and the balance in cash. It is estimated that the stock will be listed at 160 to 165.

Buy Half of Kent Stock.

Half of the stock owned by Sidney A. Kent, who died some months ago, in the Corn Exchange National Bank has been bought by some of the present large holders of the stock of the institution. Mr. Kent held 1,800 shares. It is believed that the Kent holdings will be purchased by capitalists who are largely interested in the bank.

People's Gas Weak Again.

People's Gas stock was depressed again yesterday, showing a loss of 1 point at the low price, but recovering at the close. The rumors of unfavorable developments which appeared simultaneously with the weakness of the stock centered generally about the deal for the Ogden company. Most of the reports originated in New York. By local authorities the decline was attributed to realizing sales, but thousand shares of stock were dealt in as on the previous day, and the stock held fairly well, considering the pressure. The gossip about reduction of the dividend, which caused the decline in the first place, has been succeeded by adverse reports concerning the Ogden company.

Railroad Earnings.

The Central railroad of New Jersey reports for

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
July	$1,224,284	$1,122,338	$ 3,164
Jan. 1 to July 31	560,147	538,078	22,068
From Jan. 1—			
Gross earnings	$ 4,668,824	$ 4,083,797	$585,027
Net earnings	2,441,249	2,142,198	299,050

Northern Pacific reports:

Second week Aug.	635,472	555,716	84,797
From July 1	5,010,437	3,942,153	268,284
Decrease.			

Dividends Declared.

The National Tube company has declared the quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on Oct. 1. Books close on Sept. 15 and reopen on Oct. 2.

The United States Leather company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of ¼ per cent on its preferred stock, payable on Oct. 1. Books close on Sept. 15 and reopen on Oct. 2.

Other Financial News.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad has given for the sinking fund by number $95,000 4 per cent bonds of 1921. They will be paid at par on Aug. 1 by the New England Trust company of Boston.

Foreign exchange was unchanged yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

	Demand.	60 days.
Sterling	487¾	483½
Commercial	485¾	482½
Paris francs—		
Bankers	5 16¼	5 18¾
Commercial	5 18¾	5 20
German marks—		
Bankers	95 3-16	94 15-16
Commercial	95	94 7-8

Closing Curb Prices.

Closing prices of curb securities in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Copper	88	88¼
American Bicycle	32	32½
Do pfd	92	94
American Woolen	12¾	13
Do pfd	68	69
Hay State Gas	1	1¼
East Iron Pipe	8¼	4¼
Do pfd	34	36
Chicago and Alton subscriptions	102¾	104
Compressed Air	28	31
Distilling Company of America	4¼	4¾
Do pfd	19	20
Electric Vehicle	13	15
Do pfd	40	50
Illinois Electric Vehicle	1¾	4
International Pump	15	20
Do pfd	65½	66½
National Salt	41	43
Do pfd	96	98
Otis Elevator	28½	29¼
Do pfd	66½	67¼
Rowe Baking Powder	91	97
Standard Oil	542	545

Sales on the Local Exchange.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Linseed	50	10¾	10¾	10¾
Do pfd	50	58¼	58¼	58¼
Chicago Edison	20	250	250	250
Chicago Un. Traction pfd	100	51	51	51
Diamond Match	12	123	123	123
Illinois Tunnel	100	13½	13½	13½
Do pfd	1	79	79	79
National Biscuit	500	31¼	31¼	31¼
Do pfd, div.	100	85¾	85¾	85¾
National Carbon pfd	50	80	80	80
Northwestern Elevated pfd	100	65¾	65¾	65¾
Swift & Co	65	100	100	100

BONDS.

$700 North Chicago City railway 4½s 107¼

Closings at the larger cities yesterday and a year ago were:

	Aug. 21.	Aug. 14.
New York	$191,312,616	$191,366,922
Boston	21,151,654	19,712,102
Philadelphia	13,520,483	13,581,774
Chicago	14,068,803	13,037,174
St. Louis	5,112,700	5,337,219
San Francisco	6,796,295	6,741,000

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 10c discount bid.

RAPID TRANSIT IS STRONGER.

Wall Street Hears That Supplementary Report Will Make a Better Showing.

[BY E. W. HARDEN.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—Today's stock market showed few changes of importance and transactions were again limited in volume. Total sales today were only 400 shares, which puts it in the list of record days of the year. In today's market arrangements cut no appreciable figure. There were sales of only a few thousand shares of stock on account, largely in the Pacific railroad list.

Most of the stocks were fairly strong in the early trading, particularly Brooklyn Rapid Transit, which advanced on the rumor that a supplementary report was to be issued by the company which would make a better showing than was made by the report given out today. As to this rumor, President Ross has declined to make any statement. The report was due last week, however, was called a preliminary report, which is taken as indicating inaction on the part of the officials of the company to submit a report in greater detail. The gain in Brooklyn Rapid Transit for the day amounted to only ¾ point. Sugar sold off sharply on fairly heavy trading. The steel issues were heavy and the railroad issues were fairly well traded in.

The market, subjected to a further drive during the afternoon, held up well under the influence of long stock. In the early trading there was considerable weakness on the developed decision to go over the week end, but the close at 90 showed a net loss of only ¼ point.

The story to the effect that the comptroller had found it necessary to expend a large sum of money in renewing mains and in improving manufacturing plants in Brooklyn was the story to the effect that the Ogden Gas Company was to lay thirty-five miles of new mains, which would duplicate its territory. The Ogden company, under its charter, can charge not more than a thousand for gas, while the People's Gas company charges $1. An extension of territory and active competition on the part of the Ogden company would, therefore, undoubtedly tend to reduce profits.

Gas officials claim there are absolutely no foundations for the reports in the recent stock quotations. They say active competition is out of the question and that the condition of the properties of the subsidiaries is such as to make it unnecessary to expend any great amount of money in betterments.

THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

Setting in the Industrials the Only Feature of the Day.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—The stock market was dull today, the only incidents of note being the failure of certain industrials. The opening reflected London's weakness. Sugar was declining on the strength of a reduction in coffee duties, which was taken to indicate a possible reduction of the trade war in sugar, despite the continuance of similar prices with consequent loss of trade. The stock went off ¼ per cent on the announcement of the recent bear campaign against People's Gas accounted for its point fall. Declines in railroad stocks were in sympathy with London, and reports of unfavorable crop conditions in crop districts. Conspicuous strength was shown by Brooklyn Transit, Manhattan, and Consolidated Gas, the latter rising 2¼ per cent from the lowest. New Jersey Central then assumed a commanding position in the market, rising 3¼ per cent to 170½, which is a record price for its recent upward movement. Colorado Fuel, the only stock registered for New Jersey Central, the July statement, of earnings of the road were reported showing a decrease in gross of only $3,000, but a reduction in net of $30,000. This showing and realizations forced the stock off to 134 at the close. Reading first preferred was the only other issue to show any reduction of the movement in Jersey Central was largely responsible for the gain. While the speculation in these stocks was being carried on the general list was largely neglected and showed no inclination to rise above the level recorded about noon.

Business in bonds expanded today, and there was an active demand for St. Louis Southwestern 4s and 5s, but the general market was irregular, but variations were slight. Total sales par value, $1,110,000.

United States refunding 2s when issued declined ½ and new 4s advanced ¼ in the bid price.

Money on call steady, 1½@1¾ per cent. Time loans firmer, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4 87¾ for demand and at 4 84¾@4 85 for sixty days; posted rates, 4 86¾@4 87 and 4 85¾@4 86. Commercial bills, 4 83½@4 83¾. Bar silver, 61¾c. Silver certificates, 61@62c. Mexican dollars, 48½c. Government bonds irregular; State bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Asked.	Bid.
Amn. Sugar	14,300	125	120¾	125	124
Amn. Tobacco	200	97¾	97¾	98	97¾
Amn. Tinplate	100	78	78	80	78
Do pfd	100	97½	97½	98	97½
Amn. Smelting	200	82½	82½	83	82½
Amn. Steel & W	2,000	41	40¾	41	40¾
Do pfd	1,000	74¾	74¾	75	74¾
Atchison	2,500	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Do pfd	3,300	97½	97½	97¾	97½
Anaconda	400	45¾	44¾	45	45¾
Amn. Linseed pfd	500	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼
Amn. Car Fdry	100	45¾	45¾	46	45¾
Balt. Rap. Tran.	9,100	57¾	56¾	57	56¾
Balto. & Ohio	1,700	97¾	97¼	97¾	97¼
Do pfd	500	78	78	79	78
C. R. & Q	2,400	128	127¾	128¾	127¾
C. C. C. & St. L	1,200	103¾	103¼	104	103¼
C. M. & St. P	2,700	174	173¾	174½	173¾
C. & N. W	800	166½	166½	166¾	166½
Can. Southern	100	56	56	56¼	56
Ches. & Ohio	100	41	41	41¼	41
C. R. I. & P. (N. Y.)	3,500	137½	134¾	135¾	134¾
Con. Gas (N. Y.)	5,300	179	177¾	178	177¾
Chi. Terminal	100	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Chi. Ter. pfd	100	42	42	43	42¾
Col. Fuel & Iron	1,000	43¾	43¾	44	43¾
C. F. & I. pfd	100	107	107	107	107
Chi. Gt. W. pfd B	100	74¾	74¾	75	74¾
Con. Tobacco	2,700	33¾	33¾	34	33¾
Do pfd	100	97½	97½	98	97½
Del. & Hudson	100	171	171	171½	171
Federal Steel	1,000	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾
Do pfd	100	84½	84½	84½	84½
Gen. Electric	400	184	184	184½	184
Hocking Valley	200	77	77	77½	77
Do pfd	100	93	93	93	93
Int. Paper	100	24¾	24¾	25	24¾
Ill. Central	200	117½	117	117	116¾
Iowa Central	100	21	21	21	21
Int. Paper pfd	200	67½	67½	68	67½
Do pfd	300	95¾	95¾	96	95¾
L. S. & M. S	400	80	80	80	79¾
Louisv. & Nash	600	81	80¾	81	80¾
Long Island	100	61	61	61	61
Man. Elevated pfd	100	94	94	94½	94
Manhattan	2,100	114¾	114¼	114¾	114¼
Mobile & Ohio	100	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾
Missouri Pac	2,400	97	96¾	97	96¾
Minn. & St. Louis	300	70	69¾	70	69¾
Nat. Biscuit	700	51¾	51¼	51¾	51¼
Northern Pacific	2,800	74¾	74¼	74¾	74¼
Do pfd	3,700	94¾	94¼	94¾	94¼
National Steel	200	37¾	37¾	38	37¾
Northern Pacific pfd	200	94¾	94¾	95	94¾
North Am. Co	1,100	15	14¾	15	14¾
N. Y. Ont. & W	100	31¼	31¼	31¼	30¾
National Lead	100	23¾	23¾	24	23¾
National Tube	100	48	48	48½	48
Do pfd	100	119	119	119½	119
People's Gas	14,600	99	98	98¼	98
Pacific Mail	100	51¾	51¾	52	51¾
Pac. Steel Car	100	40	40	40	40
Do pfd	100	85	85	85	85
Pullman	100	205	205	205	205
Quincy	100	174	174	175	174
Reading	1,000	57¾	57¾	57¾	57¾
Do 1st pfd	8,200	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
Do 2d pfd	100	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾
Southern Ry	100	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
Do pfd	600	91	91	91¼	91
St. J. & G. I	700	17	16¾	17	16¾
Do 1st pfd	1,700	40	40	40	40
Do 2d pfd	100	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	100	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼
Texas Pacific	300	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	900	70	69¾	70¼	70¼
Union Pacific	7,200	99¾	99¼	99¾	99¼
Do pfd	400	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
Un. Bag & P. pfd	100	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾
U. S. Rubber	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
U. S. Leather pfd	100	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
W. & L. E. 2d pfd	300	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
Wabash	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Wis. Central	100	14	14	14	14¼
Do pfd	400	35¾	35¾	36	35¾
Total sales, 113,682 shares.					

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	155	United States	45
American	122	Fargo	122

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. ref 2s, when issued	106¾	U. S. new 4s, coup.	133
Do coupon	106¾	U. S. old 4s, coup.	112
U. S. 3s, reg.	110	U. S. 5s, reg.	113
U. S. 3s, coup.	110	U. S. 5s, coup.	113½
U. S. new 4s, reg.	133		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND TRANSACTIONS—10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

$7000 Atch gen 4s	104¾-101	Do 2d inc.	78
		$ 2000 Mob gen 4s	95
$7000 Do adjmt	80¾	$ 5000 M-StL con 5s	114
$11000 Ann Arb 4s	90½	$ 2000 N Pac 3s	70
$10000 A-NW 1st	94¾	$ 4000 MK-T 1st 4s	91½
$1000 B-O 5½s	94½	$ 2000 Do 2ds	69¾
$7000 Do 4s	99¾-100	$ 2000 Do 1917	87
$4000 B-OSW 5½s	109½	$ 2000 Do 1920	92½
$2000 BW-W 2s	75	$ 2000 M-K lsts	138-139
$3000 Bkln U Gas lsts	111	$ 2000 NTC 1st 6s	106½
$ 3000 Bkln El 5s	102	$ 2000 NTC 1st 7s	108½
$ 2000 Can so 2ds	108½	$ 3000 NTC L& R 5s	96½
$10000 Can Sou	104	$ 2000 NTC 2d 5s	90½
$ 1000 Can Gs lsty	102	$ 3000 NTC 1st 5s	106
$ 5000 Chi Pac 5s	120	$ 2000 NTC 2d 5s	91½
$10000 C-O gen 4½s	99¾	$11000 NC-StL lsts	122-123
$ 9000 CB-Q 1ll 3½s	102½	$ 1000 N-W con 4s	97½
$ 1000 Do 4s	99½	$ 2000 NYP& Ha 3½s	100¾
$ 1000 Do con 5s	125¾	$ 1000 OStL con 5s	112¾
$ 2000 C-P-T con 6s	134	$ 1000 Pac Coast 1st	108
$ 1000 C&I-StP C-P 5s	119	$ 2000 Pa Cen 3½s	97
$ 3000 Chi Rl 4s	107	$ 3000 P Gas con 6s	120½
$ 4000 Chi Rl 4s	107	$ 2000 P Gas con 5s	117½
$ 5000 Colo So 4s	83	$ 2000 StP-IM 5s	110¾-111
$ 5000 D-RG 4s	93½	$ 2000 StP-IM 2ds	110½
$ 5000 D-RG 1st 5s	102¾	$ 2000 StP-M 4½s	114¾
$ 5000 Do con 4s	93	$ 1000 StP-M 6s	130
$ 1000 Ft W 1st 6s	100	$ 1000 So Ry 5s	109
$ 1000 H-TC 1st 5s	81	$ 2000 So Ry 6s	110
$ 6000 H Val 4½s	100	$ 2000 S R-T 1st	10
$ 1000 Ia Cen 4s	93½	$ 2000 Tex 1st 5s	112
$ 1000 LA-PF 1sts	125¼	$ 1000 W-LE 1st 5s	101
$ 1000 L-N Mob 1sts	125¼	$ 5000 Do Wh div 1sts	104
$ 1000 L-N Un 4s	103¾	$ 2000 Do StL div 1sts	104
$ 1000 Mex Int con	86¾	$ 3000 WNY-P 1sts	119
$14000 Mex C 1st	69¾		

Total sales, $1,143,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

Trading in Copper Shares the Feature of the Day at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The market was dull today. The changes in the railroad list were small and unimportant. Copper showed some activity and strength. Montana was the leader of the day. The sales were considerable and the price advanced to 322, seven points higher than was compared with the same time last year. Tamarack on its first sales for a week advanced to 210. Most of the other coppers were firm. New England Gas and Coke Company sold at 14. Dominion Coal closed ¼ firmer at 42. Call loans, 2@3 per cent. Time loans, collateral, 3@4½ per cent. Time loans, miscellaneous, 4@5 per cent. Clearing-house loans, 2 per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amn. Zinc	2,100	122¾	123	122	122¾
Amn. Ice	6	143	143	142¾	142¾
Bost. & Albany	128,700	259	260	258	259
Bost. & Mont. min	300	316	322½	316	321¼
Boston Elev	100	144½	144¾	144½	144¾
Calumet & Hecla	6	670	670	670	670
General Electric	27	138¼	140	138¼	138¼
Isle Royale	500	29	29¼	28¾	28¾
Mass. Elec. pr	12	76	76	76	76
Mohawk	50	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
New Eng. Gas	120	14	14	14	14
Nat. Tube pr	52	92¼	93	92¼	93
Osceola mining	60	68	68	68	68
Old Colony mining	100	19	19	19	19
Old Dominion min	100	19	19	19	19
Parrott	200	42	42¾	42	42¾
Pullman	28	205	205	205	205
Quincy mining	85	140	140	140	140
Utah	600	30¾	31¼	30¾	31¼
Wolverine mining	50	40¾	40¾		

BONDS.

$1000 Mex 4s ..... 79¼ | $7000 NE Gas 5s .. 64¼-65

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

Members of London Exchange Play Football to Enliven a Dull Session.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram: The Stock Exchange here was half empty today, and there was a notable absence of business, except in the mining department, in which there were signs of reviving interest. In the American division the dealers occupied their time in playing football. The French market was strengthened, combination is being arranged by the Ayrshire-Nottingham lace manufacturers, with a capital of £6,000,000.

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—Prices were irregular on the boerse today. Italian securities were in strong demand on Western advices. Americans were maintained. Mine shares were depressed owing to realizations. Bank shares were dull.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Business on the bourse today opened firm and active. Russ and Spanish 4s were in particular demand, and bank shares were in strong request. Later business was irregular and quiet. Rio Tintos advanced.

In the New York Mining Exchange.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Mining stocks closed:

Cholar	14	Ontario	550
Crown Point	10	Osbir	52
Con. Cal. & Va	125	Plymouth	10
Deadwood	40	Quicksilver	140
Gould & Curry	14	Do pfd	500
Hale & Norcross	18	Sierra Nevada	35
Homestake	5000	Standard	825
Iron Silver	21	Union Con	15
Mexican	25	Yellow Jacket	21

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 21.—Today's statement of the Treasury balance in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $138,338,947; gold, $71,443,192.

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Chicago Stock-Yards receipts and shipments of live stock follow:

Receipts.	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, Aug. 20	17,582	229	37,833	29,077
Tuesday, Aug. 21	3,500	1,200	13,000	16,000
Week thus far	21,082	2,429	40,833	45,077
Cor. time last week	29,522	1,950	33,046	23,922
Cor. time 1899	24,220	1,413	33,648	33,645
Shipments—				
Monday, Aug. 20	5,419	50	8,197	3,852
Tuesday, Aug. 21	2,000	100	5,000	2,000
Week thus far	7,419	150	8,197	5,852
Cor. time last week	7,014	150	10,472	3,690
Cor. time 1899	8,042	110	12,310	3,468

Estimated receipts Wednesday, 15,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs, 10,000 sheep.

Receipts with comparisons at four markets:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Chicago	3,500	13,000	16,000
Kansas City	14,000	5,400	1,000
Omaha	4,000	7,000	1,200
St. Louis	2,400	6,000	2,500
Totals	24,900	33,400	20,500
Cor. day 1899 week	25,600	29,400	24,700
Cor. day 1899	24,000	28,000	24,700
Cor. day 1898	24,000	20,000	22,000

Cattle—Receipts included about 1,800 Western rangers and 600 Texans. The market was generally steady. Beeves averaging 880@1,087 lbs sold at $4.75@5.95, with some 1,342-lb fed Westerns at $5.75, and 1,073@1,206-lb stillers at $5.50@6.75. Western rangers sold at $3.75 for 908-lb yearlings and $3.70@4.80 for inferior to fair 1,100@1,242-lb steers. Native cows sold at $1.60@4.25; calves, 25c lower, at $3.00@6.75; stockers and feeders steady.

Hogs—Heavy hogs were slow and about steady, with light hogs strong and in cases higher. The range between the cheap and dear hogs is widening. The common and thin packing hogs were dull sale, and did not sell well, even early, as buyers were paying their attention to the few good ones to be had. The grassy, sowy lots are in large supply proportionately, and the range of prices between them and good ones is widening. Dealers think this gap will grow wider and that it would pay to feed these thin sows that are so hard to sell. The lightweight thin packers, cows found around 240 lbs, are harder to sell than the heavy ones of the same quality, because there is so little to them. Packers don't like to buy them, finding the shrinkage greater. Sales were made at the following quotations:

Bulk of sales	$5.15@5.30
Selected butchers'	5.30@5.40
Selected bacon, 190@210 lbs	5.30@5.50
Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs	5.25@5.40
Heavy shipping, 250@350 lbs	5.20@5.35
Heavy packing, 250@400 lbs	5.10@5.30
Rough heavy grades	4.90@5.10
Poor to choice pigs	5.05@5.10

Sheep—The natives were badly neglected and most of the Western sold 10@15c lower than yesterday. The worst feature was to get a bid of $3.50 for Western sheep, and $4.00 for natives. Sales of good to choice Western sheep at $3.40@3.50. Western sheep of good quality sold to packers at $3.00@3.35. Western lambs sold at $5.00@5.25, and most of the native lambs sold for $4.60@5.25, with a few extra choice at $5.50.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; firmer, native beef steers, $4.50@5.80; Western steers, $4.10@4.60; Texas steers, $3.25@4.25; native cows and heifers, slow to 10c lower, $3.25@4.50; canners, $1.75@2.85; stockers and feeders, steady, strong. Calves—Receipts, 200; 10c lower, $3.00@6.25; yearlings, $3.00@5.50; bulls, stags, etc., $2.50@4.25. Hogs—Receipts, 7,000; steady; heavy, $4.95@5.05; mixed, $4.95@5.05; light, $4.90@5.00; pigs, $4.50@4.90; bulk of sales, $5.00@5.05. Sheep—Receipts, 1,200; steady to weak; yearlings, $4.75@4.90; wethers, $4.25@4.75; stock sheep, $3.00@3.85; lambs, $4.50@5.20.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 15,000; market, steady. Choice to prime, $5.10@5.75; Texas steers, $2.50@4.00; Texas cows, $2.00@3.15; native cows and heifers, $1.65@4.50; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.00; bulls, $2.25@4.75. Calves—Receipts, 750; market steady, $3.00@5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 1,000; lights, 5c higher, others steady; bulk of sales, $4.95@5.00; heavies, $4.95@5.00; packers, $4.95@5.00; mixed, $4.90@5.00; lights, $4.85@4.95; Yorkers, $4.90@5.00; pigs, $4.50@4.85. Sheep—Receipts, 6,000; market, weaker; lambs, $3.25@5.35; muttons, $2.25@4.15.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—Beeves—Receipts, 291; all for sale; no trade. Cables unchanged; native live cattle slow at 11@12c per lb; refrigerator beef lower at 9c per lb. Shipments, 550 cattle and 4,700 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 250; steady; veals, $5.00@7.75; buttermilks, nominal; $5 unsold. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 6,000; sheep and lambs in fair demand; good lambs scarce and steady; sheep, $2.75@4.25; lambs, $5.00@6.30; culls, $3.75@4.50. Hogs—Receipts, 1,100; firm at $5.00@5.20; choice light State hogs, $5.35@5.40.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 3,500; market, 10c higher. Steers, $3.50@5.50; stockers and feeders, $3.10@5.00; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.90; Texas and Indian steers, $3.40@4.60; cows and heifers, $2.80@3.80. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; market, 5c higher; packers and butchers, $4.90@5.00; mixed, $4.90@5.00; pigs and lights, $4.75@5.00. Sheep—Receipts, 1,800; market, steady; Missouri muttons, $3.25@4.25; packers, $3.80@4.40; butchers, $3.90@4.50; Albany-Arkansas, $3.90@4.25; lambs, steady; native muttons, $4.00@4.25; lambs, $4.25@5.00.

EAST BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Cattle—Receipts, 1 carload; steady, steady. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 14 cars; stronger for light grades; others steady; heavy, $3.40@3.50; mixed, $3.40@3.50; Yorkers, $3.40@3.50; pigs, $3.40@3.50; roughs, $4.70@4.85. Sheep

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—IF THE YOUNG LADY WHO FOUND the two diamond rings in the washroom of Temperance, Mon. eve. will return same she will receive $50 reward and no questions asked. W. G. GARVEY, 605 La Salle-av.

LOST—LADY'S UMBRELLA, ON CLARK-ST. car, purple shade, mother of pearl handle of purple color, with gold knob and gold band; reward $2. THEODOR. T. A. Kochs Co., Erie and Wells-sts.

LOST—A SMALL POCKETBOOK CONTAINING about $40. Finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same to E. JONES, 211-213 S. Clinton-st.

LOST—SMALL HAND SATCHEL WITH LARGE sum of money in it. Finder please return to Franklin-st. station Metropolitan L. cars of WM. C. KELLY, and receive reward.

$75 REWARD FOR 3-STONE RING, LOST BETween Rookery and Lake Buildings in alley; no questions asked. Address Y 528, Tribune office.

LOST—BOOK WITH $21, ON WASHINGTON, between La Salle and Fifth-av. Finder return; receive reward. Address W 927, Tribune office.

LOST—PURSE, FULLERTON-AV. L. STATION, containing money. 1430 Montana-st.; reward.

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PERSONAL—FREE: SUCCESS IN LIFE CAN only be obtained through influence; will send absolutely free a 100-page book which explains all the secrets of hypnotism, personal magnetism, and magnetic healing. Tells how to cure diseases and bad habits, enables you to win and hold the love and respect of others. Anybody can learn it in a few days. A guarantee success. Write today. Address NEW YORK INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE, Dept. 408 M., Rochester, N. Y.

PERSONAL—IF YOUR HAIR OR BEARD IS GRAY, USE WARD'S WALNUT OIL. Colors in one application; sunny brown, brown, and dark brown. Expressed free on receipt of price, $1 and $1.50. MME. J. WARD, 1105 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

PERSONAL — WRINKLES, MOLES, POCKmarks, blackheads, discolorations, and all traces of old age removed permanently; patients received at residence. Call at office. ELIZABETH TOMLINS, M. D., 1036 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—HIGH-CLASS TAILORING ON CREDIT. No deposit required.

THE S. H. SHEARER CO., 8th floor, Woman's Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts destroyed forever by electric needle; eyebrows and foreheads perfectly shaped; 10 years' experience. MME. STIVER, 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—REPAIR YOUR FURS AT HALF price this month; reliable work. Estb. 1887. GREENBURG & CO., Furriers, 191 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—ROACHES AND INSECTS EXterminated from premises under guaranteed contract. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State.

PERSONAL—FURS REPAIRED AND REMODeled to latest styles; lowest prices; best work; satisfaction guaranteed. MARTIN BROS., 187 State-st.

PERSONAL—MAURISE INST. MAGNOTPATHY, osteopathy, and electric appliances; hours 10 to 10. 2138 Michigan-av., Suite 1.

PERSONAL — SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red nose, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALLMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—I AM PREPARED TO CURE ALL nervous and chronic diseases; consultation and demonstration free; best refs. W 948, Tribune.

PERSONAL—RHEUMATISM CURED; 10 YRS.' Swedish experience. 1802 Wabash. Anderson.

PERSONAL — DIAMONDS, WATCHES. ON easy payments. GOETZ BROS., 108 State-st.

PERSONAL—LADIES, GET A FREE SAMPLE of Marbourg skin food. 34 Monroe-st., Room 35.

PERSONAL—LEARN A PROFESSION IN 3 weeks that brings $100 a week. F T 376, Tribune.

PERSONAL—SWEDISH INST. MOD. ELEC. apps. 1015 Steinway Hall, 17 Van Buren.

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RELIABLE HOME SANITARIUM, 78 STATE-ST.

With staff of physicians in attendance. Positive and under guarantee cures all ailments and diseases of women, no matter in form or gravity; speedy and permanent relief in every case undertaken without operation, pain or danger. Private accommodation for ladies needing our NO CURE, NO PAY. special care; safe, comfortable home for those desiring during confinement; the kind and motherly attention to everybody; when others fail consult us. Consultation and advice free. Infants adopted. Lady physician in attendance. Correspondence strictly confidential. Office, 78 State-st., Suite 24-26, 2d floor.

DR. KINGSTON HANNA, GRADUATE OF EDINBURG, SCOTLAND, 1882. 1 to 2 and 7 to 8. 1 RANDOLPH-ST. Sanitarium established 1880. Skillful and scientific treatment of all diseases of women and supplemented by modern methods. Ladies suffering most obstinate cases (from any cause) in a few hours, without operation or pain. Special attention before and during confinement. Infants adopted if desired. Correspondence solicited. Hours, 9 to 12. Sundays, 10 to 1.

BERTHA CZARA, PRIVATE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN.

Strictly private; best medical service before and during confinement; all female diseases treated by expert specialist; infants for adoption. Consultation and correspondence sacredly confidential. 24 Cook County Bank; Room 2, opp. Palmer House. Phone Monroe 406.

PASTOR KNEIPP CURES ARE SAVING THOUsands from operation. Medicine is advised, surgical operations neglected; nature cures, everything fails. 2011 Wabash-av. DR. ROTHSCHILD, Director.

STATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 76 E. MADIson-st., Chicago—We cure blood poison, nervous debility, and all diseases of men. NO CURE, NO PAY. Hours, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10-12.

STRICTLY PRIVATE— BEST MEDICAL SERVICE. Home for ladies before and during confinement; regular physician in attendance. 279 W. Adams-st.

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DR. WOOD, 121 LA SALLE-ST.—ESTABLISHED 30 years; successful treatment in all female troubles; private home retreat for confinement cases; infants adopted; advice free; hours 9 to 5, etc., first flat.

DR. L. H. NAHIN, PHONE CENTRAL 2206. 1358 WABASH-AV., 3D FLOOR. Skillful scientific treatment of diseases of women. Relief guaranteed in the most complicated cases.

MRS. HUGHES, 158 OAKLEY-BLVD., TAKES ladies before and during confinement at her private residence; terms reasonable; correspondence solicited; advice free; 15 yrs.' experience; no sign.

PROMINENT PHYSICIAN WILL TAKE ONE or two ladies before and during confinement; absolutely private and first-class. Address W 968, Tribune office.

IDA VON SCHULZ, 403 N. CLARK-ST.—ELEgant private home for ladies in delicate condition; personal attention given all cases. Tel. 346 M.

DR. EMMA HELLWIG, 351 WELLS-ST., physician, Berlin, Paris; female diseases; private home; success guaranteed. Tel. No. 1046.

STRICTLY PRIVATE. BEST MEDICAL SERVices—Home for ladies before and during confinement. M. BILLING, 173 N. State-st., 2d floor.

FREE—SKILLFUL PRIVATE TRIAL TREATment for 10c this month to patients unsuccessfully treated elsewhere. National Inst., 202, 21 Quincy.

MORPHINE AND OPIUM HABIT CURED; pleasant method. DR. HOUGHTON, 2901 Cottage Grove-av.

DR. O. S. STEWART, 84 ADAMS-ST.—LADIES' physician. Hours, 9 to 7. Sundays, 10 to 5.

LADIES TREATED FOR $5 BY DR. BRINEY at 182 State-st., Room 1. Consultation free.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

ABSOLUTE SALE— 150 TOP BUGGIES AND RUNABOUTS, WITH OR WITHOUT RUBBER TIRES; ONLY SHOP SALE. $55 TO $100 AND $55 TO $80 RESPECTIVELY. ALSO REDUCED PRICES ON SURREYS, TRAPS.

PHAETONS, STANHOPES, STATION WAGONS, GOLF BRAKES, BRAKE CARTS, ETC., ETC. VISITORS WELCOME; GOODS WARRANTED. REPAIRING AND PAINTING VERY REASONABLE.

LOT SECOND-HAND VEHICLES CHEAP. CORNEAU & CO., 381, 383, AND 385 WABASH-AV.

AT 372 AND 376 WABASH-AV.—HIGH GRADE runabouts and light vehicles of all kinds; we offer panel top cutunder wagon, $90, cash or time; a few bargains in second-hand vehicles; inspection invited.

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CAN BE BOUGHT AT A BARGAIN—A RUBBER-tire leather-top business or pleasure buggy combined; also a very gentle young horse and harness, as I have no use for them; he has been driven by ladies and children. 606 S. 44th-st., near Grand.

FOR SALE CHEAP—A FINE 3-SPRING CUTunder panel-top wagon (nearly new); suitable for tea and coffee or laundry use; also harness. Stable northeast corner 44th-st. and Calumet-av.

FOR SALE—VERY HANDSOME PACER; SAFE for ladies; show 2:25 clip; 7-year-old and sound; at bargain. 194 35th-st.

$35 BUYS A HANDSOME, ALMOST NEW 3-spring extension top surrey. Rear 408 Jackson-blvd.

FOR SALE—FINE FAMILY HORSE, HARNESS, surrey, and Studebaker top buggy, good condition. Call before 9 a. m., COL. STILES, 139 Adams.

FOR SALE—EXTRA FINE RUNABOUT AND stylish trap, both best make, rubber tires, good as new. 3251 Michigan-av.

PHYSICIANS' STANHOPES AND GODDARDS; new cart; also buggies, surreys, etc.; cash offers. Palace Livery, 413-421 east S. S. L.

HORSES WITH CORNS AND BAD FEET scientifically shod. Fitzgerald, 4000 Cot. Grove.

FOR SALE—LANDAU; WITH RUBBER TIRES; good as new; cheap. Anderson, 53 Plymouth-pl.

A BIG BARGAIN—FINEST PONY OUTFIT IN Chicago. Barn, 4042 Michigan-av.

ARTIFICIAL PAPER FLOWERS.

WE HAVE ON HAND, READY FOR IMMEdiate shipment, a large line of artificial paper flowers, for flower carnivals, street parades, and general decoration. KEMPER ARTIFICIAL FLOWER CO., 3020 Elston-av., Chicago.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

THE "LOFTIS" AND THE "METROPOLE," most up-to-date wheels built; prices $22.50 and $30; cash or easy terms. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., Columbus Memorial Bldg., 103 State-st.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT 21-INCH D. D. TANdem; must sell. WEAVER, 26, 209 Adams-st.

STAMPS, COINS, PICTURES, ETC.

STAMPS FOR COLLECTORS' ALBUMS, SUPplies; price list free. F. WOLSIEFFER, 75 State.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—AS CORRESPONDENT, young man, competent stenographer and Smith-Premier operator; can wholly originate creditable letters; ten years' experience; hard worker; valuable assistant to a busy man; excellent references; fair salary. Address W 974, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — PRACTICAL ACcountant will open and close books, investigate and balance confused accounts, draw trial balances, and prepare financial statements. Address W 861, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS CREDIT man, now holding first position with one of the largest wholesale dry goods houses in the West, desires to locate in Chicago; correspondence strictly confidential. Address W 803, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED BY EXPERIENCED Chicago real estate clerk, with first-class city references; can operate typewriter. Address F J 561, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFICE WORK OR AS sistant bookkeeper; experienced; references. Address F N 507, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXP. BOOKKEEPER and office man. Address W 839, Tribune office.

Salesmen. Solicitors. Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—A GOOD SOLICITOR, at present employed by large house, where he has charge of agents, etc., desires to change; is capable of handling branch agency, etc., pushing cheap proposition. Address W 928, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY REPRESENTAtive salesman of tact to travel East or West; agency in Chicago only large city notions, paints, hardware, etc. Address P 331, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN OF large business experience as city salesman or collector with good, legitimate firm. Best of references. Address W 982, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESMAN, CROCkery, glassware, lamps, and bar goods; or as good for some linen; good references. Address W 920, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN OLD TRAVELING salesman would like a first-class line of goods to sell from Chicago. W 930, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESMAN IN HAT and gents' furnishings. Address W 922, Tribune.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOY OF 14 YEARS. North Side or down-town. Address L. KOEHLER, 615 Fletcher.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COLORED BOY of 19, some kind of work; handy about house; can give references. Address W 908, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY BOY OF 16, OFfice work preferred; can furnish references; good education. Address W 873, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY STRONG BOY OF 16, to learn electrical, machinist or gasfitting trade. CHRIS LUDWIG, 97 W. 60th-st.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—CUTTER AND FITTER on ladies' tailoring; also designer with incomparable ideas of original styles in fancy and plain costumes, with many years' experience; also with following of first-class trade; would like a change with first-class establishment. Address W 801, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — PRINTER, ABOUT 8 days per week; private office preferred. THOS. O. McKEAN, 281 E. Indiana-st.

House Servants.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MAN AND WIFE; wife first-class cook and laundress, man firstclass housework, not afraid of work; reasonable; reference. N. M., 950 Clybourn-av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—COUPLE, PRIVATE family; good inside man; wife good plain cook. Address W 957, Tribune office.

Coachmen. Teamsters. Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SINGLE AMERIcan, 32 years old, sober and reliable; will be free Sept. 1; on account of turning out horses. Address F E 290, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS COACHMAN OR houseman; reliable man; several years' experience and best of references. Address W 940, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A SINGLE SWEDish coachman; sober and reliable; references. Address W 949, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SOBER, MIDDLEaged coachman; good driver; can milk; moderate wages; good city ref. Address J. Smith, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—SWEDISH COACHMAN, single man; refs. Address W 822, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN; SINGLE; Swedish; temperate. W 959, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — BY STENOGRAPHER and general office man; rapid and accurate; reasonable salary. Address W 886, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A POSITION OF REsponsibility requiring young man of experience and competent stenographer. W 915, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—STENOGRAPHER, S. P. and P., with knowledge of bookkeeping. Address W 953, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED — BARTENDER, YOUNG German-American; five years' experience in wholesale and retail liquor business. W. ALGAND, 4735 Halsted-st.

SITUATION WANTED—SEPT. 1, BY EXPERIenced lumberman; 15 years as manager of large firm; acquainted with minutest details. Address W 970, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY POST-GRADUATE as tutor; can teach Latin, Greek, and French, besides English studies; very best refs. Address X 906, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A RELIABLE, trustworthy, single man, to make himself generally useful; good references. W 937, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EDUCATED MAN 28 years old, of trust; reference and bond. Address W 947, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY STUDENT IN evening law school; to earn room and board. Address W 904, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED — BY BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; is an experienced office clerk; salary $8 per week. Address W 710, Tribune office.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS cook and laundress in private family where second girl is kept; city or suburbs preferred. 3529 South Side preferred. Address or call at 3520 Lowe-av., 2d flat, rear.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS cook and also kitchen girl. Address, 1721 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GIRL FOR GENeral housework in small family. 5746 State-st., first flat.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL IN small American family, South Side flat. 277 E. 43th, top flat; no mail.

SITUATION WANTED—FIRST-CLASS WOMan cook; references. 3724 Cottage Grove-av., Flat 1.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE-AGED GIRL, general housework in small family. 2542-St.

SITUATION WANTED—SECOND WORK OR general housework. Call at 780 47th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—GOOD COOK, ALSO house girl. Call 79 Wadisw-pl., in rear 35th-st.

SITUATION WANTED — GERMAN GIRL; work for German family. 3804 Union-av.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED lady as working housekeeper for old couple or widower with one or two children; references. 534 Austin-av., rear.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG WIDOW AS housekeeper for children; willing to leave the city. Address W 919, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS HOUSEKEEPER, by young woman willing to work; good references; three in family. W 943, Tribune office.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED dressmaker, a few more city customers for fall engagements; $1.50 per day. DRESSMAKER, 15 Clarkson-ct.

SITUATION WANTED — FASHIONABLE dressmaker, formerly with Field, expert cutter, fitter; reasonable terms. W 918, Tribune office.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED — GOOD LAUNDRESS, to work by the day or housecleaning; willing and competent; good references. Call 5148 5th-av.

SITUATION WANTED—LAUNDRESS WANTS work to take home; fine hand work. 3246 Cottage Grove, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—TO GO OUT WASHING and ironing by day. 10 20th, top.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED — GRADUATE NURSE wishes case chronic, nervous or obstetrics pref.; highest refs. phys. and patients; terms mod. Address W 941, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY 16-YEAR-OLD GIRL as nurse, or assist in housework. 2166 North Whipple-st.

SITUATION WANTED—AS WET NURSE BY married lady. 1185 Harvard-st.

SITUATION WANTED — AT ONCE, AS NURSE to invalid; good references. W 902, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — BY GOOD GIRL, AS nurse. 3628 State-st., Flat 12.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED nurse for infant. Address 4018 Wabash-av.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED — BEST OF SERVANTS with ref. Woman's Exchange, 3310 Cot. Grove.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED — COMPETENT LADY stenographer, at present employed, desires position about middle of September; some experience. Address W 921, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRApher; good writer and speller; rapid, accurate; reasonable salary. Address W 905, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—4 YRS. EXP.; PERMAnent position; good ref. W 819, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT YOUNG lady; salary, $12. Address W 928, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, CORrespondent and experienced bill clerk; rapid and accurate; operates Remington and Oliver machines and tabulators; steady and reliable; long experience and highest references. X 962, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY WOULD do sewing, chamber work, or correspondence 4 hours (forenoons) a day for room and board; South Side. Address Y 679, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY REFINED YOUNG lady, as lady's companion or governess; good seamstress; speaks German. W 915, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—A PRACTICALLY EDUcated lady will assist an invalid in the sick room in any capacity. Address W 967, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED person as cook, housekeeper, or any position of trust. DELTA, 127 N. Clark-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN, as companion for lady. Address W 859, Tribune.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

5X7 MONROE NO. 6 CAMERA $16.75; CAMERAS exchanged. Central Camera Co., 91 E. Adams.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

ACCOUNTANT—FIRST-CLASS, WITH MEANS. Room 31, 140 Dearborn-st.

CLERK—EXPERIENCED DRY GOODS; YOUNG man preferred. 850 W. 45d-st.

CLERKS — EXPERIENCED DRY GOODS clerks, men or women; none but thoroughly competent need apply. State in application age, experience, and in what particular branch; nationality and salary expected. Address A. E. & E. GUENSBURG, Menominee, Mich.

YOUNG MAN—EXPERIENCED, BY WHOLEsale tailoring house, for alteration and claim department; must be able to correspond and understand tailoring. Address G L 803, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 18 YEARS OF AGE, IN salesroom of large city house. Apply in own handwriting, stating age, references, and wages desired. Address W 979, Tribune office.

Salesmen. Solicitors. Etc.

BOOKMEN—COMPETENT TO HANDLE HARper & Brothers' fine subscription editions in Chicago, Indianapolis, Detroit, Milwaukee, St. Louis, Minneapolis, and surrounding territory, also in the State of Iowa. We give exclusive control to capable men; our new "De Luxe" SOLDSMITH, selling like wildfire; new catalogue now ready. Call or write HARPER & BROS., 334 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

CANVASSERS—TO VISIT THE FARMERS with an article that sells itself; inexperienced canvassers making from $5 to $20 a week; good opportunity for man with light rig to get into a profitable business. Buchanan Mfg. Co., 182 State-st., Room 46.

CANVASSERS—FOR THE ONLY FLY-CATCHer that catches the flies alive, by force, on the wing, from ceiling, wall, floor, or any place about room; sample, 50c, express prepaid; or call 247 E. Randolph-st.

CITY SALESMEN, COUNTY AND STATE agents—for great disinfectant and stock remedy big profit; in daily use everywhere. BANNERMAN, 157 Washington-st.

MEN—THREE GOOD LIFE INSURANCE OR BE and 1 men, to sell bonds on installment plan; first-class security; salary and commission to right parties. Citizens' Loan and Trust Co., 412 and 413 Inter-Ocean Bldg.

MEN—THREE FIRST-CLASS MEN; THOSE experienced in selling stocks preferred; salary or commission. Call office 87 Clark-st.

RELIABLE SOLICITORS AND SALESMEN—for city and country towns; new line of health and accident insurance; big commissions; sells at sight; liberal agents wanted in every county in Western States. Apply 436 Marquette Bldg.

SALESMAN—SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW— The greatest premium offer of the nineteenth century; eclipses all our previous efforts. THE GREAT WAR BOOK—" Story of the Spanish-American War and the Revolt in the Philippines "—told by W. Tebbe King, Lieutenant U. S. A.; hundreds of illustrations and paintings by the best artists; a work of art given with this book. Weekly; men of business ability who value their services will find this a profitable work to handle. P. F. [illegible] 524 Rand McNally Bldg.

SALESMAN—OF BUSINESS ABILITY, TO AS sociate himself with a large corporation; good salary and commission; steady employment; only good men need apply; references required. Address G B 912, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—BRIGHT, ACTIVE, CAPABLE man; experience and fitness for first-class work; must be of good address and well recommended; good salary. Address G B 911, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE, CAPABLE man of general business experience and fitness for first-class work; must be of good address and well recommended; good salary. Address G B 909, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—YOUNG MAN, IN DRY GOODS store; one with good habits, not afraid to work, can secure a steady situation, with prospects of advancement. A. N. WARNER & CO., 534 and Lake-av.

SALESMAN—GROCERY, FULLY POSTED IN handling the goods for Chicago and outside trade; give age, references, and nationality. Address W 890, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR HIGH grade merchant tailoring; exceptional and liberal arrangement to good man. GEO. H. FIEDLER & CO., 107 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—BY OLD-ESTABLISHED HOUSE, manufacturers of staple specialty; appearance and address; entire time and bond required; permanent position to right party. Box 814, Chicago.

SALESMAN—RELIABLE, WHO CAN SELL; good salary and commission. References required; good salary and commission. Address G B 908, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A FIRST-CLASS SPECIALTY salesman, with a clean record, can secure good position; salary and commission. Address G B 910, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS MAN TO SELL A specialty on salary and commission; state age and experience; highest references required. Address, B 12, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—GOOD, HUSTLING SALESMAN, posted on furs, to sell city trade; steady position; state salary wanted. Address W 805, Tribune.

SALESMEN AND CANVASSING TRAIN BUSINESS; must be experienced with city trade; references and salary expected. Address P 570, Tribune.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED SALESMAN OF useful invention. W. FABIAN, 900 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMEN—AND AGENTS—IN CHICAGO AND other cities and towns to sell the newest and best patentable article in existence; something new and ornamental that all merchants and private homes must have them; in use and highly recommended by all the leading merchants. Lady agents in all cities; great side line. SANTEE, WHITE & CO., 182 and 184 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

SALESMEN—AND WOMEN OF ENERGY and ability to sell the very best policy issued by any old line company; renewal contracts will be made with good agents; special attention will be shown to new beginners by constant posting and assistance in closing cases. Call or address home office, Illinois Life Insurance Company, Fort Dearborn Building, Monroe and Clark-sts.

SALESMEN—FOUR OR FIVE, IN OUR CUSTOM tailoring department; must have a good city acquaintance either in factories or large mercantile houses; will pay fair salary and commission; call WORK BROS. & CO., cor. Jackson and 5th-av.

SALESMEN—BY AN OLD ESTABLISHED CHIcago tea, cigar, and spice jobbing house, a few first-class salesmen; state age, where last in experience, average sales, salary or commission expected. Address C X 661, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — 5 WANTED FOR CLASSIFIED list; salary or commission; city and country solicitation; educated and energetic young men; good pay. Call room, $15 up-stairs, 100 Washington-st. Society [DAVIS], 521-531 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—MEN AND WOMEN OF ENERGY and ability to represent a large corporation in Illinois, Michigan, Ohio, Kansas, and Indiana; good pay. References required. Inclose stamp. Address W 923, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TRAVELING, TO HANDLE AN exceptional side line; new demand unoccupied; good commission. Brant Co., 113 Adams-st., Chicago.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED CITY TAILORing salesmen to call on dealers and oversize for cash or on easy payments; salary or commission. Call 203 5th-av., top floor.

SALESMEN—EXPERIENCED, WHO CAN handle an entirely new article successfully; don't call if you are looking for a snap. Room 34, 16 Pacific-av.

SOLICITOR—HIGH CLASS, REPRESENTAtive, to travel for old-established house; unless you are a first-class man and have the ability to command a good position, and a hustler, don't apply. Give full particulars, age, and experience. Address G L 602, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR — EXPERIENCED LIFE INSURance solicitor, familiar advisory board contracts, work outside Illinois. BALDWIN, 84 La Salle-st.

SOLICITORS—CAN MAKE $20 PER WEEK; experience not necessary. Call 5446 Halsted-st.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED IN missionary work, to call on dealers and retail grocers; Western States; give age and full particulars regarding your last engagement. Address W 877, Tribune office.

STREET SALESMEN AND CANVASSERS— Wanted every street salesman and canvasser in Chicago to call and get some of those hot sellers for Grand Army crowds at once. TORTY MFG. CO., 206 E. Illinois-st.

SUBSCRIPTION SOLICITORS — FOR LARGE Chicago daily; good proposition for first-class men. Address G F 525, Tribune office.

TAILORING SALESMEN—IN EVERY TOWN, to sell best made-to-measure garments; will furnish piece goods to a hustler with trade. Address Department of Agencies, P.-O. Box 886, Chicago.

Boys.

BOY—BRIGHT AND ACTIVE BOY, ABOUT 14 years of age, as office boy; must have experience and be good penman; one living on West Side preferred. Call 118 So. Hoyne-av.

BOY—WHO HAS HAD SOME EXPERIENCE with circular saws. 10 and 12 N. Canal-st., up one flight.

BOY—DRUG STORE, WILLING TO WORK; references required. Call 869 N. Clark-st.; one living on North Side.

OFFICE BOY—17 YEARS OF AGE, GRADUATE of grammar schools, 6 mo. business course at college. Address 1676 S. Kedzie-av.

OFFICE BOY—ONE WHO HAS HAD EXPERIence. Address W 970, Tribune office.

OFFICE BOY — GRADUATE IN STENOGraphy. Address W 971, Tribune office.

Trades.

BUNCHMAKERS — THREE, AND THREE rollers; steady work. Apply MARX & CO., Des Moines, Ia.

BUTCHER — EXPERIENCED; MUST SPEAK Polish; good position. 4700 Ashland-av.

CUTTER — FIRST-CLASS ASSISTANT, FOR fine tailoring, in country. Apply Wednesday, 10 o'clock. MAGNUS GOODMAN & BROS., 181 5th-av.

DRAFTSMEN—WE HAVE GOOD POSITIONS open now for experienced, educated, capable STRUCTURAL, BRIDGE, and MECHANICAL DRAFTSMEN. WRITE US IMMEDIATELY, stating age, experience, and salary required. The Engineering Ag'cy, 1605 Monadnock Blk., Chicago.

DRAFTSMAN—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT on details in architectural and mechanical work; give experience, reference, and compensation wanted. Address American Fibre Co., Saginaw, Mich.

DRAFTSMAN—WITH EXPERIENCE, IN LAYing out iron stairs and ornamental iron. Address G D 622, Tribune office.

FOREMAN—FOR BOOKBINDERY; MUST BE first-class in all branches; applications must be accompanied with reference. Santi Codoroni Book Co., blank book manufacturers, Leavenworth, Kas.

MOULDERS—THE NATIONAL FOUNDERS' ASsociation; will pay from $4.75 to $6 per day for a few first-class iron and steel machinery floor moulders to work on either dry sand, green sand, or loam in the foundries in the City of Cleveland, O., and in addition will give to such moulders as go to work in these shops a National Foundersy Association card, which will always guarantee them permanent employment under the rules of the association; 800 of a chance for the right men. Address P.-O. Box 177, Cleveland, Ohio.

OPERATORS—25, EXPERIENCED, ON SUITS and skirts; no others need apply. 275 Franklin-st., 3d floor.

OPTICIAN—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN OF PLEASing address. Apply L. MANASSE, 88 Madison-st.

TOOLMAKER—ONE FINE LIGHT TOOLS EXperimental work. Chicago Time Recorder Co., 11 S. Water-st.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Trades.

YOUNG MAN—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, to take charge of press-room in a sheet metal manufacturing plant; one who is competent to set dies and knows when dies are working properly and can produce goods economically; good position and fair wages to right party, with chance of time at fair wages to right party, with chance of advancement. Address, with references, giving full particulars as to ability and experience, F 72, Tribune office.

House Servants.

GOOD MAN AROUND HOUSE AND KITCHEN. 200 Washington-blvd.

Coachmen. Teamsters. Etc.

COACHMAN — FIRST-CLASS. UNMARRIED. Swedish; strictly temperate and reliable; permanent place; give name of references; $30 month. Address W 911, Tribune office.

COACHMAN—AND GENERAL WORK AROUND gentleman's home; must be strictly sober; good situation; light work. Room 711, 184 La Salle-st.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION; THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 2½ to 5 per cent of pen and ink buys it on sight; 2½ to 5 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $220 in six days; another $23 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., P. O. 88, La Crosse, Wis.

$1,500 CAN BE MADE DURING CAMPAIGN season selling our campaign ties; greatest seller ever introduced; territory given; full-line white and fancy rubber collars. Inclose envelope Dept. C. M. & M. Mfg. Co., Springfield, Mass.

AGENTS—TO SELL RAWLINS CLENZENE; no rubbing required; time and labor saved; greatest seller out; men and women wanted at once. W. E. GOODMAN & CO., 182 State-st., Room 46.

AGENTS AND FAKERS, ATTENTION!—SEND three 2c stamps for sample of one of the greatest selling novelties on the market. J. H. PALMEAR, 611 Law Building, Baltimore, Md.

AGENTS—BIG COMMISSIONS SELLING COPper stock; permanent agents wanted to represent firm that will handle nothing but high-class stocks. Address Y 745, Tribune office.

AGENTS—COUNTRY AND CITY; SOMETHING every household needs; sample free; no canvassing; talk needed; large profits; bear investigation; legitimate. Luth & Co., rug fact'y, 1454 Milwaukee-av.

AGENTS—MAIL ORDER BUSINESS AT HOME; full information and BIG list; latest money-making NOVELTIES; ONLY 10 cents; call or write. BURGIE MFG. CO., 183 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

A GREAT SELLER FOR STREET MEN AT fairs; fairs and carnivals; repeating torpedoes. 271 Wabash, Room 8.

$100 MONTHLY — NEW PATENT METALLIC bread boards; sample free. L. N. Forshee, Cincinnati, O.

$200 PER MONTH AND EXPENSES INTROducing our goods; sample absolutely free. Odorless Disinfectant Co., B. 306, Cincinnati, O.

ANOTHER NEW PATENT—$25 PER DAY guaranteed you; free outfit. Call at once; right to work. Braham Mfg. Co., B. 2645, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS — TO HANDLE THE GREATEST money-making article on earth; sample 10c. H. A. WRIGHT & CO., 263 Dearborn-st.

AGENTS—WANTED—$5 TO $10 DAILY MADE selling our slot machine, Cook County. C. S. MATHER, 586 W. Lake-st.

GOOD AGENTS, WILLING TO WORK, CAN earn $3 to $10 daily. Call at 19 S. Canal-st. D. HYMES.

PORTRAIT AND OTHER AGENTS TO HANdle photo buttons. LAWSON, 7 Blue Island-av.

AGENTS — MALE AND FEMALE. LIGHT work; good pay. 2730 Shields-av., 6 to 8 p. m.

LATEST CAMPAIGN SONG, BUTTONS, AND G. A. R. badges. 182 State, Room 46.

Employment Agencies.

MEN—LOOKING FOR WORK— IF WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO CALL at our office before accepting positions elsewhere. POSITIONS SECURED FOR MEN WHO COME AND TELL US WHAT YOU WANT. RAILROADS, STREET RAILWAYS, LARGE MANUFACTURING HOUSES, BANKS, ETC.

Bookkeepers	$12
Credit men	25
Accountants	20
Buyers, all lines	30
Collectors	18
Timekeepers	10
Managers	25
Floorwalkers	15
Stockkeepers	10
Office clerks	12
Private secretaries	20
Stenographers	12
Pay roll clerks	15
Rapid extenders	18
Voucher clerks	15
Car record clerks	12
Law office clerks	12
Traveling salesmen	50
City salesmen	20
Telegraphers	50
Errand boys	5
General office work	9
Cashiers	10
Correspondents	15
Grocery salesmen	15
Bill clerks	10
Transferers, entry clerks	10
Engineers, assistants	15

STROUP'S BUREAU, 190 AND 200 S. CLARK, SECOND FLOOR. One block from The Fair. Tel. Cent. 1395.

BOOKKEEPER—EXP. ON S. WATER-ST. $12.00
Bookkeeper and stenographer..... 12.00
Bookkeeper and stenographer..... 15.00
Stenographer, exp. in lumber..... 15.00
Stenographer, North Side..... 12.00
Stenographer

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

REMARKABLE VALUES IN PIANOS.
PIANOLA PIANO, STYLE A, GOOD PLAYING INSTRUMENT, GOOD CONDITION.
VERY EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
An opportunity this week to make a big saving. Call and see a upright of fifty well-known makes.
A large number of slightly used Steinway uprights returned from studio use. Also pianos taken in exchange as follows:
Steinway upright, $195; Briggs upright, $200; Camp & Co. upright, $100; Leland mahogany upright, $200; Arion upright, $150; Dobson upright, $200; Arion upright, $150; Steinway upright, direct, thoroughly renovated, $200; large Knabe upright, $175; very fine used Knabe cabinet grand, $350; Steinway upright, $200; fine Kranich & Bach upright, $150; Sterling mahogany upright, $150; fair & Wendell upright, $90; Fischer upright, $100; Mendelssohn mahogany upright, $150; Grovesteen & Fuller upright, $150; Hallet & Davis upright, $90; three used Steinway uprights, $190; Knabe mahogany upright, $190; Knabe mahogany upright, latest model, from rental, $375; Knabe upright, $190. In estimating these prices consider the excellent condition and the summer terms.
Pianos for rent $8 per month and upward.
Upright piano, $130, $145, $150, and up.
Easy installment terms will be granted.
Every piano sold by us Included. Buy-ers at a distance should write for special bargain list. Mail us our schedule of freight rates on pianos and interest guaranteed; a good opportunity for a few small investors. Address G B 803, Tribune.

AT SACRIFICE—BEST PAYING SALOON AND RESTAURANT, prominent corner, South Side; elegant fixtures; clearing $350 monthly; independent of brewery. FRANK J. ASHLAND BLOCK.

SILENT PARTNER WANTED TO ENGAGE IN stable mfg. business; $3,000 required; investment secured; best reference given and required. Address W 854, Tribune office.

WE HAVE CASH CUSTOMERS FOR GROCERY stores, dry goods, boots and shoes, hotels, or any line of business. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

HAVE MONEY TO INVEST IN ENTERPRISE bringing quick returns; novelties or inventions; send full particulars. Address F.-O. Box 1542, Janesville, Wis.

COAL YARD FOR SALE—CHEAP IF TAKEN at once; old stand; good place for express office. Address X 631, Tribune office.

LIST YOUR STORE WITH US.
Quick sales. Customers on hand. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

AN INVESTMENT OF $200 AND SERVICES with net a bright young man $75 per month. KEYES & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

CAN FURNISH PERPETUAL CHARTERS, raise money on your bonds or stock, or finance your business. Address W 912, Tribune office.

CIGAR STORE, DOWN-TOWN, BEST STREET in city, clearing $150 every month; $400 cash. LEMON, 167 Dearborn-st.

PARTY WITH LITTLE MONEY CAN EARN 12 per cent safely; well secured; careful investigation requested. Address G B 802, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BEST LOCATED AND FINEST equipped paint store on South Side. Address F X 177, Tribune office.

CIGAR STORE, CORNER, PROMINENT HOTEL S. Side; rent $25; lease; well stocked; clears $30 weekly; particulars. Golsen, Tacoma Bd.

$5,000 WILL BUY ¼ INTEREST IN A MANUfacturing business; want young man for office; will bear investigation. Address W 911, Tribune.

FOR SALE—SALOON DOING GOOD BUSINESS; receipts $45 a day; price $1,500. 96 La Salle-av., corner Indiana-st.

I WILL INVEST ONE THOUSAND IN A FIRST-class house with position. Address W 920, Tribune office.

HAVE A1 CALIFORNIA OIL LAND OPTION; want man or syndicate with $3,000 to form stock co.; moneymaker; diagram at 74 La Salle. Tribune.

WANTED—PARTY FAMILIAR WITH MANUfacture of chewing gum. W 956, Tribune office.

$5,000 WANTED—TO PLACE ON MARKET new store service device. W 902, Tribune.

WANT STOCK MDSE. FOR KY. TIMBER AND coal lands. BOOM, 100 Washington-st.

SALOON FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS PLACE; investigate. Inquire 90 Washington-st.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

FOR SALE—ALL MY FINE FURNITURE IN solid mahogany, bird's eye maple, and quartered oak, 12 rooms; what you see can possibly be here; odd pieces or suite ornaments, rugs, bronzes, vases, curtains, hair mattresses, Dresden, brass and iron beds, pictures, jewelry, jewel and work tables, leather couches, davenport and parlor suits, screens, dining and chamber suit; finest furniture money can buy; must sell at once. 946 North Clark-st.

OUR GREAT SALE CONTINUES—NEW LOTS placed on sale every day. Entire salvage of Mile o' Moore, Pittsburgh, Imperial Furniture Co., assignee, 50c; body brussels, 35c; velvet tufting, 12c; also 250 pieces matting, 5c per yd. Act quickly; slightly soiled examiner rugs, solid patterns, $9.50; unsoiled Smyrna, $12. $10.00.
Open evenings; carfare allowed.
PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.,
65 to 75 E. 31st-st., near Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—LAST CHANCE TO OBTAIN BARgains—Brass beds, mahogany suites, dressers, leather couch, Turkish chairs, odd rockers, sideboard, china closets, dining table, Limited parlor suits, library and office furniture at per cent on upright piano. 1423 Michigan-av., day or evening.

BARGAINS—PRICES MADE TO CLOSE OUT for season. refrigerators, ice cream freezers, water coolers, lawn sprinklers, screen doors. ORR & LOCKETT HDW. CO., 71 and 73 Randolph-st.

MUST SACRIFICE AT ONCE—COSTLY DINing-room, bedroom, library, and parlor furniture, Turkish rugs, new piano, solid brass beds, leather couch, Davenport, almost new, in a 12-room residence at 1443 Michigan-av.

WILL SELL MY FURNITURE, ETC., CONSISTing of four rooms, entirely new; very reasonable. Call Wednesday evening, 6 o'clock; leaving city. W. A. HUNTEMANN, 1834 W. Harrison-st.

WILL BUY FURNITURE IN LARGE OR small lots and pay good prices. Standard Furniture Co., 369 State-st.

WILL BUY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE TO any amount; highest cash price. Address 163 State-st., Room 63.

TO RENT—FOR GRAND ARMY WEEK, IRON beds, spring mattresses, and pillows, $1.50. Standard Furniture Co., 369 State-st.

CASH PAID FURNITURE, HOTELS, HOUSES, flats, etc. WALLS, 881 W. Madison-st.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST CLAIRVOYANT, MME. IRMA KENNEDY,
THE MYSTIC. THE PSYCHIC.
IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE THE WONDERFUL MEDIUMISTIC POWERS POSSESSED BY THE GREAT KARNOVAH, EVERY CALLER DURING THIS WEEK WILL RECEIVE THREE TESTS FREE. MME. KENNEDY WILL TELL YOUR NAME, YOUR PLACE OF RESIDENCE, THE TIME OF BIRTH, YOUR MAIDEN NAME, AND WHAT TRADE OR PROFESSION YOU ARE BEST ADAPTED FOR.
THREE FREE! THREE FREE!
It may be of vital interest to you to know the outcome of your present distress.
The happiness of your future life may depend upon the right solution and proper advice.
There are no mistakes in the predictions made by the great and wonderful KARNOVAH.
You may wish to know if it is advisable to make a change in business, in love, in marriage.
READINGS, ONE DOLLAR.
NEVER MIND THE HOUSE NUMBER.
POSITIVELY NO CHARGE UNLESS YOU FIND ME SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.
HOURS FOR CONSULTATION:
FROM 10 A. M. UNTIL 9 P. M. DAILY.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.
272 MICHIGAN-AV.
TWO AND ONE-HALF BLOCKS SOUTH OF AUDITORIUM HOTEL.

KARMA.
355—NORTH CLARK-ST.—355
[Near the Newberry Library, North side].
OLDEST ESTABLISHED CLAIRVOYANT.
MRS. ELLSWORTH.
HOURS—DAILY, 9 A. M. TO 8 P. M.
SUNDAYS, 9 A. M. TO 6 P. M.
PAY AFTER READING.
ALL LETTERS ANSWERED. INCLOSE STAMPED ENVELOPE.
ATTENTION! NOTICE! To show those who really believe in the genuine clairvoyant power where to go for a genuine and fully developed clairvoyant. PAY WHAT YOU PLEASE. This is not done to gather curiosity-seekers nor to catch cheap business, but to show those who have money where to go for reliable work, and if this does not satisfy and convince you of the truth nothing on earth will. Only one in the world advertising "PAY WHAT YOU PLEASE." ALL LETTERS ANSWERED. INCLOSE STAMPED ENVELOPE.
355—NORTH CLARK-ST.—355.

PROF. C. F. LEON,
70 EAST 16TH-ST.
Two doors east of Michigan-av.
FOR THIS WEEK,
FEE $1.
PRINCE OF CLAIRVOYANTS. MEDIUMS. READS FAST. FUTURE CORRECTLY.
Advice on business, lawsuits, love, marriage, divorce, family affairs; guides to success.

ONLY 10 DAYS MORE—
THE ZANGIGS, PALMISTS,
Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.
4 Expert Palmists Always in Attendance.
READINGS Daily and Evening.
REMEMBER, ONLY 10 DAYS MORE.

ARE YOU IN TROUBLE? IF SO CONSULT Mme. Bernhardt, expert card reader, for faithful reading of your past, present, and future. She will guide you in all affairs of life by power higher than human. Entrance 84 Van Buren-st., Room 29 (3d floor); near State. Price 50c.

MRS. H. ELLSWORTH, 30 YRS. A CLAIRVOYant and palmist, can be consulted daily at her office, s. w. cor. State and Madison-sts., Room 27. Entrance 70 E. Madison-st. She will read your entire past, present, and future; give advice on all affairs of love, business, and health. Hrs., 10 to 7.

LADIES' FRENCH GENTS', 50C—
PROF. TOURVILLE, clairvoyant and palmist, tells your FULL NAME; WHEN AND WHO YOU WILL MARRY; everything; how to be successful, etc.; hours, 1 to 9 p. m. 2254 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., NEAR 33D-ST.

PROF. CARL, 431 S. STATE-ST., R. 4, RELIable clairvoyant; tells your present, past, future; send $1 and stamp for reading or call; ladies 50c, gents $1; hrs. 9 to 9.

LIFE READINGS 50C FOR THIS WEEK ONLY. MME. HUDSON, the famous clairvoyant and clairvoyant, 250 Wells-st. Don't miss this chance.

DUTTON SISTERS, CLAIRVOYANTS, MEDIUMS, and healers. 10 to 8 p. m. 2245 Wabash-av.

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MME. LULU, FORTUNE TELLER AND CARD reader; ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. 257 W. Madison.

MRS. TOWNE, CLAIRVOYANT AND HEALER. 681 W. Madison-st., first flat. Suite 2.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

ANDREWS, 480 S. STATE-ST., PAYS HIGHEST price for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing, old jewelry, and seal garments, etc.; mail orders attended to; evening dresses a specialty; references.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

80, AND 40 ACRES IN NEWAYGO COUNTY, Michigan, with house and barn, free and clear. 100 acres in Browns County, Nebraska. 640 acres in Greeley County, Nebraska. $3,000 equity in Grand Rapids, Michigan; finely located and well rented. Also first mortgage on Michigan land. Will sell cheap for cash or exchange for merchandise. Call on owner, R. 615, 85 Dearborn-st.

FINE SALOON AND BOARDING-HOUSE, BAR filled, main street on N. W. Side; $1,000; less than half value; a bargain; investigate.

Florist, cigar, confectionery, near park; elegant fixtures, all new; near park; $900.
WHITE, 970, 189 La Salle-st.

MANAGER FOR CHICAGO OFFICE OF CALIfornia corporation, to handle agents, dictate correspondence, and converse with office callers. No outside work. Must be able to invest two or three thousand dollars in stock of the company. Address W 924, Tribune office.

BUY WHEAT ON PRESENT CONDITIONS; IT will surely sell much higher; send for our book, "Successful Speculation," free. J. F. K. COATSTOCK, 23 Traders' Building, Chicago.

MILLINERY STORE FOR SALE—SOUTH SIDE; new goods, nice fixtures; 4 completely furnished living rooms connected; established business; no debts; terms reasonable. Address W 843, Tribune.

AN ESTABLISHED COMPANY OFFERS 12 PER cent for sums aggregating $10,000; fully secured and interest guaranteed; a good opportunity for a few small investors. Address G B 803, Tribune.

AT SACRIFICE—BEST PAYING SALOON AND RESTAURANT, prominent corner, South Side; elegant fixtures; clearing $350 monthly; independent of brewery. FRANK J. ASHLAND BLOCK.

SILENT PARTNER WANTED TO ENGAGE IN stable mfg. business; $3,000 required; investment secured; best reference given and required. Address W 854, Tribune office.

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65 to 75 E. 31st-st., near Cottage Grove-av.

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IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE THE WONDERFUL MEDIUMISTIC POWERS POSSESSED BY THE GREAT KARNOVAH, EVERY CALLER DURING THIS WEEK WILL RECEIVE THREE TESTS FREE. MME. KENNEDY WILL TELL YOUR NAME, YOUR PLACE OF RESIDENCE, THE TIME OF BIRTH, YOUR MAIDEN NAME, AND WHAT TRADE OR PROFESSION YOU ARE BEST ADAPTED FOR.
THREE FREE! THREE FREE!
It may be of vital interest to you to know the outcome of your present distress.
The happiness of your future life may depend upon the right solution and proper advice.
There are no mistakes in the predictions made by the great and wonderful KARNOVAH.
You may wish to know if it is advisable to make a change in business, in love, in marriage.
READINGS, ONE DOLLAR.
NEVER MIND THE HOUSE NUMBER.
POSITIVELY NO CHARGE UNLESS YOU FIND ME SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.
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SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.
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TWO AND ONE-HALF BLOCKS SOUTH OF AUDITORIUM HOTEL.

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THE ZANGIGS, PALMISTS,
Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.
4 Expert Palmists Always in Attendance.
READINGS Daily and Evening.
REMEMBER, ONLY 10 DAYS MORE.

ARE YOU IN TROUBLE? IF SO CONSULT Mme. Bernhardt, expert card reader, for faithful reading of your past, present, and future. She will guide you in all affairs of life by power higher than human. Entrance 84 Van Buren-st., Room 29 (3d floor); near State. Price 50c.

MRS. H. ELLSWORTH, 30 YRS. A CLAIRVOYant and palmist, can be consulted daily at her office, s. w. cor. State and Madison-sts., Room 27. Entrance 70 E. Madison-st. She will read your entire past, present, and future; give advice on all affairs of love, business, and health. Hrs., 10 to 7.

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PROF. TOURVILLE, clairvoyant and palmist, tells your FULL NAME; WHEN AND WHO YOU WILL MARRY; everything; how to be successful, etc.; hours, 1 to 9 p. m. 2254 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., NEAR 33D-ST.

PROF. CARL, 431 S. STATE-ST., R. 4, RELIable clairvoyant; tells your present, past, future; send $1 and stamp for reading or call; ladies 50c, gents $1; hrs. 9 to 9.

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H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

CITY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—$5 TO $20 MONTHLY, SAME AS rent, pays for your choice of 150 new houses, completed:

	Price.	Monthly payments.
5-room houses	$1,275	$ 9
6-room houses	1,375	9
6-room houses	1,500	10
7-room houses	1,600	10
7-room houses	1,750	10
7-room houses	1,900	12
7-room houses	2,000	12
8-room houses	2,100	15
8-room houses	2,200	15
8-room houses	2,300	15
8-room houses	2,375	20
8-room houses	2,500	20

Very small cash payments required. Call or write for illustrated circulars of 150 new houses located on the North, South, and West sides and in suburbs, at from $975 to $4,500, for sale on monthly payments, same as rent. It will cost you only 1 cent to find out what a cozy home you can pay for with your rent money. On receipt of postal I will send you plans.
JOHN V. FOX, sixth floor Masonic Temple.

FOR SALE—3 NEW COTTAGES, $1,400, $1,500, and $1,625; all street improvements in; $25 down, $16 monthly, including interest; this is an opportunity to buy on the rental plan. For particulars inquire of SAM BROWN JR. & SON, 1001, 155 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—3 HOUSES AND LOTS, 61 GAULT-ST., N. ORDER, 2-room cottage, 5-room cottage and lot 33d-st. and Homan-av., $700.
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Phone Oakland 501. 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

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BUILDING IS TO BEGIN SOON.

Long Delay in Construction Work to Be Followed by Great Activity.

MANY PLANS ARE READY

Architects and Contractors See $10,000,000 Worth of Business Ahead.

LABOR SUPPLY IS ABUNDANT

Architects and contractors yesterday confirmed the figures printed in THE TRIBUNE, showing that $10,000,000 worth of buildings are being planned for Chicago. This amount of building, they say, will be begun this fall and next spring.

The long delay in carrying out actual construction work has given time for the completion of many plans. This has brought matters to a point where the builders are impatient to rush in and begin the work. The buildings to go up first will be large flat and apartment buildings, the contractors say.

There was a disposition on the part of architects who had not seen the beginning of a boom in building, to criticise the figures given by others as inflated. To show, however, that the figures given are based on actual work in the offices of the architects, and which will result in construction, Henry K. Holsman gives the following schedule:

Residence of A. B. Mulvey, Fifty-fifth street and Indiana avenue	$14,000
Remodeling residence	5,000
Stores and flats; Sam Brown Jr. & Son, West Twelfth street	6,000
Three-story flat, Francisco and Armitage avenues	8,000
Three-story apartment building, Abers avenue and Ohio street	3,000
Ten cottages in Cuyler addition	15,000
Eight frame residences on Cullom avenue	20,000
Total	$84,000

Architects Busy with Plans.

"I anticipate a great rush this fall and next spring," said E. A. Renwick of Children & Roche, architects. "All the architects are again beginning to get busy on plans, and, while of course we have more or less that never reach the point of construction, yet it is safe to say with building materials down a great deal of work is going to be done."

John M. Van Osdel sees a good time ahead in the building industry. "It is just a little early to feel it," he said, "as capital has grown timid in its regard of building possibilities. But there is certainly going to be a demand for flat and apartment buildings. Then there is much of the down-town district that is waiting to be remodeled."

William B. Mundie said his firm, Jenney & Mundie, has been waiting six months for a cessation of the labor troubles to begin construction work on buildings valued at $1,500,000. "We shall go ahead with them next spring," he said. "We started out six months ago with prospects of the best year we have had since the World's Fair times. This interruption will undoubtedly give some impetus when a resumption of building is possible."

Look for Business Elsewhere.

Fritz Foltz is one of the architects who accepts the labor difficulties philosophically. "It is a good thing that something put a stop to building," he said. "I would be glad to see things stand still for a couple of years more, as far as residence buildings are concerned. There are vacant flats by the hundreds on the West and South Sides. I am not figuring on building."

Some of the architects have been driven to look out of town for business. They are loathe to return to Chicago business until the labor difficulties are more fully settled. "I am not figuring on a nickel's worth of building in Chicago," said Joseph C. Llewellyn. "A year ago I saw it was impossible to do anything in Chicago and I have dropped local business. If the labor trouble is fully settled I see a return of prosperity. Capital which enters this business is sensitive. The buildings put up now are mostly in the outlying districts and they are for speculative purposes."

Views of a Contractor.

"The reduction of prices in all building materials," Daniel F. Crilly said, "will undoubtedly start building as early as this fall. I have had more inquiries in the past two weeks about building matters than I had in the season before. Those who have waited are getting ready to build their own houses now. It is not difficult to get labor, although the differences have not been settled. There are plenty of carpenters who will go to work for less than the wage scale. It is true that those who have had buildings have profited, but I do not believe conditions on the whole have been benefited by the filling up of all available buildings. It is too late in the fall for much building to begin, but when next season opens I believe there will be a rush."

Will Build Flats First.

"The large amount of money that will go into building will not be put in residences," said William S. Bond, real estate dealer. "The people who build houses for less than $5,000 have suffered during this time. It will be a flat building period when the first activity appears. Building has never been as much ahead of the demand as one might think. Just at present, it is true, that owing to the stagnation in building they are closer together, and the supply may be advantageously increased."

TO CUT VALUATIONS IN TOWNS.

Board of Review Practically Decides on a Reduction of Fifty Per Cent.

The Board of Review, in session yesterday, decided to make a horizontal cut in valuations in the country towns. The cut will probably be 50 per cent. President Upham said that the board had virtually agreed on this amount, but that it would not be made official until the assessments had been reviewed again.

Complaints were heard in the morning. In most of the towns, according to President Upham, it was found that the taxes being paid by the farmers were enormous. This was especially true of the Town of Cicero and the Thirty-fifth Ward.

The Town of New Trier came in for a reduction of 25 per cent. A peculiar condition was found in the Town of Thornton. Here Assessor O'Rourke, according to President Upham, had laid the most of the tax upon non-resident land owners. Valuations of $1,000 and more were placed on property belonging to people who do not live in Cook County, while adjoining property of equal worth was valued at $200.

Today the board will begin hearing the complaints of the different trades on personal property.

PRODUCING LIFE IN TEST TUBE.

Professor Loeb of Chicago University Soon to Publish Results of Experiments.

Professor Jacques Loeb of the University of Chicago, who is experimenting on the production of life by chemical means, at Wood's Holl, Mass., will publish the results of his experiments soon. Professor Loeb's plan is to fertilize the eggs of the lower animals by chemical agents. His first tests were made on the lowest forms of animal life. The experiments being successful, he gradually ascended the scale. His latest experiments have been on the eggs of the star fish.

$7.00 to Marquette, Mich., and Return.
Chicago and Northwestern Ry., Aug. 24, good returning until Sept. 4. Through sleepers 9 p. m. serving Marquette for breakfast. Ticket offices 411 Clark-st. and Wells-st. Station.

BIG CUT IN CITY FUNDS

REDUCTION OF $3,600,000 SHOWN BY CONTROLLER'S BUDGET.

Heads of Departments Will Arrange Schedules of Cuts and Submit Them to the Finance Committee of the Council—Reduction, Made Without Consultation with Mayor Harrison, May Reopen the Dispute as to the Committee's Limitations.

The city's policy of retrenchment was given definite shape yesterday by Alderman Mavor, chairman of the Finance committee, and Acting Controller Frost. The heads of departments were notified of the reductions which will be made in their appropriations and were told to carry their complaints to the Finance committee. The committee will meet on Wednesday, Aug. 29, to pass upon the budget presented by the Controller's office.

The total reduction in both the general fund and the water fund will amount to $3,600,000. In addition to this the schools will suffer heavily and the Board of Education will secure little over $6,000,000 for educational purposes, instead of nearly $8,000,000, which had been expected.

Departments Must Find a Way.

No further conferences will be given heads of departments by the Controller. It has been found impossible to secure an admission by the departments that reduction could be made, and for that reason the cuts were made in lump sums and the heads of departments told to arrange their schedules of reductions as best they could and present them to the Finance committee. The reductions in each department are:

Public works	$1,193,000
Local improvements	80,000
Building	15,000
City Clerk	5,000
Electrical	100,000
Fire	100,000
Police	150,000
Health	20,000
City Attorney	15,000
Corporation Counsel	20,000
Prosecuting Attorney	97,500
City Collector	10,000

Mayor Was Not Consulted.

The reductions have been made without consultation with Mayor Harrison and may reopen the dispute between the Mayor and the Finance committee as to the limitations of the committee to act in such cases.

The reduction in the school appropriations, which is not determined by the city, will compel the abandonment of plans formed by the Board of Education for next year. The schools will not receive an amount above that which they have had this year, when an economical administration of finances was necessary.

The city and the federal government will have concurrent jurisdiction hereafter over the Chicago and Calumet Rivers. Such a conclusion was reached yesterday by Acting Mayor Walker and Major Willard, United States engineer in charge of the river. The refusal of the Pennsylvania railroad company to secure a city permit for the construction of a bridge over the Calumet River at Ninety-fifth street after it had taken a government permit was the cause of the agreement.

Will Prosecute Alleged Bribers.

Superintendent Nourse of the Bureau of Water Rate Collections is securing evidence to prosecute agents for companies and corporations alleged to have attempted to bribe inspectors of meters. The result of the conviction of the two employes charged with altering the meter readings in the Ranier Hotel, one of whom was fined and the other dismissed in court, was a disappointment to the superintendent, and he has decided to bring action hereafter against the briber rather than against the employés.

William H. Maple has filed a petition for a writ of mandamus to compel the Civil Service Commissioners to place his name on the register of eligibles for the position of superintendent of the shut-off department of the City Water bureau. Maple asserts that his average at the examination held under the civil service rules last March for applicants for the position entitles him to be placed on the eligible list.

Of 200 candidates who took the civil service examinations for positions as truant agents of the Board of Education, twenty-six passed and were posted yesterday as eligible.

BUILDING THE LARGEST DREDGE

Lydon & Drews Completing Biggest Excavator on Fresh Water—Work in Stock-Yards Slip.

The largest dredge on fresh water is being completed by Lydon & Drews at their yards in the North Branch, and will be put into service soon. It will cut out eight cubic yards of material at a single scoop. The building of the dredge called for some extraordinary material. Two timbers, forty inches square on the ends and fifty feet long, were brought from the Pacific coast for the spuds or legs. The hull is built of wood. It is 125 feet long, 42 feet beam, and 12½ feet deep.

The dredging of the Stock-Yards slip to a depth of twenty feet below city datum from the South Fork to Halsted street will open up a half mile of the river for navigation which has never been accessible for boats. The work is now being done.

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

The Indianapolis committee of union and non-union Indiana underwriters yesterday held a conference with the Governing committee of the Western union at the Grand Pacific Hotel regarding the recently ordered flat advance in rates of 20 per cent on the risks of merchandise in the down-town district, 10 per cent on mercantile buildings, and 20 per cent on extra hazardous risks at Indianapolis, Ind., pending the putting into operation of a new schedule of ratings, with the result that the proposed temporary advance was ordered abolished. The special system of ratings would have gone into active effect today and a committee composed of T. M. Goodloe, manager of the Indianapolis Board of Underwriters, chairman; C. F. Sayles, J. Wacher, Robert Martindale, Henry Coe, union representatives, and E. J. Rehm and John J. Appel, non-union representatives, came to Chicago to oppose it. Chairman Warren F. Goodwin of the Governing committee was not present at the conference, but J. W. G. Cofran and other members of the committee talked matters over with the Indianapolis agents and came to a decision.

From a reliable source it was learned that the discussions at the secret session were at times excited. The visitors informed the Governing committee that the Indianapolis agents were set against the proposed advance in rates and if the revised schedule took too big a jump that the next Legislature would be appealed to to enact laws against insurance rating combines. It was also held out as a hazy possibility that a mutual insurance company would be organized and that the Indianapolis agents would all get into it so that no premium receipts would get out of Indiana. Even amendments to the present Indiana insurance laws relating to trusts were strongly hinted at as needful for the curtailment of the power of the union.

The members of the Governing committee present were not easily affected by the oratory of the visitors and were inclined to go into facts and figures showing, according to their ideas, that Indianapolis was a "sink hole" for insurance companies in the way of heavy fire losses and inadequate premium receipts. However, while the local members of the union held out no promise that the revised tariff schedule of rates should not be advanced accordingly as might be seen fit the visitors were repaid for their journey by having it conceded them that no temporary flat or any other kind of advance should be made pending the new schedule going into force at some time in the future. Mr. Goodloe and party left for home last night.

The local agency of the Orient recently in the office of S. F. Re Qua & Sons has been changed to the agency of Bliss, Waller & Co.

Warren F. Goodwin, chairman of the Governing committee of the Western union, said yesterday that he had heard rumors of efforts being made to have the semi-annual meeting of the union held some other place than Saratoga, N. Y., on Sept. 11, but did not believe that any change would be made.

The International Acetylene association will hold its annual meeting in the assembly-room of the John Crerar Library, Wabash avenue and Washington street, from Aug. 28 to 30, inclusive. Papers on the use of acetylene gas and the construction of lamps and gas machines will be read by Raphael Herman, F. Cortez Wilson, Theodore Kautney, Eugene Bournonville, A. J. Galbraith, and Elias A. Long.

New York, Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The fire patrol returns for the first six months of the year in the Borough of Brooklyn total $1,064,426, as against $704,376 for the like period last year and $935,689 for the first half of 1898. Of the figures this year the local companies received $403,403; agency companies $391,618, and the foreign offices $271,116.

GENERAL NEWS OF RAILWAYS.

Southern Pacific Urges a Pool by Transcontinental Lines on Military Business.

General passenger agents of the Chicago west-bound roads had another conference yesterday with Vice President Stubbs of the Southern Pacific regarding the military rate situation. Mr. Stubbs made an impressive argument in favor of a pool on this business. He claimed that the government would not object to paying tariff rates if it found that the roads were united and would not take the business at lower.

Many of those who had opposed the formation of a pool on military business at the conference on the day previous were apparently converted by Mr. Stubbs' argument, and a resolution was finally adopted recommending to the meeting of transcontinental lines, to be held at Glenwood Springs, Colo., on Aug. 30, to take measures for a physical division of the business, and that full tariff rates, less land grant deduction, be charged hereafter for the transportation of troops.

Mr. Stubbs' efforts in this matter were looked upon with considerable suspicion. It is not believed that he is actuated by pure philanthropy, but that his object is to discourage the transportation of troops via Ogden and secure the business for his Southern routes via El Paso and New Orleans, which are not land grant roads like the line between Ogden and San Francisco.

Government Gets Lower Rates.

A fight even more severe than that on rates for the transportation of troops is in progress among the Western roads on rates for the transportation of provisions and canned meats, of which large quantities are being shipped just now by the government to the Philippines and to China. In order to conserve the regular rates a pool on this business was proposed a short time ago, but the Union Pacific came in with a demand of 70 per cent of the business, which knocked the scheme skyhigh, as the other roads would not consent to accept 30 per cent as their share. Since then the government has been getting the benefit of exceptionally low rates.

It is considered quite certain that the Union Pacific will not join either a passenger or freight pool, unless it is guaranteed the great bulk of the business, and the Santa Fé, Rock Island, Burlington, and other lines are sure to resist its demands.

Low Rate to Grand Lodge.

Western roads have decided to make a rate of a fare and one-third for the round trip from all points in Illinois to Springfield and return for the annual meeting of the Grand Lodge encampment Rebekah Assembly and Department Council, I. O. O. F. of Illinois at Springfield on Nov. 19 to 23.

Santa Fé Limited to Be Resumed.

The Santa Fé passenger department announces that its California Limited train will be put in service again between Chicago and California on Nov. 7. The service this season will be daily and will include San Francisco as well as Los Angeles and San Diego.

Rock Island to Run Excursions.

The Rock Island road has decided to run east-bound excursions from Nebraska points on Sept. 10 and 26, the rate for which will be one fare plus $2 for the round trip.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Barge Maida Ready for Tow.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—The wrecking operations on the barge Maida, which recently blocked the channel at Sailors' Encampment, have been completed, and it will leave for Lake Erie in tow of the steamer Mackinaw as soon as the steamer arrives down. The Maida is badly crushed in around the bow, and has a leak twenty feet long in its cargo hold. About 1,000 tons of ore were taken out and this will not be reloaded. A bulkhead will be built aft of the damaged part to make it seaworthy on its way to drydock.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise—Chicago, Susquehanna, Boston, Hudson, Commodore, Buffalo; Governor Smith, Ogdensburg; Lumber—Sands, Manistee; F. W. Fletcher, Washburn; J. D. Marshall, Ashland; E. Williams, Ogontz River; J. La Boyce, St. Ignace; Ruth, Martin, Washburn; A. T. Bliss, John B. Wilbor, Port Wing; M. F. Butters, Menominee. Light—Myles, Goderich; C. F. Bielman, Sevona. South Chicago.

Cleared—Merchandise—New York, Lehigh, Buffalo; Peerless, Duluth. Grain—Niagara, Pabst, Sevona, Buffalo. Light—Kewaunee, Little Bay de Noqus; Pine Lake, Charlevoix; F. Hinton, Martinette; B. B. Ferguson, I. Sands, A. L. Potter, Manistee; F. W. Fletcher, Ashland; Clyde, North Tonawanda; G. C. Markham, Muskegon.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO.—Grain rates were without change, holding at 1¼ cents on wheat or corn. Charters—To Buffalo: Niagara, Manchester, Armour, wheat; Egan, oats.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Chartered—To Buffalo: Blanchard, barley, 1¾ cents.

CLEVELAND, O.—The freight market was dull all around, with no improvement in sight. The ore men are practically out of the business, and nothing is being done along this line. Vessels are badly bunched in Lake Erie ports, and much time will be lost by the late comers. Milwaukee coal cargoes are offered freely and Duluth boats are plentiful.

Owing to the slump in down freights and the subsequent scarcity of cargoes, more of the Rockefeller boats will be put in ordinary. The whaleback steamer J. B. Trevor and consort, One Hundred and Twenty-nine, which have been in the Chicago grain trade, were today ordered to Erie to lay up.

Vessel Movements.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Barium.

SANDUSKY, O.—Arrived—Helvetia.

WAUKEGAN, Ill.—Arrived—Santa Maria.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Carlo, Auranis, Carrington. Cleared—Lorlei, La Salle, Joliet, Pilot.

LUDINGTON, Mich.—Cleared—Goodman, salt, Chicago.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Prince. Down—Lamdon, Semlin.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Rutger, Sunshine, Queen of West, Northern Queen, Wright, Mabel Wilson, Mintee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Cleared—Selwyn Eddy, Manchester, McLachlan, Chicago; Ravenscraig, Escanaba; Blanchard, Buffalo.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Caledonia, Harper, Tacoma, Ewen, Douglass, Houghton, A. Parker. Cleared—Light—Meridia, Escanaba.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Cleared—Centurion, Cleveland; Pioneer, Buffalo; Chattanooga, Erie; Forest City, Cleveland. Ashtabula; Abysinia, Conneaut.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Frontenac, Saginaw; Alva, Palmer, Angeline. Cleared—Coal—Plankinton, Chicago. Light—Pontiac, Presque Isle; Frick, Cornell, Duluth.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Ogemaw, Darley, Torrey, Rees, Norton. Cleared—Ore—Carnegie, Conneaut; Langell, Buckhout, Saginaw. Light—Street, Godfrey, Losen, Duluth.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Cleared—Ed Smith No. 1, Iron City, Mason, Page, Erie; Light—Forbes, Borgelic, Panther, Massasoit, Hadley, Spalding, Phenix, South Chicago; Biwabik, North Chicago.

SOUTH CHICAGO.—Arrived—Curry. Cleared—Luckey, Kelton, Wentworth, Manistee; Kearsarge, Depot Harbor; Constitution, Victory, Case, Two Harbors; Holden, Duluth; R. Wallace, Ashtabula; Superior, Armour, Armenia, Buffalo.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived — Massachusetts, Huron, Emory Owen, Chickamauga, Cherokee, Harvey Brown, Chippewa, Wawatam, Samuel Mitchell, Bangor. Cleared—Coal—Nestor, Redfern, Portage; Clint, Escanabe. Light—Castalia, Marquette.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Ann Arbor No. 3, 2:30 Monday night; Chipman, 6 a. m.; Sidney Neff, 7 p. m. Up—Butters, 8:30 Monday night; Two Myrtles, 1 a. m.; Mills, 6; Cynthia, Gordon, Minnehaha, 7; Belle, Atlanta, 11; Wyman, Davis, 4:30 p. m.; Wells, Grummond, 5.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—Rockefeller, Lackawanna, Butman. Cleared—Coal—Veronica, Reid, Milwaukee; Benton, Smith, Detroit; Marquette; Pennington, Superior. Light—J. B. Ketcham, Munising; Manola, Superior; Maruba, Pathfinder, Two Harbors; Hundred Thirty, Chicago; Bissell Duluth.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived — Amazonas, R. Packer, Nicaragua, Havana, Sitka, Saginaw, Gramplan, Georger, Paisley, B. Parker, Santiago, Favorite, Constitution, Polynesia. Cleared—Coal—John Hill, Jackson, Farwell, Marquette; S. H. Foster, Ashland. Light—Wolvin, Mais, Australia, Duluth.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Bulgaria, Algeria, Vega, Pratt, Athens, Neshoto, Kalkaska and consorts, Strong, Commodores, Deparred—Leland, Dobbins, Two Harbors, light; Northern Wave, Troy, Buffalo, flour; Viking, Vinland, Marshall, Tilden, Lake Erie, lumber; Linn, Gladstone, Palmer, Queen City, Johnson, Siemens, McWilliams, Ericsson, Lake Erie, ore.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Turner, Maxwell, Oneonto, 2 a. m.; Quito, Foster, 7; Pahlow, City of Chicago, Delta, 10; Majestic, 1 p. m.; Algonquin, Wilson, Hanson, Ketchum, Amaranth, Hesper, Martin, Outhwaite, Barr, 4:30; Grover, 5:30; Fay, Rhodes, Orinoco, Granada, Dow—Schooner Filmore, 11 last night; Chisholm, 12:30 a. m.; Osceola, 1; John Mitchell, 3; Lyon, Gilchrist, 3:30; Isaac Jeannette, 5:30; Griffith, Hanna, 11:30; Fairbairn, Nimick, Tyrone, 1 p. m.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Saranac, 11 last night; Quito and consorts, 11:30; Minnesota and consort, 2 a. m.; Samoa, 3; Ira Owen, 3:20; Hope, 3:30; Arizona and consorts, Starke, 3:50; Drake and consort, Olympia, 4:20; Iron Chief and consorts, 4:30; U. S. steamer Michigan, 6:30; Parnell, 9; Canisteo and two consorts, 9:40; Wissahickon, 1:30 p. m.; McDougall, 2:30; Haskell, 2:40; Spencer, Amboy, 4; Ramapo, 6:40. Down—Porter and consorts, 2:30 a. m.; Parks Foster, 2:30; Nicholas, 5:30; Whitemarsh, 7; Davidson, Aberdeen, Raleigh and consort, 11:15; Syracuse, 12:20 p. m.; Roman, 2:30; Monomoy, 7. Calm, cloudy.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Mayham, 2:20 a. m.; Murphy, 4:40; Lansing, 6; McGregor, Angus Smith, 8:30; John Hill, 9:40; Plankinton, 10; Black, 10:30; Fisk, 1 p. m.; Emery, Mott, 11:30; Reginald and oil barges, 4:10; John Mills, 5:10; Stimson and consort, 8:30; Orcilla, 8:40. Down—Rochester, Japan, 10 last night; Rutger, 10:15; Tower, Yukon, 11:30; Addaste, 2:20 a. m.; Havana, 4; Christie, Bosworth, 9:40; Brian and oil barge, 5; North Star, 11:40; Norwalk, noon; Republic, Baltimore, 12:30 p. m.; Yakima, 12:50; Linden, 1; Preston, Redington, Iron King and consort, 2; James Hill, 2:10; Lewiston, 2:30; Pridgeon, 2:40; Nyanza, 3; Sacramento, 3:40; H. Ketcham, Marietta, Magna, 4:30; Wallula, 6:10; Lockwood, St. Andrew, 5:30; Lafayette, 5:40; Sauber, 5:50; Superior City, Specular, Magnetic, 6:30; New Orleans, 8:40; Dalhousie, Lafayette, E. America, 7:30; Harvard, 9.

RAIN HELPS DYING CROPS.

MANY STATES REPORT THE LONG DROUGHT BROKEN AT LAST.

Other Sections Still Suffer from Lack of Moisture, Much of the Grain Being Beyond Recovery—Southern States in Fair Condition Except for the Cotton—Important Apple States Report the Prospects of a Good Harvest Most Discouraging.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The government crop report for the week, issued by James Berry, chief of the climate and crop service, says:

This is the third week of excessive heat over the greater part of the country east of the Rocky Mountains, and, while intensely warm from the middle Rocky Mountain slope and upper Missouri Valley eastward to the Atlantic coast, a large part of the central valleys and portions of the middle Atlantic States and New England have been favored with abundant rains. Nebraska, Kansas, southern Missouri, and an area extending from Oklahoma eastward over Arkansas to central Tennessee, as well as portions of the middle Atlantic and east gulf States, are suffering from drought. Rain is also needed in Washington and Oregon, and while continued cool weather in California has been favorable to crops it has retarded fruit drying.

In western Nebraska, Kansas, central and southern Missouri, and southern Illinois corn has suffered much from drought and intense heat, but in other portions of the principal corn belt, although injured to some extent by storms, the crop has experienced favorable conditions, and has made rapid progress towards maturity. While the bulk of the crop in the Southern States is made, late corn has been greatly shortened over a large part of this section, as well as portions of the middle Atlantic States, by the intense heat and lack of moisture during the last two weeks.

Spring wheat harvest has been completed in Minnesota, but frequent rains in the Dakotas have prevented its completion in those States, and caused injury to grain in shock and stack, and overripe, unharvested grain is shelling badly. In Washington and Oregon the weather conditions have been favorable for harvesting. The yield in both of these States is reported as disappointing.

Considerable injury to unthreshed oats is reported from the States of the upper Mississippi and upper Missouri Valleys as a result of heavy rains.

Cotton Crop Still in Doubt.

A slight improvement in the condition of cotton is reported from portions of Mississippi and Louisiana, where, however, complaints of insects, shedding, and slow growth continue. Over the eastern portions of the cotton belt the reports are generally unfavorable, indicating premature opening, shedding, and prevalence of rust. In Tennessee, Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Missouri the reports are also unfavorable, rust and premature opening being general. In Texas the crop as a whole is improved, but is shedding, and has sustained damage from rust and insects in many localities.

Tobacco is needing rain in portions of Kentucky, Tennessee, and the middle Atlantic States, but elsewhere the crop has made good progress, cutting being general.

In New England and New York the prospect for apples continues promising, but in the important apple States of the central valleys the reports generally indicate further deterioration, although the outlook in some sections is encouraging.

More favorable progress has been made with plowing for fall seeding than in the previous week over the northern districts, but this work has been but little advanced in portions of the middle Atlantic States and the Lower Missouri Valley.

The following statements are based upon reports from more than 12,000 climate and crop correspondents, collected at State section centers of the climate and crop service of the Weather bureau:

New England, Boston—Heavy rains, cool weather; corn making satisfactory growth; pastures improved.

New York, Ithaca—Except in a few interior counties, where moderate showers fell, general rains, greatly reviving crops and pasture; prospects for good apple crop favorable.

New Jersey, New Brunswick—Frequent showers in central and northern sections of great benefit to late field crops and meadows; plowing retarded.

Pennsylvania, Philadelphia—Beneficial showers, mostly light; crop outlook somewhat improved, but much of damage from past drought irretrievable in center of State.

Maryland and Delaware, Baltimore—Showers beneficial, but too late to overcome damage by drought.

Virginia, Richmond—Drought remains unbroken, except for showers over small and largely scattered localities; day temperatures high; early corn now beyond recovery, late in critical condition, cutting for fodder continues.

North Carolina, Raleigh—Beneficial rains in central northeast counties, but drought and hot weeks heat continued over larger portion of State.

Georgia, Atlanta—Continued hot and dry, except heavy showers over limited areas, no general benefit; cotton prospects gloomy.

Florida, Jacksonville—Hot, dry weather, favorable for haying, harvesting corn, and curing tobacco, but damaging to vegetables and cane.

Louisiana, New Orleans—Weather favorable to farming interests; cotton improved, but complains of light fruiting, shedding, boll worms, and rust continues.

Texas Cotton Is Improved.

Texas, Galveston—Weather favorable for farming operations, except showers in southern portion on 19th and 20th; cotton improved, except damage from shedding, rust, Mexican weevil, and boll worms.

Arkansas, Little Rock—Excessively hot, dry weather, local showers not sufficient to benefit crops.

Kentucky, Louisville—Intensely hot, with occasional local showers, crops in localities visited by showers in excellent condition, others suffering from drought.

Missouri, Columbia—Good rains in northern counties on the 18th and 19th greatly benefited corn, but in central and southern sections drought continues and corn is drying up rapidly; pastures dry and short; late potatoes cut short; apples improved by rains.

Indiana, Indianapolis—Warm and local rains every day; corn maturing rapidly, damaged in many localities by storms.

West Virginia, Parkersburg—Severe drought broken; all growing crops greatly revived.

Ohio, Columbus—Warm, with heavy showers; corn and pastures greatly benefited, considerable corn broken by high winds, but large crop probably assured.

Michigan, Lansing—Showers have been beneficial to corn, potatoes, beans, and pastures, but have slightly interfered with oat harvest; fall plowing well advanced.

Wisconsin, Milwaukee—Hot weather continued, with copious rains in northern and southern counties and light showers in central counties; thrashing retarded by rains and much complaint of damage to oats by rust and molds.

Minnesota, Minneapolis—Small grains all cut; shock thrashing begun in extreme north and progressing elsewhere, though week was not altogether favorable for thrashing or stacking because of showers; quality of wheat excellent; yield good; apple crop large.

Iowa Has Plenty of Rain.

Iowa, Des Moines—Week unusually hot, with frequent showers and excessive rains; corn crop greatly benefited, though some local damage resulted from wind-storms; some wheat and oats in shock damaged and thrashing delayed; abundant pasturage assured and prospects good for clover seed; plowing in progress and conditions favor increased seeding of fall wheat; apples badly windfallen and condition poorest in commercial orchard districts.

North Dakota, Bismarck—Local showers have further retarded harvesting and thrashing.

South Dakota, Huron—Frequent rains in many middle and northern counties further damaged grain in shock and stack.

Nebraska, Lincoln — Hot week with heavy thunder-storms in eastern part of State, accompanied by heavy hail, doing much damage in small areas; continued dry in western counties, where all crops have deteriorated.

Kansas, Topeka—Early corn made in east and south, severely injured in central portion; corn badly injured, except in northeastern counties; apples falling rapidly.

Wyoming, Cheyenne—Week hot, with no rain; ranges generally drying up.

Idaho, Boise—Over central, south, and east sections water scarce, grain yielding well.

Colorado, Denver—Drought conditions continue; water supply low; early corn maturing rapidly.

Utah, Salt Lake City—Light, scattered showers fell as week closed; potatoes will make average yield, quality unusually good; corn crop not up to average; grasshoppers numerous.

Oregon, Portland—Week favorable for harvesting and thrashing, but rain needed for gardens and pastures.

California, San Francisco — Continued cool weather favorable to late crops, but retarded fruit drying.

Cuba, Havana—Cane generally good to exceedingly luxuriant, and prospects for next crop generally most encouraging, in northwest Mantanzas Province it is from six feet to nine feet in height and lying down; it needs more rain in southwest and northeast Mantanzas, northeast Santa Clara, and northeast Puerto Principe Provinces; more rain also needed in northwest Santa Clara, northwest and southeast Santiago Provinces.

ILLINOIS OUTLOOK IS GOOD.

Moisture Plentiful Except in Southern and Part of the Central Portion of the State.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 21.—[Special.]—The following report was issued today by the Illinois section of the United States Department of Agriculture:

The weather has been warm throughout the State during the last week. Throughout the northern and a large part of the central district good rains have fallen and the growth of vegetation has started with renewed vigor. Over part of the central and most of the southern district the weather has continued dry and vegetation is suffering from lack of moisture. Rain in the north has improved the condition of the ground for plowing, and the work has been resumed. The soil is still hard in the south and but little plowing is being done. Thrashing has been greatly delayed in the northern and central districts, and much damage to oats in shock is reported.

In the southern part of the State thrashing is about completed, with a good yield of oats and a fair yield of wheat. In the northern and central districts corn has generally recovered from the effects of the dry weather and a large yield is promised. In some localities considerable damage was done by wind and heavy rain. Except in a few dry localities dry weather in the southern district has continued to injure corn. It is firing badly and maturing rapidly. Some fields are already almost in fit condition for cutting. Pastures have been revived in the northern and central districts, but in the southern districts they have become dry.

Harvesting broomcorn and stock peas is in progress and both crops are good. Tobacco is generally good. Gardens badly injured south, but slightly improved north. Potatoes are generally doing well, but in some places they are rotting or drying up. Apple prospects seem to have improved slightly in the northern and central districts, but dry weather in the southern district has caused further slight deterioration. In a few localities the yield promises to be large, but it is much below the average. Sprayed orchards are doing much better than those unsprayed. The prospects for other fruits are fair.

Furniture bought now will be stored until wanted free of charge.

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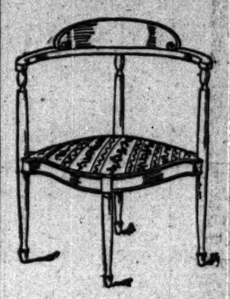
August furniture sale: savings of fully ⅓

This is a genuine sale of the newest and most artistic furniture in the market today—no old stock under a false guise, but the choicest products of the best makers—furniture you will grow to like more and more every day and that will retain your appreciation of its structural fitness and dignity of design as long as you live.

In selecting the furniture for this sale we have kept in mind the needs of the public as well as popular ornamentation, giving special stress to price in order to give better values than any one else and guarantee a saving of fully one-third.

Furniture bought now will be stored free of charge and delivered when you want it.



Fancy corner chairs—nicely upholstered and finished—$5.50 values for 3.50

Dining-room chairs—solid oak frame and genuine leather seat—$2.50 value for 1.75

500 high-grade bookcases—a maker's stock—best selected quarter-sawed oak and solid mahogany—highly polished—discount of 50 per cent.

Couches—hair filled—covered to order in tapestry or velour, $22.00 value 15.50

China cabinets—with bent glass ends, selected oak frames, highly polished—$21.75 value for 15.75

Dressers—with French bevel plate mirrors—well made and finished—$14.50 values for 9.75

Ladies' dressing tables—highly polished, extra large bevel plate mirror—$19.75 val. for 13.75

Roman parlor chairs—with spring seat, handsomely upholstered and finished—$7.00 value for 4.75

Parlor rockers—polished oak and mahogany finish—cobbler seat—$3.50 value for 1.95

Davenport sofas—solid mahogany frame—spring upholstered seat—$30.00 value for 21.00

Polished oak bookcases—30 in. wide, 54 in. high, $3.50—50 in. wide, 54 in. high, 11.75

Solid mahogany bookcases—30 in. wide, 54 in. high, $11.75—50 in. wide, 54 in. high, 15.75

Chiffoniers—with large roomy drawers—well made and finished—$7.50 value for 5.00

High-grade parlor suits—odd parlor chairs, gold chairs, high-class quality, 25 to 33 1-3 per cent less than usual prices.

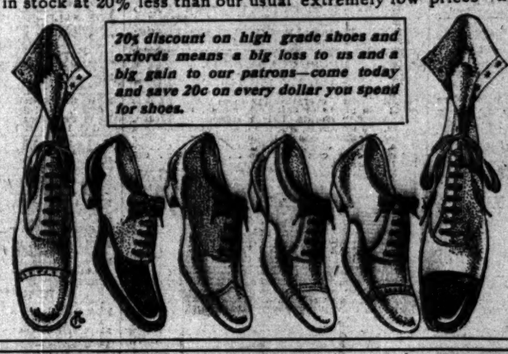
Morris chairs—polished oak or mahogany finish frames—complete with cushions—$14.00 value for 8.75

Plate racks—Flemish and golden oak—6 brass cup hooks—$1.75 value for 85c

Dining-room tables—made of best selected quarter-sawed oak, nicely carved—$18.00 value 11.75

20% discount women's fine shoes and oxfords.

This great discount sale will be continued today and all week—you can choose from any shoe or oxford in stock at 20% less than our usual extremely low prices—no reservation—select any pair you want.



20% discount on high grade shoes and oxfords means a big loss to us and a big gain to our patrons—come today and save 20c on every dollar you spend for shoes.

Misses' shoes for dress or school—$2.00 value, 20% off— 1.60

Boys' shoes, solid double toe—$2.50 val., 20% off— 2.00

Child's shoes, tan or black, $1.50 value, 20% off— 1.20

Ladies' patent leather, cloth top, lace, Louis XV. heel—$6.00 value, 20% off— 4.80

Ladies' patent leather, cloth top, concave heel, $5.00 value, 20% off— 4.00

Ladies' fine vici kid shoes, concave heel—$5.00 value—20% off— 4.00

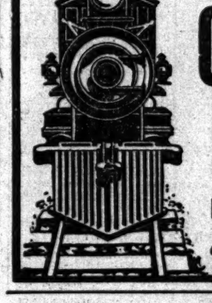
Ladies' fine patent leather oxfords, Louis XV. heel—$5 value—20% off— 4.00

Ladies' tan welt shoes, military heel—$4.00 value—20% off— 3.20

Ladies' kid lace shoes, turn sole—$3 value, 20% off— 2.40

Ladies' oxfords, tan or black—$3 value—20% off— 2.40

ILLINOIS CENTRAL



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A BEAUTIFUL BIRD STUDY BY GIACOMELLI,

the famous French painter of birds and animals,

FREE WITH NEXT SUNDAY'S TRIBUNE.

The picture is 28 inches long and 10 inches high. It contains 21 birds sitting in a row. The coloring is natural and brilliant.